W. M. M. L.

OFFICE OF POPULATION CENSUSES
AND SURVEYS

THE REGISTRAR GENERAL'S STATISTICAL REVIEW

OF

ENGLAND AND WALES

FOR THE YEAR

1967

PART III COMMENTARY



LONDON

HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SECURITY AND OFFICE OF POPULATION CENSUSES AND SURVEYS

Report on Hospital In-patient Enquiry for the year 1967

Part I: Tables

This volume, one of an annual series, contains detailed tables based on a ten per cent sample of discharges (including deaths) in 1967 from National Health Service hospitals (other than psychiatric hospitals) in England and Wales. It includes analyses by age, sex and hospital region of residence of hospital patients, diagnosis and duration of stay in hospital.

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OFFICE OF POPULATION CENSUSES
AND SURVEYS

THE REGISTRAR GENERAL'S

STATISTICAL REVIEW

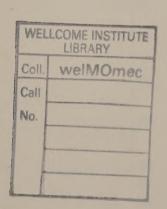
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EXPLANATORY NOTES

I. New changes in presentation

A number of tables which have previously appeared frequently or regularly in the Commentary volume of the *Statistical Review* have been transferred, with effect from 1965, to become regular tables in Parts I and II of the *Review*. Details of the tables so transferred and of their new numbers have been published in the Explanator. Notes of the two volumes concerned.

2. Populations

The estimates of population appearing in this volume and described as 'home', 'total' or 'civilian' have the following content:

Home population - the population, of all types, actually in England and Wales, distributed by area according to residence.

Total population - the home population plus members of HM Forces belonging to England and Wales and serving overseas but minus the Forces of other countries temporarily in England and Wales.

Civilian population - the total population minus members of HM Forces belonging to England and Wales at home or overseas.

3. Stillbirths

Classification of stillbirths by cause is according to the Supplementary List, set out on pages 336-348 of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death, 1955 (Seventh Revision), with further sub-division of certain rubrics, and as modified by the following changes of assignment:

Rubrics to which cause is assigned

Cause of stillbirth	(i) in International Classification	(ii) in Statistical Review
Patent ductus arteriosus Patent foramen ovale Congenital heart condition NOS Foetal heart condition NOS	39.5	$ \begin{cases} 38.41 \\ 38.43 \\ 38.45 \\ 38.45 \end{cases} $

4. Numbering of tables

Of the tables referred to in this Review, those numbered in Arabic numerals (without prefix) will be found in 'Part I, Tables, Medical' and those lettered will be found in 'Part II, Tables, Population' for the year in question, while those numbered in Arabic numerals with the prefix C appear in this volume.

5. Standardised mortality comparison

The Comparative Mortality Index introduced in 1942 has since 1958 been replaced by a Standardised Mortality Ratio which shows the number of deaths registered in the year of experience as a percentage of those which would have been expected in that year had the sex/age mortality of a standard period (1950-1952) operated on the sex/age population of the year of experience.

6. Indication of reliability

Rates given as O indicate that the actual rate is less than one half a unit. A dash (-) in any cell indicates that there were no events. Where a cell has been left blank no denominator is available.

Rates calculated from less than 20 events are distinguished by italic type as a warning to the user that the smallness of the experience may affect their reliability as a measure.

Numbers

If d represents the deaths in an area and p the population in that area then, if d/p is small, the standard error (s.e.) of d is approximately \sqrt{d} assuming that the deaths are independent of one another. Clearly, the larger the number of deaths the smaller will be the proportionate variability. A deviation either way of twice the s.e. may be expected about once in 20 times. Using this criterion one might expect towns each averaging 20 deaths per year to yield in the same year numbers ranging between 11 and 29 without such differences having any statistical significance. Alternatively it could be said that if 20 deaths were recorded for a town, this number would have a 95 per cent confidence interval of approximately ± 9 , there being a 95 per cent chance that the underlying mortality is represented by a number of deaths within this interval.

If d is thought to be an extreme variation it would be more reliable to use as the standard error not \sqrt{d} but \sqrt{d} where d is the number of deaths expected if some standard rate (e.g. the national rate) were applied.

Rates

The appropriate standard error of a death rate when d represents the number of deaths and p the population is

$$\frac{\sqrt{d}}{p}$$
 or $\frac{m}{\sqrt{d}}$

where m is the death rate. The difference between two local death rates m_1 and m_2 can be regarded as significant only if it amounts to more than twice the standard error of the difference, viz.

Comparison of adjusted rates

Before comparisons are made, other known sources of variation (such as differences in the sex and age composition of the population) must be removed. If C is the local death Area Comparability Factor then mC is to be compared with m^{\bullet} , the national death rate. The s.e. of mC is

$$C \qquad \sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{p}\right)}$$

and

$$mC \pm 2C \sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} m \\ - \\ p \end{pmatrix}}$$

is to be compared with m'. As already indicated, m' can be used instead of m in the calculation of the s.e.; m' has the advantage of itself having only a small sampling error.

7. Abbreviations

AC	administrative	county.

county borough.

MB municipal borough.

LB London borough.

UD urban district.

RD rural district.

Greater London the Greater London Council Area, comprising the City of London (including the Inner and Middle Temple) and the London boroughs.

8. Regions

The constitution and naming of the standard regions of England and Wales was changed at the beginning of 1965. Those used in this volume are composed as follows:

North	West Midlands	South West
Cumberland Durham Northumberland Westmorland Yorkshire, North Riding	Herefordshire Shropshire Staffordshire Warwickshire Worcestershire	Cornwall Devon Dorset, Part of 4 Gloucestershire Somerset Wiltshire
Yorkshire and Humberside	East Anglia	Wales I (South East)
Lincolnshire, Parts of Lindsey Yorkshire, East Riding Yorkshire, West Riding	Cambridgeshire and Isle of Ely Huntingdon and Peterborough Norfolk Suffolk, East Suffolk, West	Breconshire Carmarthenshire Glamorgan Monmouthshire
North West		Wales II (remainder)
Cheshire Derbyshire, Part of 1 Lancashire East Midlands	South East Bedfordshire Berkshire Buckinghamshire Dorset, Part of ³	Anglesey Caernarvonshire Cardiganshire Denbighshire Flintshire Merionethshire
Derbyshire, Part of ² Leicestershire Lincolnshire Parts of Holland Parts of Kesteven Northamptonshire Nottinghamshire Rutland	Essex Greater London Hampshire Hertfordshire Kent Oxfordshire Surrey Sussex, East Sussex, West	Montgomeryshire Pembrokeshire Radnorshire

Buxton MB, Glossop MB, New Mills UD, Whaley Bridge UD, Chapel en le Frith RD

Wight, Isle of

- 2 All except areas in 1 above
- 3 Poole MB only
- 4 All except Poole MB

9. Outer Metropolitan Area

The part of the South East Region outside Greater London is split in some tables into Outer Metropolitan Area and Remainder of South East. The composition of the Outer Metropolitan Area/is as follows:

Buckinghamshire, Part of Kent, Part of Avlesbury MB Chatham MB Beaconsfield UD Dartford MB Bletchlev UD Gillingham MB Chesham UD Gravesend MB Hertfordshire Eton UD Maidstone MB High Wycombe MB Northfleet UD Marlow UD Rochester MB Slough MB Royal Tunbridge Wells MB Amersham RD Sevenoaks UD Aylesbury RD Southborough UD Eton RD Swanscombe UD Surrey Wing RD Tonbridge UD Wycombe RD Dartford RD Maidstone RD Malling RD Sevenoaks RD Strood RD Tonbridge RD Bedfordshire, Part of Essex, Part of Oxfordshire. Part of Luton CB Southend-on-Sea CB Henley-on-Thames MB Basildon UD Henley RD Dunstable MB Leighton - Linslade UD Benfleet UD Luton RD Brentwood UD Canvey Island UD Sussex, East, Part of Chelmsford MB Chigwell UD Burgess Hill UD Berkshire, Part of Cuckfield UD Epping UD Harlow UD East Grinstead UD Cuckfield RD Ravleigh UD Uckfield RD Thurrock UD Waltham Holy Cross UD

Reading CB
Maidenhead MB
New Windsor MB
Wokingham MB
Bradfield RD
Cookham RD
Easthampstead RD
Windsor RD
Wokingham RD

Hampshire, Part of

Epping and Ongar RD

Aldershot MB Farnborough UD Fleet UD Hartley Wintney RD

Chelmsford RD

Rochford RD

Sussex, West, Part of

Crawley UD Horsham UD Horsham RD

10. Conurbations

The conurbation areas each consist of an aggregation of entire local authority areas and are constituted as follows:

Tyneside

Durham (part)

Gateshead CB South Shields CB

Felling UD Hebburn UD Tarrow MB Whickham UD

Northumberland (part)

Newcastle upon Tyne CB

Tynemouth CB

Newburn UD Wallsend MB Whitley Bay MB

Gosforth UD Longbenton UD

West Yorkshire

Yorkshire, West Riding (part)

Bradford CB Dewsbury CB Halifax CB Huddersfield CB

Leeds CB Wakefield CB

Aireborough UD Baildon UD Batley MB Bingley UD Brighouse MB

Colne Valley UD Denby Dale UD Denholme UD Elland UD Heckmondwike UD Holmfirth UD

Horbury UD Horsforth UD Keighley MB Kirkburton UD Meltham UD

Mirfield UD Morley MB Ossett MB Pudsey MB

Queensbury and Shelf UD

Ripponden UD

Rothwell UD Shipley UD Sowerby Bridge UD Spenborough MB Stanley UD

South East Lancashire

Cheshire (part)

Stockport CB

Alderlev Edge UD Altrincham MB Bowdon UD Bredbury and Romiley UD Cheadle and Gatley UD

Dukinfield MB Hale UD Hazel Grove and Bramhall UD Hyde MB

Marple UD Sale MB Stalybridge MB Wilmslow UD

Disley RD

Lancashire (part)

Bolton CB Bury CB Manchester CB Oldham CB Rochdale CB Salford CB

Ashton-under-Lyne MB Audenshaw UD Chadderton UD Crompton UD Denton UD

Drovlsden UD Eccles MB Failsworth UD Farnworth MB Heywood MB

Horwich UD Irlam UD

Kearsley UD Lees UD Littleborough UD Little Lever UD Middleton MB

Milnrow UD Mossley MB Prestwich MB Radcliffe MB Royton UD

Stretford MB Swinton and Pendlebury MB Tottington UD Urmston UD Wardle UD

Westhoughton UD Whitefield UD Whitworth UD Worsley UD

Mersevside

Cheshire (part)

Birkenhead CB Wallasev CB

Bebington MB

Ellesmere Port MB

Hovlake UD Neston UD Wirral UD

Lancashire (part)

Bootle CR Liverpool CB

Crosby MB

Huyton-with-Roby UD Litherland UD

West Midlands

Staffordshire (part)

Dudley CB Walsall CB West Bromwich CB Wolverhampton CB

Aldridge-Brownhills UD

Warwickshire (part)

Birmingham CB Solihull CB

Sutton Coldfield MB

Worcestershire (part)

Warley CB

Halesowen MB Stourbridge MB

Greater London

The City of London (with the Inner Temple and Middle Temple) and the London Boroughs

11. Hospital regions

The hospital regions presented in this volume consist of aggregations of entire local authority areas. They are identical with the areas of regional hospital boards except where the boundaries of the latter divide local authority areas. Any such divided local authority area is allocated to the hospital region containing the greater proportion of the population.

Newcastle

Cumber land

Durham

Northumber land

Westmorland (part)

Appleby MB

North Westmorland RD

Yorkshire, North Riding (part)

Middlesbrough CB

Eston UD

Guisborough UD

Loftus UD

Northallerton UD

Redcar MB

Richmond MB

Saltburn and Marske-by-

Sea UD

Skelton and Brotton UD

Thornaby-on-Tees MB

Croft RD

Northallerton RD

Reeth RD Richmond RD

Startforth RD Stokesley RD

Yorkshire, East Riding

Yorkshire, North Riding (part)
(except areas stated in Newcastle Region)

Yorkshire, West Riding (part)
(except areas stated in Sheffield Region)

Sheffield

Leicestershire

Lincolnshire
Parts of Holland
Parts of Lindsey

Nottinghamshire

Derbyshire (part) (except areas stated in Manchester Region)

Lincolnshire
Parts of Kesteven (part)
(except areas stated in
East Anglian Region)

Rutland (part)

Oakham UD Oakham RD Uppingham RD Yorkshire, West Riding (part)

Barnsley CB Doncaster CB Rotherham CB Sheffield CB

Adwick-le-Street UD
Bentley with Arksey UD
Conisbrough UD
Cudworth UD
Darfield UD

Darton UD
Dearne UD
Dodworth UD
Hoyland Nether UD
Maltby UD

Mexborough UD Penistone UD Rawmarsh UD Royston UD Stocksbridge UD Swinton UD Tickhill UD

Wath-upon-Dearne UD Wombwell UD Worsbrough UD

Doncaster RD Kiveton Park RD Penistone RD Rotherham RD

Thorne RD Wortley RD

East Anglian

Cambridge and Isle of Ely

Huntingdon and Peterborough

Norfolk

Suffolk, East

Suffolk, West

Essex (part)

Saffron Walden MB Saffron Walden RD

Hertfordshire (part)

Royston UD

Lincolnshire
Parts of Kesteven (part)

Stamford MB Bourne UD South Kesteven RD

Rutland (part)

Ketton RD

	North West Metropolitan			
Bedfordshire	Berkshire (part)	Greater London (part)		
Hertfordshire (part)	Maidenhead MB	Barnet LB		
(except areas stated in	New Windsor MB Cookham RD	Brent LB		
East Anglian and North East Metropolitan Regions)	Easthampstead RD	Camden LB Ealing LB		
	Windsor RD	Haringey LB		
Surrey (part)	Don't don't don't	Harrow LB		
Staines UD	Buckinghamshire (part)	Hillingdon LB Hounslow LB		
Sunbury-on-Thames UD	Beaconsfield UD	Islington LB		
	Eton UD	Richmond-upon-Thames LB		
	Slough MB Eton RD	Westminster LB		
	North East Metropolitan			
Essex (part)	Hertfordshire (part) -ctd.	Greater London (part) -ctd.		
(except areas stated in	W IID	De deine ID		
East Anglian Region)	Ware UD Braughing RD	Barking LB Enfield LB		
Hertfordshire (part)	Hertford RD	Hackney LB		
Pinhania Chantford ID	Ware RD	Havering LB Newham LB		
Bishop's Stortford UD Cheshunt UD	Greater London (part)	Redbridge LB		
Hertford MB	* <u>*</u>	Tower Hamlets LB		
Hoddesdon UD	City of London	Waltham Forest LB		
Sawbridgeworth UD	Inner and Middle Temple			
	South East Metropolitan			
Kent	Greater Londo	on (part)		
Sussex, East	Bexley LB	Lewisham LB		
	Bromley LB Greenwich LB	Southwark LB		
South West Metropolitan				
	Hampshire (part)	Greater London (part) -ctd.		
Surrey (part)	Aldershot MB	Hammersmith LB		
(except areas stated in	Farnborough UD Fleet UD	Kensington and Chelsea LB Kingston-upon-Thames LB		
North West Metropolitan Region)	Fieet OD	Lambeth LB		
Sussex, West	Greater London (part)	Merton LB		
		Sutton LB Wandsworth LB		
	Croydon LB	mandsworth ED		

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Wight, Isle of

Dorset (part)
(all areas except Lyme Regis MB)

Hampshire (part)
(except areas stated in South West Metropolitan Region)

Wiltshire (part)

Salisbury MB
Wilton MB
Amesbury RD
Mere and Tisbury RD
Salisbury and Wilton RD

0xford

Northamptonshire

Oxfordshire

Berkshire (part)
(except areas stated in North
West Metropolitan Region)

Buckinghamshire (part) (except areas stated in North West Metropolitan Region Gloucestershire (part)

Cirencester UD

Cirencester RD North Cotswold RD Northleach RD Wiltshire (part)

Marlborough MB Swindon MB

Cricklade and Wootton
Bassett RD
Highworth RD
Marlborough and
Ramsbury RD
Pewsey RD

South Western

Cornwall Devon Somerset

Dorset (part)

Lyme Regis MB

Gloucestershire (part)
(except areas stated in Oxford Region)

Wiltshire (part)
(except areas stated in Wessex and Oxford Regions)

Welsh

All areas in Wales including Monmouthshire

Birmingham

Herefordshire

Shropshire

Staffordshire

Warwickshire

Worcestershire

Manchester

Cheshire (part)

(except areas stated in Liverpool Region)

Lancashire (part)

(except areas stated in Liverpool Region)

Westmorland (part)

(except areas stated in Newcastle Region)

Derbyshire (part)

Buxton MB Glossop MB New Mills UD

Whaley Bridge UD

Chapel en le Frith RD

Liverpool

Cheshire (part)

Birkenhead CB Chester CB Wallasey CB

Bebington MB
Ellesmere Port MB
Hoylake UD
Lymm UD
Neston UD
Runcorn UD

Wirral UD Chester RD Runcorn RD Tarvin RD

Lancashire (part)

Bootle CB Liverpool CB St. Helens CB Southport CB Warrington CB

Crosby MB
Formby UD
Golborne UD
Haydock UD
Huyton with Roby UD
Kirkby UD

Litherland UD
Newton-le-Willows UD
Ormskirk UD
Prescot UD
Rainford UD
Skelmersdale UD
Widnes MB

Warrington RD
West Lancashire RD
Whiston RD

12. Urban and rural aggregates

These aggregates comprise (a) the six conurbations combined, (b) the aggregates or urban local authority areas outside the conurbations in three groups according to the size of their resident population at the 1961 Census and (c) the aggregate of rural local authority areas outside the conurbations. Urban areas include boroughs and urban districts as defined by the Local Government Acts, and rural areas are rural districts as similarly defined.

13. Assignment of vital statistics by area

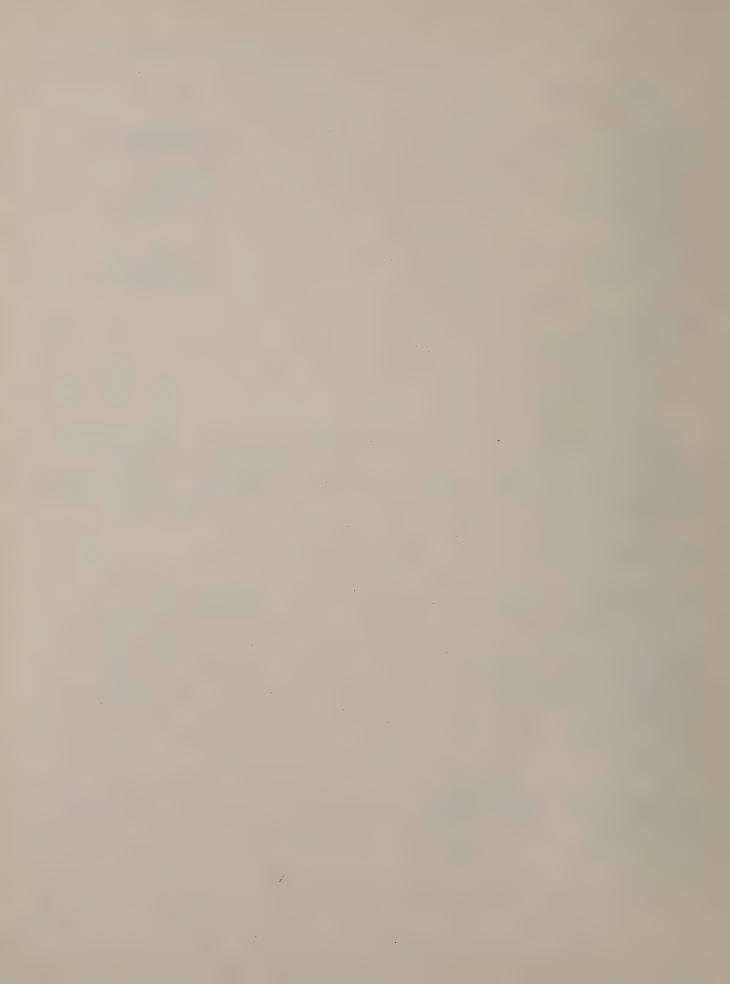
In all tables births and stillbirths are classified according to the area of usual residence of the mother, and deaths to the area of usual residence of the deceased, if this is within England and Wales; if not, to the area of occurrence. Accommodation provided under Parts III and IV of the National Assistance Act, 1948, is regarded as the place of residence of persons dying there. Before 1st January, 1958, chronic sick and psychiatric hospitals were similarly treated for this purpose but from that date the method of classification was modified, the main change being that a death in such a hospital is now assigned to the area of occurrence only if the deceased had been there six months or more. If the deceased had been there less than six months the death is transferred to the area of previous usual residence.

14. Index

An index has been compiled of the principal subjects of comment and the major tabulations in the Commentary volumes of the *Statistical Review* for the years 1953 to 1967 inclusive. This is included in the current volume and future revisions of the index will be published in subsequent volumes.

15. General

See also the Explanatory Notes to the Tables Volumes, Parts I and II.



INTRODUCTION

The Registrar General's Statistical Review for 1967 is completed by the addition of this commentary to the two volumes of medical and population statistics already published. Some additional tabulations are also included.

The Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (brought into use in 1968) caused some disturbance of continuity in the classification of causes of death, and an attempt to restore continuity has been made by coding 1967 death records according to both the old seventh and new eighth revision classification. The resulting tables with appropriate commentary, and including ratios which can be used for the conversion of mortality statistics from the old to the new methods of classification, are included in Appendix A. The certification of causes of death is discussed in the General Mortality chapter and coding of causes of death also receives some attention in further discussion and analysis of the results of the multiple cause coding study commenced in 1966. Other mortality subjects discussed in this volume are mortality associated with alcohol and the probability of death from lightning strikes in England and Wales.

The chapter on population continues from the 1966 Commentary volume a detailed description of the revisions made to the preceding mid-year population estimates in the light of the results of the 1966 Sample Census. The migration section compares estimates yielded by the International Passenger Survey with other sources of information, such as statistics from receiving countries for emigration from the United Kingdom, and also gives a comparison of the definitions and coverage of the International Passenger Survey and Home Office statistics for immigrants to the UK. Estimates derived from the Sample Census of the immigrant stock in England and Wales in 1966 are summarised. In another chapter will be found a discussion of the seasonal pattern of births, and there is an examination of the manner of solemnization of marriages, and a survey of 1966 divorces.

Office of Population Censuses and Surveys Somerset House LONDON, WC2

January 1971

POPULATION

Revision of population estimates following the 1966 Sample Census

Under his statutory obligation the Registrar General certifies simultaneously to the Minister of Housing and Local Government by the end of each November his estimate of the population of every borough and county district in England and Wales at 30th June in the same year. Until the abolition in 1952 of national registration with compulsory notification of change of address, the national de facto population could be ascertained simply by summing local figures as is the case after each full census of population. Intercensally the mid-year population of the country as a whole is now estimated separately, earlier and much more confidently than the figures for local authority areas (and the derived estimates for regions and their subdivisions). The national estimate prepared in advance of the local estimates is not however restricted to the number of persons in the de facto (home) population, which would suffice for the important particular purpose of controlling the sum of draft estimates partly compiled from data submitted by local authorities (often themselves estimates), but proceeds from the age-sex distribution of the modified de facto (total) population at the previous mid-year to its current figures. The civilian and home populations are then calculated in similar detail in the light of data supplied by the Ministry of Defence. A full description of this exercise will be found in the Population chapter of the 1965 Commentary (pp 2-11).

In the autumn of 1967, the Registrar General estimated the home population of England and Wales as 48,390,800 at 30th June 1967. This figure and any assessments of the validity of the 1966 Sample Census and consequential revisions of mid-1961 to mid-1967 estimates, as well as the estimates made for mid-1968 and subsequently, alike assume the accuracy of the 1961 Census final totals, a judgment resting on investigations made shortly after the event and set out in the 1961 Census General Reports. In the 1966 Commentary (pp 2-5) it is explained how revisions to the 1961-67 national estimates following the 1966 Sample Census and their effect on 1968 and subsequent national estimates came about. It is accepted that the 1971 full Census of Population will be exceptionally important in giving the basis for a complete reappraisal of the accuracy of the estimates of population change over the decade since 1961.

The revised estimate of the total population of England and Wales at 30th June 1967 is 48,396,900, the civilian population 48,033,600 and the home (de facto; present in area) population 48,300,800. The total population excludes the Armed Forces of other countries stationed here but includes HM Forces based on England and Wales but stationed outside the country. The civilian population is self-explanatory. Table C1 shows mid-1961 to mid-1967 revisions in the light of evaluation of the 1966 Sample Census results and the mid-1968 and mid-1969 estimates based on this exercise.

Table C1. Revised estimated population mid-1961 to mid-1967 and estimated population mid-1968 and mid-1969, total, home and civilian, England and Wales

(thousand persons)

Year*	Tota1	Home	Civilian
1961	46,299.0	46,196.2	45,882.1
1962	46,780.5	46,681.7	46,391.5
1963	47,087.0	46,985.7	46,712.5
1964	47,454.0	47,344.3	47,082.5
1965	47,809.3	47,687.8	47,438.5
1966	48,098.7	47,985.3	47,731.8
1967	48,398.9	48,300.8	48,033.6
1968	48,669.0	48,593.0	48,318.5
1969	48,904.9	48,826.8	48,572.0

^{*}At 30th June

Annual changes in home population

The use of the simple de facto, present in area, population change from year to year has much to recommend it as a guide to population growth. It may be argued that the use of the modified de facto or total population has perhaps more. The presence of Armed Forces of our allies stationed in this country may or may not be a transitory phenomenon, but the individuals concerned at any particular time may be regarded as transitory visitors, whereas HM Forces emanating from England and Wales but stationed outside this country will normally return to the de facto population in due course. After transfer on demobilisation from the non-civilian to the civilian sector, any subsequent emigration would be part of the 'voluntary' migration factor in both total and home population change. Deployment of HM Forces between this country and elsewhere affects only the home and not the total population.

The discrepancy between the home and total population, however, has over a long period been in decline. Table C2 shows the relative unimportance of the choice between the two as a guide to population change.

Table C2. Net excess of total population over home population, 1951 to 1968, England and Wales

Year*	P _t -P _h	P _t x 100
	(thousand persons)	$\frac{1}{P_h}$
1951	192	100.44
1952	211	100.48
1953	192	100.44
1954	206	100.47
1955	182	100.41
1956	154	100.34
1957	136	100.30
1958	135	100.30
1959	118	100.26
1960	107	100.23
1961	103	100.22
1962	99	100.21
1963	101	100.22
1964	108	100.23
19 65	122	100.25
1966	113	100.24
1967	98	100.20
1968	76	100.16

^{*}At 30th June

Evaluation of the 1966 Sample Census results

In the 1966 Commentary a detailed description of the attempt to establish the true home population of England and Wales at 24th April 1966 and mid-1966 will be found. The result was that the previously estimated mid-1966 population was lowered by as much as 90 thousand persons (though this represented only 0.2 per cent of the population). This meant that the number of persons enumerated in England and Wales at Census Day 1966, multiplied by 10, was 1.6 per cent or 776 thousand persons below the best estimate of the overall size of the population; but the problem of the true age/sex structure of the 1966 population remained to be solved. However reliable evidence for the net migration estimates mid-1961 to mid-1966 might prove to be, it was throughout the period (and especially in the 1961-1964 section) obvious that the detailed age/sex distribution of gross, and so of net, migration

flows had to be estimated from inadequate data. How far could the 1966 Sample Census results, themselves so uncertain a benchmark by which to adjust intercensal estimates of mere numbers, let alone such refinements, be used as a guide?

Revised sex distribution

The Sample Census found 22,840,58 males and 24,294,93 females in England and Wales on Census Day. This is a ratio of 94:100. This sex ratio is a true figure of the people who made up the Sample. Insofar as this figure is a ratio, it does not matter whether any of the defects in the Sample had caused it to be a 9 per cent or 11 per cent instead of 10 per cent sample, provided there was no factor in the underenumeration differentially affecting the sexes. Age bias within the sample would of course cause inaccuracies if each individual five-year sex ratio was applied. This is because the sex ratio changes for different age-groups. The Sample Census itself found the sex ratio to be 105:100 (males:females) at age 0, parity was reached by age 39 and by age 75 females outnumbered males in the ratio of 100:58.

The overall census sex ratio was still considered to be the best estimate that could be obtained and therefore the sex distribution of the 1966 mid-year estimates was brought into line with it by adding 7,000 to the females and subtracting 97,000 from the males. This made the sex ratio of the revised mid-year estimates 94:100.

Much more difficult was the age distribution within the population. Here the Census appeared less reliable and a large amount of 'detective' work had to be carried out before the individual five-year age-group could be adjusted (see 1966 Commentary, p 6).

Age distribution

The reliability of the Sample Census was suspect for specific five-year agegroups within the population. Independent statistics were available relating to children present in schools. The number of children below school age, that is those born in the previous five years was thoroughly documented through birth (and death) registrations, though the numbers still in the country at Census date will have been slightly modified by net migration. Simultaneously with the evaluation of the Sample Census a critical investigation was made into the then current migration assumptions and estimates. The overall result of this was to suggest that the 1966 Sample Census figures were deficient of 203 thousand children (96 thousand boys, 107 thousand girls) in the areas which the Sample Census seemed to have missed out according to the independent sources. This may well have been due to an understatement of the full population in households of more than six persons (when the use of an additional schedule would be called for). Independent sources also suggested that there was an underenumeration of males aged 20-49 and a somewhat arbitrary figure of 100,000 was added to this group as of the most likely order of magnitude. A full assessment of the accuracy of the 1966 Sample Census will appear in the General Report on that Census in due course. These considerations led to the following adjustments in these age-groups in the home population.

Age-groups	Revised number of males
0-14	5,668,000
15-19	1,873,575
20-49	9,279,575
50-54	1,516,500
54-59	1,468,743
60-64	1,260,458
65 and	•
over	2,228,684
Total	23, 295, 535

Within these age-groups (i.e. for the single years of age distributions) the totals within the broad age-groups were distributed in the same proportions as the original 1966 mid-year estimates. This assured that the maximum amount of continuity with 1961 was maintained by employing the 'moving forward' process of the estimates in the individual years of the age distribution. At the same time the evaluated Sample Census was incorporated into the estimates where it was most likely to be valid i.e. in the broader age-group and in the sex ratio. The complete sexage distribution by five-year age-groups is set out in Table C3.

Table C3. Pre-censal estimates for mid-1966, 1966 Sample Census results, revised mid-1966 estimates by sex and quinquennial age-groups, England and Wales

MALES (in thousands)

Age	Home Population Published mid-year est. 30th June, 1966	Sample Census April 23rd/ 24th, 1966	Home Population Revised mid-year est. 30th June, 1966
0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24	2,137.4 1,863.9 1,666.7 1,895.4 1,658.2	2,059.1 1,835.8 1,663.1 1,870.5 1,574.3	2,137.4 1,863.9 1,666.7 1,873.6 1,650.3
25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49	1,518.0 1,500.7 1,523.8 1,612.9 1,509.9	1,443.1 1,410.3 1,477.0 1,574.5 1,454.7	1,510.8 1,493.6 1,516.7 1,605.3 1,502.8
50+54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70-74	1,524.1 1,468.7 1,268.1 923.0 622.5	1,520.2 1,468.6 1,260.4 912.0 618.7	1,516.5 1,468.7 1,260.4 916.5 618.0
75-79 80-84 85 and over	393.3 206.0 99.8	395.2 205.1 98.0	390.5 204.6 99.2
Total	23,392.4		23,295.5

Table C3 - (continued)

FEMALES (in thousands)

Age	Home Population Published mid-year est. 30th June, 1966	Sample Census April 23rd/ 24th, 1966	Home Population Revised mid-year est. 30th June, 1966
0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24	2,029.8 1,770.1 1,589.2 1,825.1 1,638.9	1,954.6 1,737.0 1,591.2 1,811.4 1,568.5	2,029.8 1,770.1 1,589.2 1,825.1 1,638.9
25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49	1,472.9 1,415.5 1,472.8 1,598.0 1,534.8	1,400.9 1,385.2 1,470.5 1,606.9 1,518.5	1,472.9 1,415.5 1,472.8 1,605.0 1,534.8
50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70-74	1,610.4 1,589.3 1,459.2 1,240.8 1,004.2	1,597.0 1,580.4 1,446.2 1,244.0 982.0	1,610.4 1,589.3 1,459.2 1,240.8 1,004.2
75-79 80-84 85 and over	731.3 440.8 259.8	719.0 432.0 249.6	731.3 440.8 259.8
Total	24,682.9		24,689.9

Local populations

In evaluating the 1966 Sample Census data so that they could be used as a benchmark to bring the intercensal mid-year estimates since 1961 into line with the Census count, many difficulties had to be faced. The estimated national population at mid-1966 and mid-1967 was adjusted downwards by only 0.2 per cent for reasons detailed in the 1966 Commentary (pp 2-6) and referred to in earlier sections of this Chapter.

But this national figure concealed a wide variety of discrepancies upwards and downwards at Local Authority level between the Sample Census figures and the mid-1966 published estimates based on the 1961 Census carried forward. The situation was exceptionally serious in Greater London (especially in Inner London, the old London County Council area). The steps taken to deal with this were described in the 1966 Commentary (pp 6 and 7).

Elsewhere (i.e. for the remaining boroughs of all types and county districts of England and Wales) the discrepancies between the expected populations and the revisions undertaken to the mid-1966 figure as a preliminary to the mid-1968 estimates could have been described as foreseeable in general and of no great significance in particular, were it not for one very important role played by the local estimates as certified around the end of the year to which they relate. This is that the

distribution of an annual total of over £1,600 million in Exchequer grants, as the central contribution towards local expenditure, is made among nearly 1,500 local authorities (including administrative counties and Greater London) on a basis of population combined with a variety of other factors. And population in this context means the various estimates (all persons, and particular age-groups) certified simultaneously by the Registrar General by a given date (30th November in the year to which they relate for the estimates of numbers in almost 1,400 boroughs of all kinds and county districts; January following for certain age-groups in county boroughs, Greater London and London Boroughs and Inner London Education Authority and in administrative counties).

The basic difficulty is that the local authorities receive provisional payments based on estimates for the previous year and subsequently adjusted to the current certified figures. Many are remarkably successful in anticipating what the adjustments will be because they understand the method described in detail in the Population Chapter of the 1964 Commentary. The methodology is based upon norms agreed by consultation between the Registrar General on the one hand and the Ministry of Housing and Local Government and the local authority associations on the other, many of the discussions originating in suggestions by individual local authorities. The majority of authorities took the changes between the 1967 and 1968 estimates in their stride. Others however have expressed their concern either when their estimate did not go up at mid-1968 (in the relatively limited number of cases where the 1966 Sample Census count exceeded the mid-year estimate) by the full difference between their mid-1966 figure and the Sample Census x 10 or even 10.16, or when their 1968 estimate was lower than they had forecast.

As the original estimated home population of England and Wales at Census Day 1966 and the mid-year had been reduced by 90 thousand as the result of the procedure described in the 1966 Commentary (pp 2-5) and as the revised estimate for Greater London was 77,450 lower than the original, the estimates for the remaining boroughs of all types and county districts would overall be only 12,550 less than before.

For all authorities concerned, outside Greater London, the first check was (as it had been there) to examine how far those 1961 Census dwellings which were part of the 1966 Sample would have given, when grossed up by 10, a 1961 population close to that actually found by the 1961 count. Relatively few cases emerged where the discrepancy between the original mid-1966 estimate and the population suggested by the Sample Census could clearly be explained by this part of the 1966 sampling frame. In very many cases it proved to be new dwellings coming into use after the 1961 Census which were inadequately sampled, especially in large urban areas. assistance of the electoral change estimate since 1961 (one of the two draft estimates prepared annually for each local area, for which see p 15 of the 1964 Commentary) and, in the case of areas which were local education authorities, the known number of children aged 5-14 inclusive, tentative revised estimates were made. In all cases where the adjustment was other than trivial a variety of further tests were used, e.g. the likely validity of any change 1961-66 in the sex/age distribution, housing tenure, etc. suggested by the Sample Census. The revised mid-1966 figures were then firm and became the starting figure for the 1968 round of calculations.

The basic reason why a Census is almost bound to reveal some divergence between estimates and fact is the lack of much real intercensal information about the effects of migration on local populations, which only a Census corrects and even a sample Census can correct approximately. About 2.3 million people move from one

local authority area to another each year (nearly 5 per cent of the population) from the 1960-61, 1961-66 and 1965-66 Census evidence. Moreover, between the 1961 Census and that of 1966 about 340 thousand people a year left England and Wales. Although they were replaced by an average of some 400 thousand persons per annum from outside the country during this critical migration period, little is known of the breakdown of the emigrants by Local Authority area. And though more is known (from the Housing Development Returns of local authorities) of the distribution of some of the immigrants, the gaps in the information available in intercensal years are still large. An opinion that outward movement from their area was negligible 1961-66 is shared by a surprisingly large proportion of authorities objecting to the use of 1966 Sample Census data.

The result of using the 1966 Sample Census to correct the mid-1968 estimates is best shown by a comparison of the revised mid-1966 starting figure with the original estimates for mid-1966 made in that year (Table C4). Similar comparisons were made for the differences between 'expected' populations based on national registration (with compulsory notification of change of address) from 1939 and the results of the 1951 full Census (reproduced here from the 1951 Text volume - precursor of the later Commentary volumes - of the Registrar General's Statistical Review for 1951). Again the divergence between mid-1961 'expected' local populations and those resulting from the 1961 Census material available by November 1961 was analysed in the 1961 Commentary volume. This also is reproduced here as Table C5(b).

In 1951, after a national population register had been maintained for 12 years, with compulsory notification of change of address, sanctions against failure to comply with registration provisions, the psychological climate towards conformity with reasonable regulation during the war period and the incentive of rationing tied up with the registration process, the 1951 full Census showed a shortfall of 150 thousand in the estimated population of the country, while the registered populations of local areas were 3 per cent or more different from the Census evidence in over 13 per cent of all boroughs and county districts.

In 1961, by which time population registration had not only deteriorated in quality but had also disappeared entirely (1952) the estimated populations were 3 per cent or more different from those using the 1961 Census data as a benchmark in over 30 per cent of all boroughs and county districts. But investigations suggested that over half of the discrepancy between estimates and fact which was found in 1961 could be attributed to (a) the methods used in estimation during the period prior to the 1953-54 round of local population estimation and (b) the cumulative effect of this from 1954 to 1961. If this is accepted, the methods used for 1954 and since (basically the same as the present ones, though with changes in the conventions used and the information asked for in the Housing Development Return) could be said to be approximately as successful as the former registration system in keeping nearly 90 per cent of the estimates within a range of 3 per cent either way of the figures shown by the next Census. By 1966, the use of evaluated 1966 Sample Census figures suggested that about 11 per cent of the estimated populations of all local authority areas had strayed 3 per cent or more from the best estimates that could be made before the next full Census.

(i.e. revised figures based on 1966 Sample Census, and the original ('expected') mid-year Distribution of percentage difference between 'actual' mid-1966 estimated populations estimates 1966, boroughs and county districts of England and Wales, as constituted at 24th April 1966

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Expected figure less than that based on the evaluated Sample Census by percentage	Total under		37	68	603	363	1,071 1,3928
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Type of	Area	Urban population	100,000 and over	50,000-100,000	under 50,000	Rural	Total

*Includes 1 area where actual and expected estimates coincided exactly.

#Includes 52 areas where actual and expected estimates coincided exactly.

#Includes 20 areas where actual and expected estimates coincided exactly.

*SIncludes 73 areas where actual and expected estimates coincided exactly.

Distribution of Percentage Differences between Actual and Expected 1951 Census Populations, Administrative Areas in England and Wales^a Table C5(a).

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nate	-0		45	43	247	87	422
Estin	Total		61	73	449	173	756
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n»	Total		17	29	364	304	714
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Type of	Area	Urban, with population:	100,000 and over	50,000-100,000	under 50,000	Rural	Total

a The table excludes Newcastle-upon-Tyne Moot Hall and precincts and Nottingham Shire Hall, both with an enumerated population at the 1951 Census of 2.

b 13- per cent.

c 1 of each of 16., 14. and 11. per cent.

d 1 each of 18., 17., 15. and 10- per cent.

e 20- per cent.

Distribution of percentage differences between actual and expected population estimates 1961, administrative areas of England and Wales Table C5(b).

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	Type of	Area	ban, with opulation:	100,000 and over	50,000-100,000	under 50,000	ral	tal

*Includes three areas where actual and expected estimates coincided precisely.

This 3 per cent margin either way in five years cannot be accepted with complacency as entirely satisfactory, even if it is achieved for the 90 per cent of local authorities. But it needs to be remembered that the differences outside this range are largely to be found in the smaller urban areas and rural districts. At mid-1966 there were 740 urban areas with populations under 50,000. No fewer than 270 of these had populations under 10 thousand, 125 had populations under 5 thousand and a number had fewer than 2 thousand, while there were still a few with under 1 thousand. Among the 472 Rural Districts, 105 had populations under 10 thousand. while 30 had under 5 thousand. Many of the smaller areas with larger proportionate discrepancies between estimate and benchmark were those with static populations or may have been slightly declining where the conventions used in making mid-vear estimates may well have biased the results towards over-estimation. One of the rules of the estimates procedure is that no local population may be estimated to have actually declined on the sole evidence of the pro rata adjustments to the national control described in the 1964 Commentary. The next Census will show whether the decline has or has not taken place and meanwhile the area is given the benefit of the doubt inevitably roused by pro rata scaling down.

The evaluation of the 1966 Census results for local areas was inordinately troublesome, but worthwhile, 1,071 local areas having mid-1968 estimates higher than would otherwise have been the case.

The published local estimates for mid-1966 and mid-1967 remain for grant purposes what they were and are - the best estimate possible at the time they were necessarily made. Revised figures for these years have been published as annexes to the 1969 and 1970 population pamphlets* to assist those concerned with local planning. The mid-1968, 1969 and 1970 estimates were or will be based on these revisions in the light of the evaluated results of the 1966 Sample Census.

The detailed results of the 1971 Census will present the next occasion for establishing a benchmark on which to adjust retrospectively the mid-year local figures where necessary and on which to base future mid-year estimates. The 1971 Census results will also provide the opportunity to review all current national and sub-national population estimates, not only in total numbers but also their age and sex distribution.

^{*}The Registrar General's Annual Estimates of the Population of England and Wales and of local Authority Areas, 1969 and 1970.

MARRIAGES

Manner of solemnization of marriage

The Marriage Act, 1949, provides that all marriages in England and Wales, whether solemnized in a register office or according to the rites of any denomination, shall be registered in register books supplied by the Registrar General. The person required to register any particular marriage depends on the circumstances: it may be the clergyman of the Church of England or the Church in Wales by whom the marriage is solemnized, the registering officer of the Society of Friends appointed for the district in which the marriage is solemnized, the secretary of the synagogue of which the husband is a member, an authorised person* of any other denomination, or a registrar. Certified copies of all entries made in these registers are delivered each quarter to the superintendent registrar of the district, who sends them to the Registrar General to be kept at the General Register Office. It is these copies which are the source of the data on which the following commentary is based.

The marriages of 1967 are analysed according to the manner of solemnization in the Appendix C tables of Part II of the Registrar General's Statistical Review for 1967. Appendix C 7, part of which is reproduced below in Table C6, gives comparative figures at five-yearly intervals from 1844 to 1934 and from 1952 to 1967.

Table C6. Marriages by manner of solemnization, 1844 to 1967, England and Wales

	Civi1			m	arriages with	religious ceremonies			
	marriages	Church				Other denominations			
Year	per 1,000 total marriages	England and Church in Wales	Roman Catholic	A11	Methodists	Congregationalists	Baptists	Others	Jew
1844	26	932	18	49		• '	•		1
1864	81	851	52	95	•	•	•	ba.	2
1884	131	813	49	134	•	•		•	3
1904	179	782	49	160	•	-	-		9
1919	231	776	67	150	73	30	25	21	7
1924	238	759	72	160	79	32	26	22	9
1929	257	756	80	154	76	31	25	23	9
1934	284	747	91	153	73	30	25	25	9
1952	306	714	136	142	69	29	22	22	8
1957	280	689	160	145	69	27	24	26	7
1962	296	673	175	145	69	26	24	25	6
1967	341	681	1 70	143	69	26	22	26	6

^{*}Under the Marriage Act, 1949, for the purpose of enabling marriages to be solemnized in a registered building without the presence of a registrar, the trustees or governing body of the building may authorise a person to be present at the solemnization of marriages in that building. The trustees or governing body must certify the name and address of such an authorised person to the Registrar General and to the superintendent registrar of the district.

Of the 386,052 marriages registered in 1967, 131,576 (34.1 per cent) were civil marriages and 254,476 (65.9 per cent) were solemnized with religious ceremonies. When civil marriage ceremonies were introduced in this country, only 1 marriage in 40 took place in a register office, but since then the proportion has increased until by 1967 more than 1 marriage in 3 was a civil ceremony.

Table C7. Changes in the proportion of different types of marriages per 1,000 total marriages;, 1844 to 1967, England and Wales

							_	e in propor ersons indi		
Year	Civil	Church of England and Church in Wales	Roman Catholics	Other denominations	Jews	Civi1	Church of England and Church in Wales	Roman Catholics	other denominations	Jews
1844	26	907	17	48	1					
1904	179	642	41	131	7	+153	- 265	+24	+83	+6
1934	284	535	65	110	7	+105	-107	+24	-21	0
1952	306	496	95	98	5	- 4	- 39	+50	- 6	-2
1957	280	496	115	104	5					
1962	296	474	123	102	4	+ 16	- 22	+ 8	* 2	-1
1967	341	449	112	94	4	+ 45	- 25	-11	* 8	0

Table C7 shows the changes in the proportions of different types of marriage per thousand total marriages, and indicates that the steady decline in the proportion of marriages solemnized in the Church of England and the Church in Wales is not solely attributable to the popularity of civil marriages. In the period after the Second World War when the numbers and proportions of civil marriages were fluctuating with no clear trend, the proportion of marriages in the Church of England and the Church in Wales continued to decline.

The Marriage Act, 1836, made it possible for certified places of worship of denominations other than the Church of England to be registered for the solemnization of marriage. The proportions of Free Church marriages increased steadily during the nineteenth century, but there was a decline after the First World War which has continued to the present proportion of 94 per thousand total marriages.

On the other hand, the proportion of Roman Catholic marriages rose from about 40 per thousand at the beginning of the twentieth century to reach 123 per thousand in 1962, but the 1967 figure shows a decline to 112 per thousand.

Regional variations

Appendices C1 and C2 of the Statistical Review Part II for 1967 show the regional incidence of manner of solemnization in 1967 by number and proportions, but it must be emphasised that these figures do not necessarily reflect the places of

residence of either or both the parties marrying. A marriage may take place in a church or registered building which is the usual place of worship of one or both of the parties and, in the case of non-Anglican marriages, if there is not a building of the desired denomination within the district of residence the parties can go to the nearest district in which a building is available. In addition, if the parties wish to marry in a particular church or register office outside their district of residence, they may acquire a residential qualification (7 days for a superintendent registrar's certificate, 15 days for a licence) for that purpose.

In 1967 the proportion of civil marriages, averaging 341 per thousand for the whole country, varied regionally from 386 per thousand in the South Eastern Region to 286 per thousand in the North Western Region, and by counties from 131 per thousand in Radnorshire, which has two register offices, to 420 per thousand in Greater London, where there are 43.

The proportion of marriages in the Church of England and the Church in Wales per thousand marriages with religious ceremonies averaged 681 for the whole country, the regions varying from 570 in Wales and 571 in the North Western to 801 in East Anglia. The range of proportional variations in the counties is of no real significance, the proportions in several of these areas being calculated on very small absolute numbers of marriages. The highest proportion, for example, was in Rutland (905) where there were only 114 Church of England marriages out of a total for the country of 165,325.

The Roman Catholic proportion, 170 per thousand for the country as a whole, was highest in the North Western Region at 280 per thousand and lowest in East Anglia where it was 78 per thousand.

Preliminaries to marriage

Appendix C3 of the Review analyses marriages in 1967 by the type of preliminaries. For marriages in the Church of England and the Church of Wales the alternatives are publication of banns, issue of an ecclesiastical common or special licence, or issue of a superintendent registrar's certificate. All other marriages in England and Wales must be preceded by the issue of a superintendent registrar's certificate with or without a licence.

In the Church of England and the Church in Wales the great majority of marriages are preceded by the publication of banns: the proportion of such marriages has increased steadily from 91.4 per cent in 1952 to 94.04 per cent in 1967. The issue of a superintendent registrar's certificate is a rare preliminary to marriage in the Church of England and the Church in Wales. In 1967 there were only 83 such ceremonies and half of these occurred in the South Eastern Region.

Appendix C4 shows the proportions of marriages of different types which were solemnized after licence. For England and Wales as a whole the proportion of civil marriages by licence fell from 487 per thousand in 1962 to 464 per thousand in 1967. In the East Anglia Region over one half the civil marriages were by licence. In the Church of England and the Church in Wales only 57 per thousand were by licence in England and Wales as a whole; for all other denominations the proportion was 117 per thousand. Wales II (excluding the South East) had a particularly large proportion of marriage by licence in both groups.

Marriages in registered buildings

Marriages in registered buildings (i.e. places of worship other than the Church of England and the Church in Wales which have been registered for marriages) can be registered either by an authorised person or by a registrar. Appendix C5 gives the number of marriages in registered buildings by denomination and the number registered by authorised persons.

The proportion of marriages taking place before an authorised person is dependent on the provision made by the governing bodies of registered buildings. For all denominations together the England and Wales proportion was 505 per thousand in 1967, as compared with 424 per thousand in 1962, but there was considerable variation between the different denominations. 916 per thousand marriages in the Methodist Church were registered by an authorised person. In Greater London the figure was 995 per thousand, as compared with 475 per thousand in Wales II. At the opposite extreme, only 293 per thousand marriages in the Roman Catholic Church were registered by an authorised person, but even this figure was a substantial increase on the 1962 proportion of 167 per thousand.

Places of worship and buildings in which marriages may lawfully be solemnized

Appendix C8 of the Review shows the numbers of buildings certified as places of worship of different denominations in 1967. Certification does not apply to the churches and chapels of the Church of England and the Church in Wales; their buildings are therefore excluded from this table.

Appendix C9 shows the numbers and proportional distribution of buildings of different denominations in which marriages may lawfully be solemnized. Since marriages according to the usages of the Jews or of the Society of Friends do not have to be solemnized in a registered building, their buildings are excluded from this table. The figures for the Church of England and Church in Wales include all parish churches, authorised chapels and chapels licensed by a Bishop for the publication of banns.

Except in the Roman Catholic Church, a certified place of worship has to be a separate building if it is to be eligible for registration for the solemnization of marriages. The percentages, within the denominations shown, of certified places of worship which are registered as places where marriages may be solemnized are as follows:

					Percentage 1962	Percentage 1967
Unitarians			• • •	 	. 92	92
Congregationalists	s			 	89	91
Presbyterians .			• • •	 	92	91
Baptists				 	88	90
Calvinistic Method	dists			 	87	88
Roman Catholics .				 	85	84
Methodists				 	76	79
Brethren				 	61	6 8
Pentecostal and Ho	olines	ss Chui	rches	 	59	66
Salvation Army				 	53	63
Spiritualists .				 	26	36

Table C8 of this article compares the proportional distribution of buildings where marriages may lawfully be solemnized, as shown in Appendix C9, with the proportional distribution of marriages of different denominations as shown in Appendix C2. For the Church of England and the Church in Wales, and for the Roman Catholic Church, the share of buildings in any area is smaller than the share of marriages, but for all other denominations their share of marriages in any area is usually smaller than their share of buildings. An exception to this is the Presbyterian Church, particularly in Wales where, with only 3.9 per thousand buildings, it has 20 per thousand marriages.

	istic	Buildings	30
a	Calvinistic Methodists	Sagai TTEM	3.2
es with gs, for harea,	by- ans	Sgnibling	9.1
ildin eac	Presby- terians	Marriages	7.8
f bu	ts	Buildings	80
ion o	Baptists	s agai i i age s	22
per ibut reg	ga. sts	Buildings	79
denominations, portional distri 1,000 buildings Standard Regions	Congrega-	səgaillaM	26
nal buil rd R	dists	Buildings	214
ortio 000 landa	Metho	Marriages	69
proper Ly		Buildings	68
electer and person pers	Church of Roman and Church Catholics in Wales	Marriages	410 170
or s ies tion Wal	h of and hurch ales	Buildings	410
ss, femon tand	Church of England and Churc in Wales	Marriages	681
e rate d den nglan	1 lations	Buildings	1,000 681
Marriage rates, for selected denominations, per 1,000 marriages with religious ceremonies and proportional distribution of buildings, for selected denominations, per 1,000 buildings registered in each area, 1967, England and Wales and Standard Regions	A11 denominations	Marriages	1,000
Table C8.	Areas	,	England and Wales:

Calvinistic Methodists	Buildings	30		1.7	0.3	0.3	3.1	1.7	9.0	206
Calvi Metho	89gai11aM	3.2		0.1			0.4			53
by- ans	sgniblin g	9.1		38	4.6	1.6	5.0	11	1.9	3,9
Presby- terians	səgsi maM	7.8		22	3.6					
s t	Buildings	80		22	41	80	56	100	64	153
Baptists	zəgsi11sM	22		0.9	11	23	16	23		
is gas sts	Builling	79		29	57	52	54	78	89	173
Congrega- tionalists	səgaillaM	26		7.3	18					
dists	Buildings	214		321	357	269	239	134	255	100
Methodists	Marriages	69		116	100					
an Lics	Buildings	89		93	134	44	71	82	43	34
Church of Roman and Church Catholics in Wales	Rarriages	410 170		402 190	123	96	154	189	89	111
Church of England and Church in Wales	Buildings	410		402	372	460	452	446	477	264
Church of England and Churc in Wales	Marriages	681		648	728	762	723	681	757	570
1 ations	Buildings	1,000 681		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
All	səgai i i ages	1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Areas	′	England and Wales:	Standard Regions	Northern Yorkshire and	Humberside North West	East Midlands	West Midlands	South East	South West	Wales

DIVORCES

Dissolution and Annulments made absolute in 1966

Introduction

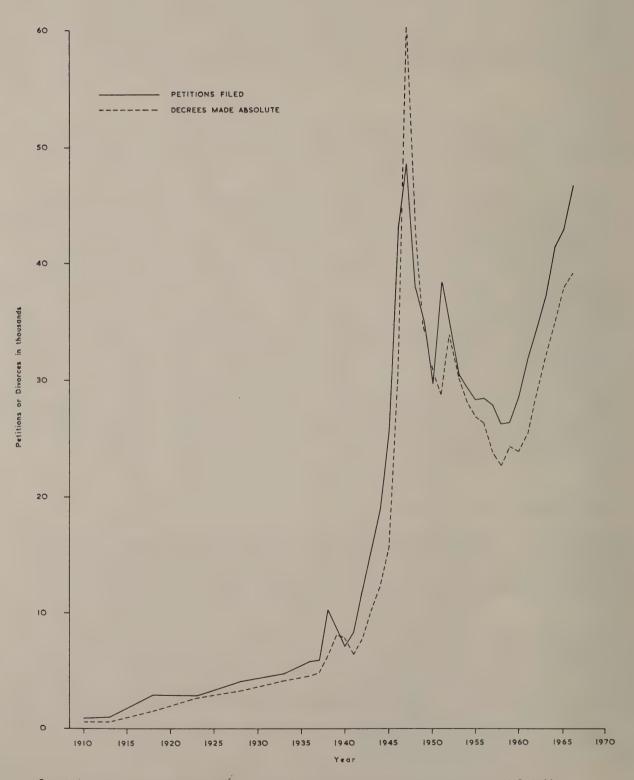
In this analysis of divorces and annulments in 1966 in England and Wales, attention is directed to the personal characteristics of the parties divorcing, as distinct from the external social and economic factors influencing divorce.

The number of decrees absolute has been rising continuously since 1961 after the gradual fall from the highest peak ever reached soon after the end of the Second World War. The total number of decrees made absolute in 1911-1915 was 3,280 and this increased by 130 per cent to 7,548 in 1916-1920. Again in 1945 the total number of decrees made absolute was 15,634, and was nearly doubled in 1946 when it was 29,829, and this itself was more than doubled in 1947 when the number of decrees granted was 60,254. From 1947 there was a gradual decline until 1952, when the number rose appreciably again. It was 33,922 in 1952 compared with 28,767 in 1951 a rise of about 18 per cent in one year. Then again continued the gradual decline in the total number of decrees absolute granted and a stable position seemed to have been reached in 1959-60 when the total number of decrees granted each year was around 24,000. Since then the number has been rising at an average rate of about 8 to 9 per cent per year. It has of course to be borne in mind that over the period as a whole the population at risk of divorce has also increased, from 6.6 million married women in 1911 to 12.2 million in 1966. (The effects of the various Acts of Parliament, between 1857 and 1960, on divorce were discussed in detail in Statistical Review Part III, 1961, page 46 -).

Divorce and recent trends in marriage

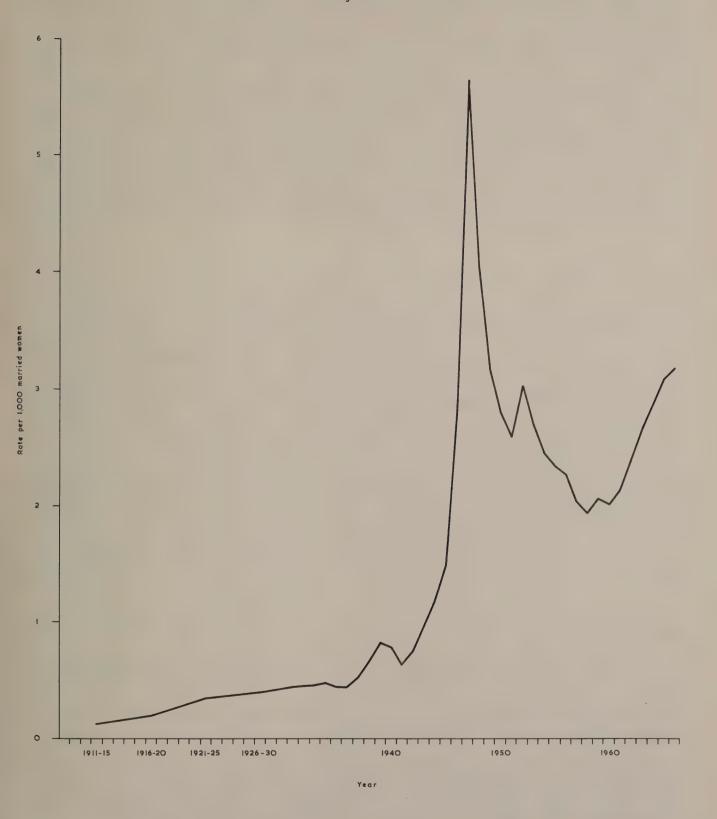
Apart from its sociological implications, divorce has some fundamental demographic effects. Discussions on trends in fertility are usually couched in terms of marital fertility, and this is done on the assumption that married women are continuously exposed to the risk of pregnancy, and divorce means a break in this continuity.

Furthermore, there is the question of the relative availability of unmarried males and females which customarily depends on the age relationships between husband and wife and the size of the birth cohorts from which potential partners are derived. An increase in the divorce rates could upset the natural balance since, for example, proportionately more divorced men remarry compared with divorced women; and, more importantly, the men are likely to seek their partners for remarriage among spinsters (Statistical Review Part II Tables H2 and K), thus depriving some bachelors of spinster marriage partners.



Dissolutions and annulments of marriage : new petitions filed and decrees made absolute, 1910-1966,

England and Wales



Decrees made absolute per 1,000 married women, 1910-1966, England and Wales

Changes in the trend and pattern of marriage are bound to have some effect on divorce. Since the 1930s fundamental changes have occurred in marriage patterns. In this country and in some other Western European countries, marriage age has fallen to a point lower than at any time since the beginning of civil registration. Propensity to marry has also increased very markedly. In England and Wales in 1961 almost 90 per cent of the female population aged 45-49 years were currently or had been married and this proportion is bound to increase since in later years this figure has already been exceeded in the younger age-groups. Further the mean age at marriage for spinster brides fell by about two years from 24.41 to 22.54 years between 1951 and 1966; this compares with little or no change in the mean age at marriage during the period 1901-1935, when it stood between 25.37 and 25.81 years. With this strong propensity to marriage and falling age at marriage, the recent increase in the number of marriages that fail, measured by the number of decrees absolute, is brought into proper perspective and the task of seeking the cause of the increase is made somewhat less difficult.

Sources of data

The data for this analysis were obtained in two parts. One part was derived from the usual statistics published by the Registrar General in the Statistical Review Part II on dissolutions and annulments of marriage. The other part concerning the social classes of the couples involved, the types of ceremonies and preliminaries of the marriages being dissolved was obtained from the files held by the Probate Registry. The entries in the Probate Registry contain not only cases in which decrees absolute have been granted but also cases which have been dismissed or are still pending; all cases were numbered serially. In order to obtain a 10 per cent sample of the cases in which decrees absolute have been granted, a digit between 0 and 9 was selected and each case ending with this number was extracted from the files and checked. If the case ended in a decree absolute being granted, it was admitted as part of the sample. If the case did not end in a decree absolute, the next number was selected and if that case ended in a decree absolute, it was admitted as part of the sample. If not, this process was repeated until eventually the case ending with a decree absolute had been picked - after this the process was restarted by picking the next number ending in the digit selected. The sample size obtained was 10.6 per cent of the total decrees absolute and annulments granted in 1966.

Divorces and annulments in 1966

In 1966, 39,067 decrees absolute were granted, consisting of 38,352 dissolutions and 715 annulments of marriages. The divorce rate was 3.2 per thousand married population, an increase of 3.2 per cent over 1965 and 60.0 per cent over 1960. There were 59,591 children involved in these divorce cases; making a total of 137,725 people - husbands, wives and children.

The divorce rate was highest at age-group 25-29 (age at the date decree became absolute) being 7.5 per thousand married population at that age for wives and 6.7 per thousand for husbands. The rates then decreased progressively with age. The proportion of cases involving/husbands aged 20-24 years at marriage was 53.9 per cent.

About 82.1 per cent of the divorce cases involved women under 25 years of age and 86.4 per cent men under 30 years of age at marriage.

Average duration of marriage before dissolution

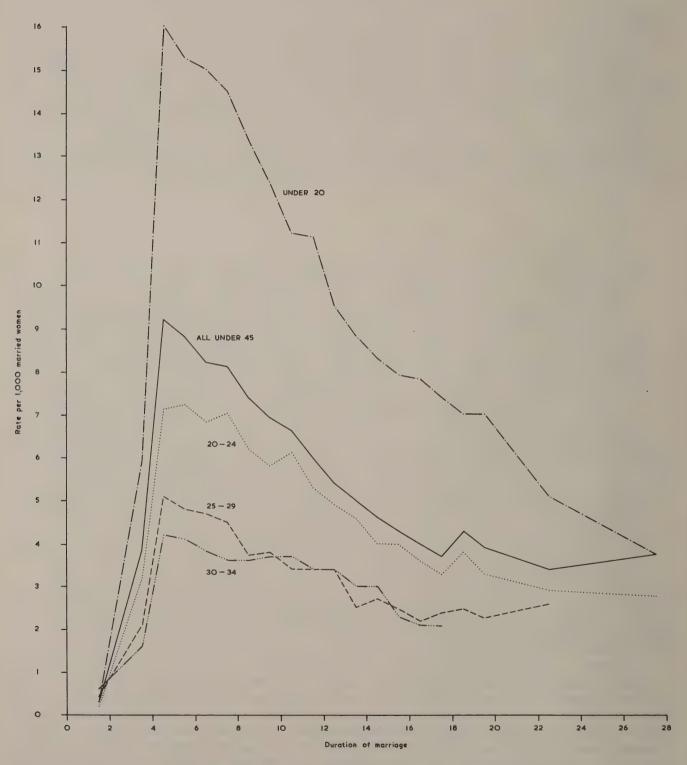
The average duration of marriage before dissolution for all age-at-marriage groups was 13.05 years for bachelor-spinster marriages and 12.11 years for other marriages. Spinsters who married men other than bachelors had a slightly lower average duration of marriage than spinsters who married bachelors. Table C9 shows the age-at-marriage by previous marital status. For spinster-bachelor marriages, women marrying at under 20 years of age had an average duration of 11.57 years which was statistically significantly lower when compared with the overall average duration. The duration for age-group at marriage 20-24 was 13.81 years, for age-group 25-29, it was 15.44 years and 13.77 years for those marrying at ages 30-44.

Table C9. Marriages dissolved in 1966 by age at marriage and previous marital status, England and Wales

		Wor	men			M	en	
Age at	All Spir	All Spinsters		Spinsters married to bachelors		nelors	Bache marr to spin	ied
marriage	Duration of marriage (years)	Number	Duration of marriage (years)	Number	Duration of marriage (years)	Number	Duration of marriage (years)	Number
Under 20 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 44	11.56 13.75 15.06 13.28	14,034 17,706 3,316 1,129	13.81 15.44	13,855 17,049 2,906 783	10.75 12.83 14.25 13.88	3,686 20,964 8,506 3,079	12.82 14.30	3,669 20,590 7,900 2,382
All under 45	13.01	36,185	13.05	34,593	13.04	36,235	13.05	34,541

The average duration of marriage for all men married under 45 years of age (bachelor/spinster marriages) was 13.05; for those married under 20 it was 10.75, and 12.82 years for those married aged 20-24. For these two younger age-groups, the average duration before dissolution was significantly lower than for all age-at-marriage. The duration for those married at 25-29 was 14.30 years and it was 14.46 years for the 30-44 age-group.

Durations four to six years appear to be the most critical for all age-at-marriage groups, for the divorce rates reach their peaks during this period. Statutorily, a divorce petition is not normally filed until after three years from the date of marriage, so there were few divorces within this period; but the period between duration four and six years was marked by a steep rise in divorce rates followed by a gradual decline as the duration progressed. The pattern of distribution of the divorce rates by duration is similar for all age-groups at marriage.



Dissolutions and annulments of marriage made absolute in 1966 by wife's age at marriage and duration of marriage per 1000 married women, England and Wales

The distribution has two marked peaks (see diagram 3), a major one around duration four years and a minor one around duration 18 years. The major peak may be explained in terms of the statutory regulation referred to earlier, but the reason for the other peak is not obvious. It is, however, possible that this sudden rise in divorce rates at around duration 18 years may have something to do with the children beginning to approach independence. It is also possible that it may be a particular feature of the year 1966 alone; or of the particular marriage cohorts, those of 1947-48. Throughout all the durations the divorce rate for those who had been married at under 20 years of age was higher than that of any other age-group at corresponding durations; but after duration 18 years the divorce rates for the age-group 20-24 began to level off, and those for the age-group 25-29 began to rise a little tending towards the same level as the age-group under 20.

Grounds for divorce

Table C10 shows the decrees granted in 1966 by grounds and by party to whom divorce was granted. Divorce was granted more often to the wife (58.2 per cent) than to the husband; only in a few cases, about six in a thousand, was divorce granted to both husband and wife. When the divorce was granted to the husband, in 65.0 per cent of cases it was on the ground of adultery by the wife, in 28.8 per cent on desertion, and 2 per cent on cruelty; whereas when divorce was granted to the wife in 43.5 per cent of the cases it was on the ground of adultery by the husband, in 28.8 per cent on cruelty and 21.2 per cent on desertion.

Table CIO. Decrees made absolute in 1966, by party to whom and grounds on which granted, England and Wales

Ground on		Party to who	m granted:	
which granted	Total	Husband	Wife	Both
Total dissolutions and annulments	39,067	16,097	22,738	232
Annulments	715	372	339	4
Dissolutions: All grounds Grounds per 1,000 dissolutions:	38, 352	15,725	22, 399	228
All grounds Adultery Cruelty Desertion	1,000 524 178 243	1,000 650 20 288	1,000 435 288 212	1,000 575 320 79
Any two or three of Adultery, cruelty and desertion	51	38	60	26
Others	4	4	5	-

Diagrams 4 and 5 show a distribution of grounds (per 1,000 total grounds for each party) on which decrees absolute of dissolution were granted by party and age at dissolution. For those decrees granted to the husband, adultery accounted for 85 per cent of cases where the husband was aged 20-24 years at the time of dissolution and decreased progressively as age increased, to 37 per cent where the husband was 60 or over. On the other hand desertion increased with age from 14 per cent at age 20-24 to 57 per cent at age 60 and over. For decrees granted to the wife, cruelty accounted for about 65 per cent where her age was under 20 at the time of dissolution; this proportion decreased to a minimum at age 30-34 and remained fairly level until age 50-54 before declining again. The grounds for divorce were given as adultery in only 21 per cent of the divorces granted to wives under 20 years of age. The proportion increased with successive age-groups, reaching a peak of 50 per cent at 30-34 years and gradually declined to 37 per cent at age 60 years and over.

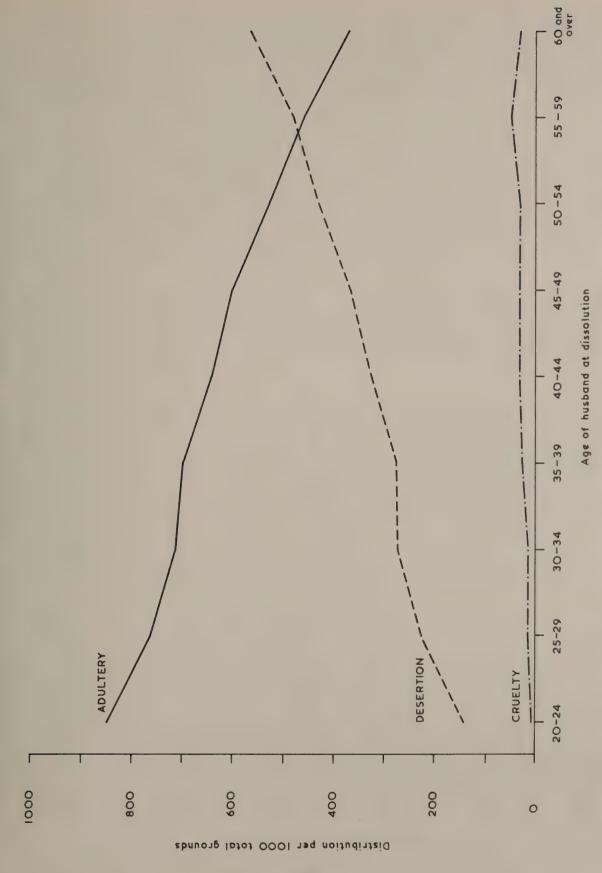
Religious influence

Table C11 shows a comparison of the distribution, according to manner of solemnization, of marriages which took place between 1952 and 1962 and of marriages dissolved in 1966. In the sample of marriages dissolved in 1966 there were 4,152 bachelor/spinster marriages and 540 marriages in which either or both parties had been married before.

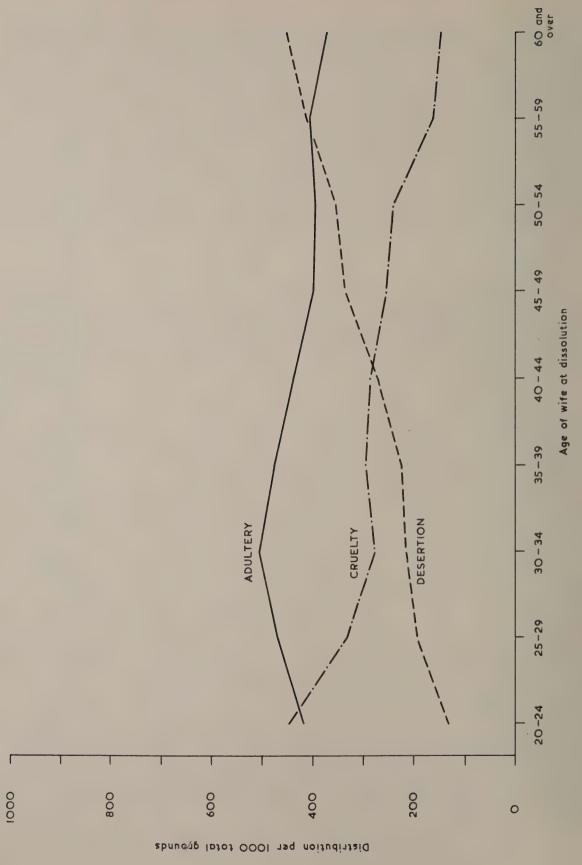
Table CII. Marriages in 1952, 1957, 1962 and marriages dissolved in 1966 by manner of solemnization (Proportions per 1,000 marriages), England and Wales

	Civil marriages		manner of solemn marriages with r		
Year	per 1,000 total marriages	Church of England and Church in Wales	and Roman Catholics		Jewish
1952	306	714	136	142	8
1957	280	689	160	145	7
1962	296	673	17.5	144	6
Average 1952-62	294	692	157	144	7
		Marriages disso	lved in 1966]	
	384	7 28	136	130	5

Among the dissolved marriages there was a notable over-representation of marriages which had civil ceremony or were solemnized according to the rites of the Church of England and the Church in Wales; and also an under-representation for marriages solemnized according to the rites of the Roman Catholic Church and other religious bodies.



Decrees absolute granted to husband on grounds of wife's Desertion / Adultery / Cruelty by age at date of decree, 1966. England and Wales



Decrees absolute granted to wife on grounds of husband's Desertion / Adultery / Cruelty by age at date of decree, 1966, England and Wales

Of the marriages which were dissolved, those which took place in Anglican Churches had an average duration of 12.34 years, marriages with civil ceremony 11.56 years and Catholic marriages 11.31 years. The shortest duration was marriages with Jewish ceremonies - 11.25 years, but this was accompanied by a slightly lower divorce rate. The marriages with civil ceremony had the largest number of children at divorce, an average of 1.82 children, followed by those with Catholic church rites with an average of 1.67.

There were significant differences in the grounds of divorce when analysed by type of ceremony of marriages being dissolved. Of the marriages ending in divorce, where the marriage was solemnized according to the rites of the Anglican Church, and the divorce granted to the wife, the grounds for divorce was adultery in 48.5 per cent. The corresponding proportion for civil marriages ending in divorce on grounds of adultery was 36 per cent; this is significantly lower than the national average (Table C12). For divorces on grounds of cruelty it was significantly higher than national average for Roman Catholic and civil marriages.

Of the marriages being dissolved where the decree was granted to the husband, adultery was the ground for divorce in 65.1 per cent of those marriages celebrated according to the rites of the Church of England and 64.4 per cent of marriages with civil rites. These percentages are very similar to the national average of 65.0 per cent. The proportions for marriages with Roman Catholic and other rites were lower than the national average.

One noticeable difference in the grounds for divorce granted to the wife compared with those granted to the husband is that a much larger proportion was granted on the husband's cruelty than on the wife's cruelty. For divorces granted to the wife the proportion varied between 21.6 and 33.0 per cent depending on the type of ceremony at marriage, whereas the proportion of decrees granted to the husband varied between 1.4 and 2.2 per cent. The proportions of divorces on grounds of adultery or desertion were higher for those granted to the husband than those granted to the wife irrespective of the type of marriage ceremony.

Generally the proportion of divorces granted to either party on multiple grounds was not very high. The three grounds of adultery, cruelty and desertion account for about 99.5 per cent of all divorces granted.

Premarital conception occurred in nearly half (47.9 per cent) of the dissolved marriages with civil ceremony in which there was a child to the marriage. The proportion with premarital conception was also high in dissolved marriages with Roman Catholic church ceremony (38.6 per cent); the comparable figure for Anglican Church marriages was 18.3 per cent. In over 50 per cent of dissolutions where spinsters had been married according to civil ceremonies at age under 20 they were pregnant at marriage. The proportion for civil ceremony was 54.7 per cent; at ages 20-24 for civil ceremony the proportion was 38.3 per cent rising to 44.2 per cent at ages 25-29. For two age-groups, under 20 and 20-24 years, the marriages with Anglican Church ceremony had the lowest premarital conception rate, (see Table C13). For marriages of men who married at ages under 20, the premarital conception rate was, irrespective of type of ceremony, higher than for marriages of women who married at the same ages.

Grounds on which decrees absolute of dissolution were granted, and proportions per 1,000 dissolutions by type of ceremony and party to whom granted, 1966, England and Wales Table C12.

	su	o Others D		17	18	49	34		4
	ssolutio	Any two or all three of A, C &		48	99	21	41		38
Husband	Proportions per 1,000 dissolutions	Desertion (D)		262	251	310	333	s)	288
	ortions p	Cruelty (C)	^	22	21	21	14	th partie	20
	Prop	Adultery (A)	Bachelor/Spinster marriages (sample only)	651	644	299	578	Total dissolutions (excluding those granted to both parties)	650
		Total*	rriages (s	1,000	1,000 (513)	1,000 (142)	1,000	those gra	1,000
	Ø	Others	inster ma	18	21	30	38	excluding	າດ -
	lissolution	Any two or all three of A, C & D	achelor/Sp	76	110	112	81	olutions (60
Wife	Proportions per 1,000 dissolutions	Desertion (D)	E	205	192	167	157	Total diss	212
	portions	Cruelty (C)		216	314	330	249		288
	Pro	Adultery (A)		485	363	361	475		435
		Total*		1,000 (1,151)	1,000 (858)	1,000 (233)	1,000 (185)		1,000
		Type of ceremony		Church of England and Church in Wales	Civil	Roman Catholic	Others		

^{*} Number of decrees shown in brackets

Premarital conceptions (sample only) by type of ceremony and age at marriage Bachelor/Spinster marriages being dissolved, 1966, England and Wales TABLE CI3.

Type of ceremony Church of England and Church in Wales Number of marriages being dissolved (sample) and Church in Wales Number of marriages being dissolved (sample)			Husband	ld.			Wife		
n N		All ages under 45	Under 20	20-24	25-29	All ages under 45	Under 20	20-24	25-29
	ges being dissolved (sample) mple with premarital conception*	1,256	111	793	297	1,260	501	659	91
percentage of sample with premarital conception*	ges being dissolved (sample) mple with premarital conception*	1,014	218	559	182	1,014	561	386	52
Roman Catholic Number of marriages being dissolved (sample) percentage of sample with premarital conception*	ges being dissolved (sample) mple with premarital conception*	259 38.6	39	164	44	38.6	125	119	14 35.7
Others Number of marriages being dissolved (sample) percentage of sample with premarital conception*	ges being dissolved (sample) mple with premarital conception*	205	19 36.8	130 24.6	44 27.3	205	35.7	116 20.7	14.3

^{*} The birth of the first child to the marriage being dissolved occurred before or in the first eight months of marriage

Social class characteristics of couples divorcing

The proportion divorcing, in each social class, showed a negative association with social class status. Column 3, Table C14 shows the proportion per 1,000 divorcing in each social class, and Column 4 shows the proportion in each social class per 1,000 population (1961 Census). For Social Classes I, II and IV the proportion divorcing appears lower than the proportion in the population, but for Social Class V and for Armed Forces it appears higher. Caution should however be exercised in generalising from these results because no allowance was made for variations in marriage rates of the different social classes. Furthermore, the above results were based on the occupational status of the husband at time of divorce, not at marriage.

The proportion childless among the couples divorcing was highest in Social Class I and lowest in Social Class V. In every social class the average family size of the couples divorcing was lower than the average family size of couples with the same duration of marriage, whose marriages were still in existence.

About 33 per cent of couples divorcing in Social Class III who had children had had a premarital conception; the proportion for Social Class I was 16 per cent.

The social class status of the parents of the couples are compared in Table C15 to see whether the effect of 'marrying-up' or 'marrying-down' is a contributing factor to divorce. It is of interest to note that despite trends to increased social mobility and more open social structure, there is a marked persistence of social homogamy by the couples in the sample. Marriage within the same class was most frequent in Class III, which because of its size offered the greatest opportunities for 'inter-marriages'; 49.2 per cent of the men and 46.3 per cent of the women within the sample married within it.

Divorces of previously married couples

Comment has been confined to spinster/bachelor marriages because the number of second (or later) marriages being dissolved is relatively few. A detailed analysis would be of little significance.

The average duration of the second (or later) marriages being dissolved, where the wife was under 25 years of age at marriage, was longer than for spinster brides at that age. For women marrying at later ages, the average duration was shorter for second marriages than for first marriages, implying that a woman who remarried early in life has a better chance of a stable second marriage than the woman who remarried at a later age.

No conclusions as to the social class status of the couples involved, the type of ceremony and preliminary to the marriages have been drawn for the second (or later) marriages because of the small number involved in the sample.

An analysis by social class of Spinster/Bachelor marriages being dissolved 1966 (sample), England and Wales Table CI4.

Average Proportion ≠ age of per 1,000 in	couples child before at time cach social characters couples child before at time child before cach at time cach social cach so	of divorce less than 8 months after marriage	10 11	9.32 156	9.60 223	9.88 328	9.74 371	9.45 410	11.83 224	9,64 358	10.17
Mean family size	England of and Wales ir		6	1.85	1.73	1.99	2.02	2,25	2.40	2.07	1.92
Mean fa	Divorcing couples (sample)		00	1.07	1,23	1.40	1.63	1.76	1.94	1, 28	1.54
Proportion childless in each social class	Figure 4 Figure 4 Figure 5 Figure	durations) 8	7	.14	. 100	. 14	.15	.15	.00	.17	. 15
Proportio in each s	Divorcing couples (sample)		9	.47	.36	. 31	. 25	. 22	.19	, 30	. 28
-	Average duration of marriages in sample	(in years)	w	10.21	10.90	11.34	11.49	10.91	15.90	10.09	12.16
	England and Wales proportions of	married males (in years)	4	36	162	485	194	75	11	36	1,000
	Sample	Number Proportion	က	23	7.2	455	171	86	162	19	1,000
	Sam	Number	2	94	301	1,890	709	406	673	79	и, 152
	Social Class of husband		7	I Professional	II Intermediate	III Skilled	IV Partly skilled	V Unskilled	Armed Forces	Not stated, etc.	Total

^{* 1961} Census - Occupation Tables

^{/ 1961} Census - Fertility Tables

[₹] The proportions refer only to marriages with children

S Durations of marriage as in sample (Col. 5)

Conclusion

In general, age at marriage, premarital conception and social class were found to exert some influence on divorce rates. Religious ceremony did not appear to influence the rates but it has noticeable influence on the grounds for divorce.

The divorce rates show a regular progression; they fall with increasing age at marriage and increasing duration of marriage. About 50 per cent of women divorcing who had married men under 20 years, were pregnant at the time of marriage. The duration four to nine years of marriage was the critical period for women who married at ages under 20, for it is in this period that the divorce rate was highest. There is a social class graduation in the duration of marriage before divorce, the duration of marriage for the couples who were in the higher social classes was significantly shorter when compared with the average duration for those in the lower classes.

Table C16 shows the number of marriages which would, at certain durations, have been dissolved out of a thousand marriages contracted if the age-at-marriage rates in Table P4 (Statistical Review Part II for the corresponding years shown in Table C16) were to be maintained indefinitely, ignoring the effect of mortality. This statement illustrates again the higher risk of divorce of those marriages where the wife was aged under 20 at the time of the marriage. It should however be noted that to combine current probabilities of divorce in this way will not necessarily give a reliable guide to the future long-term prospects.

Percentage distribution by social class of divorcing wife's father by social class of divorcing husband's father, 1966, England and Wales Table C15.

Social class of	Number						Soc	ial clas	ss of wit	Social class of wife's father	ы					
husband's father	sample	Total	I Professional		II Inter	II Intermediate	III Sk	Skilled 1	[V Partly	IV Partly Skilled V Unskilled Armed Forces	V Unsk	illed	Armed	Forces	Not s	stated
I Professional	76	100	13.2	(14.2)	19.7	19.7 (3.0) 40.8 (1.7)	40.8	(1.7)	9.2	9.2 (0.9)	3.9	3.9 (0.6) 3.9 (4.2) 9.2	3.9	(4.2)	9.2	(1.6)
II Intermediate	527	100	4.4	(32.7)	21.6	21.6 (22.7)	40.8	40.8 (11.8)	15.4	15.4 (10.6)	8.0		2.7	(8.5) 2.7 (19.7) 7.2 (8.8)	7.2	(8.8)
III Skilled	1,710	100	1.3	(31.2)	12.5	12.5 (42.6)	49.2	49.2 (46.3)	17.5	17.5 (39.3)	80.	(33.8) 1.5 (36.6) 8.2 (32.4)	1.5	(36.6)	. 2	(32.4)
IV Partly Skilled	784	100	6.0	(6.9)	4.6	9.4 (14.7)	41.3 (17.8)	(17.8)	26.1	26.1 (26.9)	13.9	13.9 (22.1) 0.8 (8.5) 7.5 (13.7)	8.0	(8.5)	7.5	(13.7)
V Unskilled	499	100	6	4	4.2	4.2 (4.2) 43.9 (12.0)	43.9	(12.0)	20.0	20.0 (13.1)	23.2	23.2 (23.5) 1.4 (9.9) 7.2 (8.3)	1.4	(6.9)	7.2	(8,3)
Armed Forces	72	100	2.8	(2.8)	15.3	(2.2)	41.7	(1.7)	6-9	(2.0) 6.9	16.7	(2.4) 8.3	φ 60	(8.5) 8.3	ος (γ)	(1.4)
Not stated	484	100	1.2	(8.5)	11.0	(10.5)	32.0	32.0 (8.5)	14.5	(9.2)	9,3	(9.1) 1.9	1.9	(12.7) 10.2		(33.8)
Number in sample			70	(100)	502	502 (100)	1,815	1,815 (100)	763	763 (100)	464	494 (100) 71 (100)	71	(100)	432	432 (100)

Table C16. Probability of divorce within certain durations per 1,000 marriages, 1961-67, England and Wales

Age of wife	Year of	Durati	on (in co	ompleted	years)
at marriage	divorce	5	10	15	20
Under 20	1961	14	58	89	109
	1962	15	63	96	119
	1963	17	72	108	130
	1964	19	78	116	140
	1965	20	87	127	153
	1966	22	88	131	157
	1967	25	98	114	171
20-24	1961	7	27	43	55
	1962	8	31	48	62
	1963	8	35	54	67
	1964	9	38	58	71
	1965	10	41	63	77
	1966	10	42	66	80
	1967	12	47	72	86
25-29	1961	6	22	33	43
	1962	6	22	36	46
	1963	6	25	38	47
	1964	7	26	40	50
	1965	6	27	41	51
	1966	8	29	43	53
	1967	8	30	46	56

EXTERNAL MIGRATION

The most comprehensive source of information about external migration is the International Passenger Survey (IPS), which is described in detail in the Registrar General's Statistical Review of England and Wales for the year 1966, Part III. Although the survey covers passenger movements on all the principal air and sea routes of the United Kingdom, except those to and from the Republic of Ireland, the estimates derived from it, as from any random sample, are subject to margins of sampling error. Moreover the survey measures 'intending' migration, that is to say those passengers who anticipate remaining in the receiving country for a year or more. In fact not all passengers fulfil this intention. Conversely some 'visitors' may obtain permission to remain in this country for more than a year and so should be classed as migrants in the survey, but are not. Because of such factors the IPS estimates are checked, where possible, against sources involving a 100 per cent count. The figures can then be adjusted, if necessary, to correct any substantial errors and also to measure, as far as possible, 'actual' as against 'intending' migration. At the same time these comparisons enable an assessment to be made whether other errors, such as those due to bias, are affecting the results; instance, a continuous under-enumeration in the IPS estimate for a certain category when compared with a complete count tends to suggest that the difference is due to more than just sampling error.

The two major sources with which the IPS estimates are compared are the statistics collected by the Home Office from the immigration control of aliens and Commonwealth citizens, and migration data published by the main 'receiving countries' of British emigration.

Statistics from receiving countries

Australia, Canada, New Zealand, South Africa and the USA issue regularly, some quarterly as well as annually, varying sets of tabulations on immigrants. All five countries give details on last permanent residence and, with the exception of the USA, on citizenship or nationality. Other variables included in some but not all of the sources are sex, age, marital status, country of birth and occupation. Where this additional information is available a more detailed comparison than just total number is made. The following table shows the comparison between the IPS and receiving countries' data for 1966 and 1967.

Table C17. Total number of emigrants from the United Kingdom to specified countries

(thousands)

	19	966	19	967
Receiving country	IPS estimates	Receiving country statistics	IPS estimates	Receiving country statistics
Australia	86.0	88.9	83.6	80.9
Canada	63.8	63.3	64.0	62.4
New Zealand	15.9	16.7	15.5	16.4
South Africa	14.2	13.1	15.3	13.0
United States*	18.0	19.0	25.0	24.0

^{*}From Great Britain

The United States definition of an immigrant is an alien, other than a returning resident, admitted for permanent residence. For this reason the IPS estimates of returning United States nationals are excluded from Table C17.

The comparisons demonstrate the reliability of the IPS figures. For individual years the slight differences between the two sources could be partly, if not wholly, accounted for by the time difference in the compilation of the figures. Some migrants will have left this country at the end of one year and arrived in the receiving country at the beginning of the next if they travelled by sea. For the two years 1966 and 1967 the IPS estimate of emigration to Australia was 169.6 thousand while the statistics published by the Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics in Canberra showed an inflow of 169.8 thousand; a difference of far less than 1 per cent.

It must be stated, however, that since the sampling fraction is largest on the long air and long sea outward routes and emigrants to these five countries are likely to travel by them, the close agreement shown between the statistics from the two sources is not entirely unexpected.

Table C18 shows a comparison by age-groups of IPS estimates with Canadian statistics.

Table C18. Emigration from the United Kingdom to Canada

(thousands)

	19	966	19	967
Age	IPS estimates	Canadian statistics	IPS estimates	Canadian statistics
All ages	63.8	63.3	64.0	62.4
Under 15	19.3	18.3	16.2	17.0
15-24	15.6	15.8	18.3	16.7
25-44	25.3	25.1	25.3	24.7
45-64	2.8	3.2	3.1	3.1
65 and over	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.8

Once again the figures illustrate the reliability of the IPS estimates, even for relatively small disaggregations on the long outward routes.

Home Office statistics

(i) Sources

The movement of aliens and Commonwealth Citizens is controlled under the Aliens Order 1953 and the Commonwealth Immigrants Act 1962 and 1968. The 1968 Act extended immigration control to those citizens of the UK and Colonies who have no 'qualifying connection' with this country. This latter group is, broadly speaking, those persons neither born, naturalised, adopted nor registered in the UK nor having a parent or grandparent who was.

Statistics derived from these enactments show categories relevant to this control, the type of category into which passengers are divided being determined by the immigration officers. The categories into which aliens are allocated are as follows:

- (1) visitors admitted for 3 months or less;
- (2) visitors admitted for more than 3 months;
- (3) passengers in transit;
- (4) diplomats/persons of foreign government missions and their dependants;
- (5) foreigners joining crews of ships and aircraft in the UK;
- (6) foreign workers admitted for less than 12 months;

- (7) foreign workers admitted for 12 months;
- (8) dependants of foreign workers admitted for 12 months;
- (9) persons (other than workers or diplomats) admitted for 12 months or more;
- (10) foreigners returning from temporary absence abroad.

Monthly statistics are prepared which show the category and nationality of all arriving aliens. There is no categorisation on departure, the statistics showing only the total number of aliens embarking, according to nationality. On arrival, aliens also have to complete a landing card containing a limited number of questions, e.g. sex, age, occupation. A similar formality is required at departure.

The categorisation of arrivals under the Commonwealth Immigrants Acts is somewhat different from that applied to aliens, as illustrated below:

- (1) visitors for three months or less;
- (2) visitors for more than three months;
- (3) students;
- (4) holders of employment vouchers;
- (5) dependants accompanying or coming to join the head of the household;
- (6) persons coming for settlement not included elsewhere;
- (7) diplomats and officials (and their dependants);
- (8) passengers in transit;
- (9) persons joining crews of ships or aircraft;
- (10) persons returning to the UK from temporary absence abroad.

As is the case with aliens, only the total numbers departing are given, although a distinction is made as to whether they are men, women or children (under 16 years of age). The annual publication of these statistics also includes an analysis, supplied by the Department of Employment and Productivity, of applications received and work youchers issued.

(ii) Comparisons with IPS estimates

Detailed comparisons between the IPS estimates and Home Office data are not possible because of differences in definition. This is particularly so for Commonwealth citizens.

Broadly speaking, aliens included in categories 7, 8 and 9 are likely to be classified as immigrants in the IPS i.e. passengers expressing an intention of remaining in the UK for 12 months or more. Valid comparison cannot be made for individual foreign countries because in general the numbers entering from any one country are comparatively small and hence the IPS estimates are subject to

relatively wide margins of sampling error. This problem is made more acute because the vast majority of aliens travel on the short sea and air routes, where the sampling fraction is smallest. Also it is, in the main, the alien stream which is affected by the fact that certain 'non-approved' ports are not covered by the IPS e.g. the Tyne seaports, through which a large contingent from Scandinavia pass, and the United States air bases in East Anglia. The importance of these 'non-approved' ports came to light as a result of comparing the two sources of data. Table C19 shows a comparison between the two sources after allowances have been made to the Home Office statistics to exclude immigrants entering at the important ports not covered by the IPS.

Table C19. Total Number of Alien Immigrants

 (thousands)

 Year
 Home Office statistics*
 IPS estimate

 1966
 76.6
 76.9

 1967
 70.6
 68.0

The comparison is very favourable as it is also for the 'Common Market' countries, which are not significantly affected by the 'non-approved' ports, as illustrated in Table C20.

Table C20. Immigration of Nationals from European Economic Community

 (thousands)

 Year
 Home Office statistics*
 IPS estimate

 1965
 28.0
 28.3

 1966
 27.6
 28.2

 1967
 24.7
 23.9

The major difficulty with the alien stream is that it is likely that substantial numbers of aliens admitted for twelve months return home before completing this length of stay. They will probably have been included as immigrants in the IPS but not as emigrants on return, since they will not have resided in this country for a year. This means that the net figures derived from the IPS are too large and need reducing to obtain a more accurate estimate of the alien contribution by net migration to population change from one mid-year to the next. There are two sources from which an estimate of this difference between 'intending' and 'actual' migration can be derived. Firstly, the Census of Population gives an order of magnitude of the

^{*}Categories 7, 8 and 9 on pages 38, 39

^{*}Categories 7, 8 and 9 on pages 38, 39

inflow during intercensal periods. For instance, by comparing the birthplaces of the resident population in the 1961 Census and the 1966 Sample Census and allowing for deaths in the period, it was estimated that the net inflow of aliens remaining for a year or more was on average about 20 thousand per annum. Secondly, the Home Office statistics on the number of aliens accepted for permanent residence acts as a check when summated over a number of years. The latter reservation applies since the figures for any one year include both unconditional landings for permanent residence during that year and aliens whose conditions have been cancelled after residing in this country for the required number of years.

A detailed comparison between the Home Office data and the IPS estimates of the inflow of Commonwealth citizens is even more difficult than that for aliens. This is because, apart from the visitor categories, no indication is given of the length of time those arriving are initially allowed to remain in this country. For instance, some students may remain for nine months while others may stay for much longer. On qualifying some may take up employment in this country and remain indefinitely. However, one area of deficiency in the IPS estimates has been revealed by the Home Office statistics. This was an under-enumeration in the number of children arriving from India and Pakistan. Since all such entrants are likely to be immigrants a valid comparison between the two sources is possible, the only difficulty being that the Home Office definition of a child is a person under 16 years of age whereas the IPS includes persons under the age of 15 years. Nevertheless, the difference between the two sources when compared was too large to be accounted for by the differing definitions or sampling error. A thorough examination of the entry forms endorsed 'non-contact' and 'refusal' showed that much of the underenumeration was unquestionably due to non-response resulting from language difficulties. As a result interpreters are now employed at London airport, and they are having the desired effect of improving the response.

Adjustments which are made to the IPS estimates in determining the Commonwealth citizens' contribution by migration to population change are based on two aspects of the Home Office data. First, the IPS figures are brought into line with an estimate of the number of Commonwealth citizens who are almost certain to remain in this country for at least a year. These comprise holders of employment vouchers, dependants and other settlers (Home Office categories 4, 5 and 6). A proportion of students and long-term visitors are also included. Second, an allowance is estimated from the Home Office arrival/embarkation balance for those who initially intend to stay in this country for less than a year but in fact remain here for at least a year. For instance, for the calendar year 1967 the IPS showed an inflow of approximately 58 thousand New Commonwealth citizens. The Home Office indicated an inflow of about 63 thousand immigrants on the assumption that all voucher holders, dependants, others for settlement and about half of the students and long-term visitors resided in this country for a year or more. Consequently the IPS inflow figure of 58 thousand was increased by about 11 thousand; 5 thousand for the above difference and 6 thousand for 'change of intention'.

Mid-year to mid-year migration flows

Adjustments to the IPS figures as have been described are necessary for estimating the annual contribution of 'civilian migration' to the total population. Estimates have also to be made, for the UK, of movement to and from the Republic of Ireland, which is not covered by the IPS. These estimates are derived from national insurance statistics (new entrants and re-entrants into national insurance with the

Republic of Ireland as last address overseas) interpreted in the light of ad hoc surveys and census data. The national insurance statistics have necessarily to be used since there is no other source, their major limitations being that they do not cover the whole of the immigrant population and that the date of registration or re-registration may differ considerably from the actual date of entry.

Table C21 gives annual estimated gross flows for the period mid-1964.

Table C21. Movements into/out from the United Kingdom*

(thousands)

C' 1:			Year ended	30th June	
Citizenship)	1965	1966	1967	1968
Aliens	in out	60 38	59 35	69 39	62 38
	net	+ 22	+ 24	+ 30	+ 24
01d Commonwealth	in out	16 15	15 17	17 12	15 25
	net	+, 1	* 2	+ 5	- 10
New Commonwea1th [≠]	in out	73 18	61 19	66 21	87 17
	net	+ 55	+ 42	+ 45	+ 70
British (UK)	in out	74 210	74 215	79 254	78 206
	net	-136	-141	-175	-128
Republic of Ireland δ	in out	68 39	51 24	63 31	51 26
	net	+ 29	+ 27	+ 32	+ 25
All Citizens	in out	291 320	260 310	294 357	293 312
	net	- 29	- 50	* 63	- 19

^{*}This table relates to civilian migrant movement as an element in change in the total population of the UK.

Deployment of HM and Allied Forces between this country and overseas is excluded. Also excluded are a small number of wives and dependants of USA Forces entering or leaving the United Kingdom each year by 'non-approved' ports. Since a migrant is defined as a passenger with a minimum of twelve months residence in his or her last country of residence who remains for at least a year in the receiving country, the figures will cover a number of people spending a limited time in or out of the UK e.g. students, doctors, teachers as well as those moving in or out for permanent settlement.

[/]Old Commonwealth relates to Australia, Canada and New Zealand; New Commonwealth to the remaining Commonwealth countries.

[₹]UK passport holders from East Africa are included in the New Commonwealth stream for the year, mid-1967 to mid-1968.

Direct movement between the two countries.

The table shows that in the year mid-1967 to mid-1968 there was a considerable decrease in the net outflow when compared with the three previous years. This was mainly due to a considerable drop in emigration of UK citizens to the Old Commonwealth countries as demonstrated by Table C22 coupled with the mass arrival of persons of Asian origin from East Africa and an increase in the number of dependants from India and Pakistan.

Table C22. Emigration of UK Citizens

(Figures have been rounded to nearest thousand)

Year		Count	ry of destination	1
ended 30th June	Canada	Australia	New Zealand	Old Commonwealth
1965	31	83	12	126
1966	45	80	12	136
1967	64	83	16	163
1968	41	66	8	116

In order to arrive at net migration figures for England and Wales, migration within the United Kingdom has to be taken into account as well. These estimates are derived from the operations of the National Health Service Central Registers at Southport and Edinburgh. Movement of persons between Executive Council Areas of the National Health Service are recorded at the Central Registers in order to prevent the inflation of doctors' lists. The main limitations of this source of migration statistics are that private patients (estimated at about 2 per cent of the population) are not included in the figures and that the date of registration with a new doctor and date of movement may, like National Insurance registrations, differ considerably; some persons may not register at all, particularly if they move more than once in a short period of time.

Since the annual net intake of aliens, Commonwealth citizens and persons from the Republic of Ireland into the populations of Scotland and Northern Ireland is comparatively small, the only appreciable change in the net figures for England and Wales compared with those for the UK is in the UK passport holders stream.

Table C23. Estimated net intake (+) or outflow (-) of categories of migrant into or out from the total population of England and Wales mid-1959 to mid-1968*

(thousands)

Year ended 30th June	On foreign passports	from the Old	On passports from New Commonwealth Countries	with	From rest of UK	On UK passports beyond the British Isles	Net migra- tion
1960	+30	+10	+ 65	+32	+24	- 37	+124
1961	+18	+10	+130	+33	+29	- 46	+174
1962	+19	+ 8	+177	+29	+30	- 56	+207
1963	+19	* 3	+ 50	+28	+32	- 91	+ 35
1964	+20	+10	+ 73	+27	+31	-124	+ 37
1965	+22	+ 1	+ 55	+29	+27	-109	+ 25
1966	+24	~ 2	+ 42	+27	+27	-116	+ 2
1967	+30	+ 5	+ 45	+32	+19	-142	- 11
1968	+23	-10	+ 68	+25	+15	-105	+ 16

^{*}The same footnotes apply as for Table C21.

This table shows that for recent years the net contribution of migration to the population of England and Wales has been relatively insignificant. Mid-1966 to mid-1967 was the first year since 1955 that there was loss of population by migration from England and Wales. The year mid-1967 to mid-1968 did not follow the same pattern, for reasons already mentioned, despite a diminished net inflow from the rest of the UK and the Republic of Ireland.

Age and sex structure of migrant flows

The age-sex structure of the different categories of migrant vary considerably as does the structure for some individual streams over a period of time. For instance the inflow of New Commonwealth citizens has changed from predominantly adult males, as it was in the early 1960s, to mainly children and wives, this change being due to the time-lag between the arrival of the head of household and that of his dependants.

Table C24 gives the overall impact by migration of the different streams on the age-sex structure of the total population of England and Wales for the years ending 30th June 1967 and 1968.

Table C24. Change in age and sex structure by migration of the total population, England and Wales

(thousands)

Age		ly 1966. une 1967		11y 1967• Tune 1968
	Males	Females	Males	Females
All ages	- 6	~ 5	+ 4	+12
0-14	+15	-13	+ 3	+ 4
15-24	+17	+25	+13	+29
25-44	- 4	-10	-10	*14
45-64	- 4	- 5	0	- 7
65 and over	0	- 1	- 2	0

The most significant change between the two years has been in the 0.14 age. group; the change to a net gain in 1967.68 being primarily the result of a big decrease in the number of children of UK origin emigrating coupled with an increase in the number of immigrant children of New Commonwealth origin, particularly from Asia. The former change may well have been due to the fact that the economic position abroad, particularly Canada and New Zealand, was less healthy in 1967.68 than it had been in earlier years and this could well have deterred larger families from making the move.

Immigrant stock

The chapter has so far dealt with annual flows of migrants. The stock at any one point of time is also important since it reflects the result on the population of the total flow of migrants and not just that for recent years. The Census of Population is the sole source of information on the stock of immigrants, an immigrant in this particular context being defined as a person resident in this country who had been born overseas. Estimates of net migration can be derived from the birth-place data by taking the change in numbers enumerated in successive censuses and allowing for deaths in the intercensal period. (The precise number of deaths in an intercensal period to any one immigrant group which is required to make this estimate has not in the past been available, but from 1st April 1969 place of birth of a deceased person is required on registration of death). The 1961 Census and 1966 Sample Census of Population both contained questions on the usual residence one year before census date (and in the Sample Census five years before Census date) from which migrant flow figures based on last permanent residence have also been derived. These questions were, however, primarily included to supply information on 'internal' migration (movement within the country).

Table C25 shows the growth of different immigrant groups estimated from successive censuses.

Table C25. Resident Population of Great Britain born outside the UK at specified Censuses of Population (Percentages of Home Population are shown in brackets) 1

(thousands)

Birthplace	1931	1951	1961	1966
Aliens ²	347	722	842	886
	(0.8)	(1.5)	(1.6)	(1.7)
Old Commonwealth	75	99	110	125
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
New Commonwealth	137 (0.3)	218 (0.4)	541 (1.1)	853 (1.6)
Republic of Ireland ³	362	532	709	732
	(0.8)	(1.1)	(1.4)	(1.4)
Tota1	921	1,571	2,202	2,596
	(2.0)	(3.2)	(4.3)	(5.0)

¹ Those born in the Isle of Man and Channel Isles and at sea are excluded.

It must be borne in mind that since the figures relate to birthplace, they include persons of UK origin born outside the UK. This is likely to be most relex vant for the New Commonwealth group, which will include, for example, persons born in India and Pakistan to parents posted there or children born to parents working on projects in developing countries. Conversely, children born in this country to the immigrant groups are excluded.

Table C25 shows that the New Commonwealth-born population has experienced, in recent years, by far the most rapid growth of all the immigrant groups in our population, and is estimated to have moved into top place since 1966 when it was only just the second largest group after the foreign-born.

The large-scale inflow to this country of people from the New Commonwealth which built up through the 1950s and a demand for factual information about this has led the General Register Office to publish separate volumes on 'Commonwealth Immigrants' from the last two censuses. The 1961 Census volume only covers the conurbations, while the 1966 Sample Census volume contains detailed tabulations for Creat Britain down to conurbation level. From these tabulations a number of further analyses of the Commonwealth Immigrant population has been made possible, e.g. an estimate of the number of children born in Great Britain to parent(s) of New Commonwealth origin and estimates of fertility.

² Including South African.

³ Including Ireland (part not stated).

(i) Age structure

An age distribution of the New Commonwealth population based solely on birthplace data is biased because, as already explained, it excludes children born in this country and includes persons of UK origin born in the New Commonwealth. Table C26 shows the difference in the total numbers after allowances are made for these two categories and Table C27 the difference in the age-sex structure.

Table C26. New Commonwealth population in Great Britain 1966

(thousands)

	(**************************************
Source	Number
Total number born in New Commonwealth	850
United Kingdom descent	130
Population of New Commonwealth birth and descent	720
Births in Great Britain	250
Population of New Commonwealth origin	970

Table C27. Age-sex structures of New Commonwealth born and persons of New Commonwealth origin based on the 1966 Sample Census of Population

	New Common	wealth	born popula	tion	Population		ew Commonwea	lth
Age	Male		Female		Male		Female	
	Number (thousands)	Per cent	Number (thousands)	Per cent	Number (thousands)	Per cent	Number (thousands)	Per cent
All ages	480	100	373	100	540	100	431	100
Under 15	80	16.7	76	20.4	166	30.7	162	37.6
15*24	79	16.5	72	19.4	80	14.8	70	16.2
25*44	245	50.9	155	41.6	224	41.5	137	31.8
45*64	66	13.7	52	13.9	60	11.1	46	10.7
65 and over	11	2.2	18	4.8	10	1.9	16	3.7

Table C28 gives a more detailed age sex breakdown of the New Commonwealth population together with the percentage each age-group constitutes of the home population.

Table C28. The New Commonwealth Population in Great Britain, 1966
Numbers and Percentage of the Home Population

	Males		Female:	S	Total	
Age	Number (thousands)	Per cent	Number (thousands)	Per cent	Number (thousands)	Per cent
All ages	540	2.1	431	1.6	971	1.8
0*	82	3.4	83	3.7	165	3.5
5-	51	\2.4	49	2.5	100	2.4
10-	33	1.8	30	1.7	63	1.7
15-	38	1.8	31	1.5	69	1.7
20=	42	2.3	39	2.1	81	2.2
25+	73	4.4	47	2.9	120	3.6
30*	65	4.0	38	2.4	103	3.2
35*	51	3.1	30	1.8	81	2.5
40-	35	2.0	22	1.2	57	1.6
45-	25	1.5	16	0.9	41	1.2
50-	17	1.0	12	0.7	29	0.8
55+	11	0.7	10	0.6	21	0.6
60-	7	0.5	8	0.5	15	0.5
65 and over	10	0.4	16	0.4	26	0.4

Notes:

- (1) The population of New Commonwealth origin covers immigrants of all ages of New Commonwealth birth and descent and children of such immigrants born in Great Britain.
- (2) The figures are estimates based upon 1966 Sample Census data and are subject to sampling error. Figures should be regarded as showing orders of magnitude only.

The New Commonwealth population is estimated to have risen from the 970 thousand in 1966 to about 1.15 million by mid-1968 and at mid-1969 to about 1.25 million.

Table C28 shows that the New Commonwealth population amounted in 1966 to about 1.8 per cent of the home population of Great Britain. However, individual agegroups constituted a much higher proportion, particularly the age-group 20-39 and consequently the age-group 0-9 which reflects their children's births. The 1966 population also had an unequal sex ratio; 540 thousand males to 430 thousand females. This is partly a reflection of the fact that many males of working age immigrate unaccompanied, leaving any dependants overseas to follow later when the head of the household has established himself here, and partly reflecting a bigger inflow of male rather than female children.

(ii) Fertility

Estimates of the fertility of the New Commonwealth population over the period 1961 to 1966 were made by relating the number of children aged 0-4 years enumerated in the 1966 Sample Census to the female population aged 15-44 years (the crude birth rate, so often quoted, which relates births to the total population, is a particularly defective measure of fertility since it conceals the unbalanced sex ratio and age structure of the New Commonwealth population). For the period 1961 to 1966 the annual average fertility rate taken over the whole age range 15-44 years was found to be approximately two-thirds in excess of the comparable Great Britain rate. However, it was still necessary to allow further for the fact that the New Commonwealth female population was unduly concentrated between the ages of 20 and 30 years, the decade over which age-specific fertility rates reach their peak. When the distorted distribution within the reproductive age range 15-44 years was taken into account, the overall fertility excess of the New Commonwealth population was reduced to about one-third over that of Great Britain as a whole, on an age standardised comparison. It must be borne in mind, however, that this excess related to the total New Commonwealth population. Individual immigrant groups varied about this average. For instance the West Indians and Asians were likely to have had an excess fertility of the order of 50 per cent, whereas the fertility excess of the Mediterranean group (Cyprus, Malta and Gibraltar) was found to be almost negligible. The consequence of this was that areas, such as the West Midlands, which had a high concentration of Asians and West Indians were likely to be those areas in which the New Commonwealth population had a high proportion of total births, particularly in the light of the distorted age distribution.

Owing to the nature of the data available for estimating fertility, only a summary of the order of magnitude has been included in this chapter. However, since 1st April 1969, place of birth of parents is required at birth registration. As these statistics become available a more detailed and sounder analysis of the fertility of the New Commonwealth population will be possible.

BIRTHS

Seasonal Variations in Live Births

Introduction

Since 1870 there has been little change in the main feature of the seasonal birth pattern in England and Wales (see Diagram 6). The only noticeable changes correspond with the war years. During the period 1915-19 the birth incidence in the March quarter fell, whereas the birth incidence in the December quarter rose to a remarkable height. Similar, though less marked changes can be seen during the period around the second World War. As soon as the war was over in both periods, the pattern returned to normal.

In 1967, as in other years, the monthly distribution of legitimate live births in England and Wales exhibited a bimodal pattern with a major peak in March and a minor peak in September. The illegitimate live births seasonal distribution is similar to the legitimate live births. Although there has been a slight variation in the March peak the distribution of total live births has not exhibited any changes in its modal points since 1953 (see Tables C29-C31).

One of the possible reasons put forward for the high birth incidence during the months of February and March has been tax measures. There is a tax allowance refundable for the current financial year for each child born up to the last day of the financial year. With the present state of knowledge, the date of birth of a child cannot, however, be estimated with any confidence to within two weeks of accuracy. For any couple to gain an end of financial year tax rebate, there would have to be a calculation that the date of arrival of the baby should be aimed to be at least two weeks before the end of the financial year and for an extra margin of certainty at least two menstrual cycles would need to be taken into account. However, if births were actually geared towards the Income Tax advantage, the birth occurrences from the middle of the first quarter should be showing a significant increase from the normal. This indeed is the trend shown from the weekly birth registrations but it would be rash to conclude that it is the incentive of tax rebate that alone is responsible for this trend.

Shifts in the monthly pattern of births expressed in terms of seasonal indices exhibit a general increase in the proportions of births occurring during the first half of the year and a corresponding decrease in the latter half. This is shown in the following Tables C29-C31. Since 1939 the amplitude of the distribution has fluctuated but overall during the past 30 years, the seasonal fluctuations have tended to decrease. A measure of the amplitude of these monthly fluctuations around the annual average of 100 is the standard deviation. Between 1939 and 1947 it varied from 2.5 to 9.7 for all live births (legitimate and illegitimate combined) and since 1948 it has fluctuated from a high point of 7.2 to a minimum of 3.4; it The fluctuation has not been regular (see Table was 5.7 in 1948 and 5.4 in 1967. C29 and Diagram 7). The magnitude of the fluctuations for legitimate births is very similar to that for total births but the pattern of fluctuation for illegitimate births is different. Between 1939 and 1947, the standard deviation for illegitimate births, though varying irregularly, remained very high - between 4.9 and 13.3. Since 1947 it has declined almost continuously; it was 11.8 in 1947 and only 3.6 in 1967 (see Table C31 and Diagram 8). In 1967 the amplitude for illegitimate births was lower than that for legitimate births. The decrease in the fluctuation suggests that seasonal influence on the occurrence of births is declining, i.e. the timing of births is becoming more and more random rather than being determined by certain factors such as social or environmental or biological circumstances.

Seasonal indices* of total live births 1939 to 1967, England and Wales

Table C29

100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	98. 100. 101. 96. 97. 95. 97. 96. 97. 96.	102 102 103 103 100 101 100 100 100 100	00000 4 0000 7	107.2 108.2 100.5 100.7 104.9 106.1 106.5 106.5 106.5 106.5 106.5 106.5	0 27774 0489 0522	104 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	rr00 40010 44004
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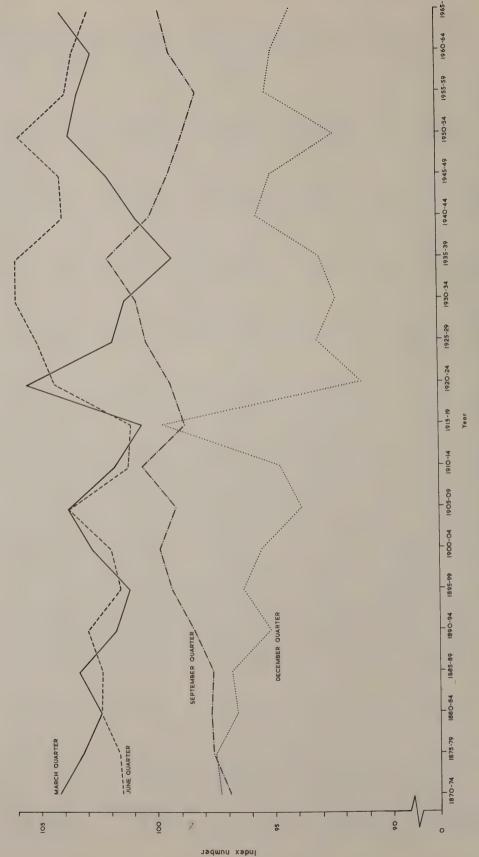
*Ratio of monthly daily average to that of the calendar year taken as 100

*Ratio of monthly daily average to that of the calendar year taken as 100

State of the state	deviation			2.8				6.0							5.7						3.7						3.5		1	5.0	4.6	4.6	4.3	5.6
S	December	92.7	92.7	100.3	98.0	(94.9	97.5	98.2	114.0	87.2	~		2 (97.6	3	3	C	1 (\sim	6.76	N	2				97.2		(97.0	94.3	92.6	95.0	93.9
and wales	November	91.4	86.1	6.96	95.3	0	92.3	95.1	96.2	108.8	86.3	01 1	01.1	21.2	91.7	88.2	92.3	0 00	0.00	92.0	94.2	92.1	3				93.1	93.4					91.1	
England	October	93.9	93.1	100.5	99.1			95.5				03.7			94.1						95.4			97.5	95.9	97.4	96.8	94.0	0	7.06	92.6	96.1	96.2	94.3
10 1967,	September	100.3	104.8	106.3	102.8	1	7.66	96.7	9.66	109.7	95.9	98 1	100.2	700.7	100.2	97.	100.6	100 7	1.001	98.4	98.7	100.2	100.9	100.6	99.0	101.5	100.7	6.86	0	99.1	100.8	100.9	102.0	9.66
onth	August			100.5		Č						95 6	0.7.0	7.10	96.0	8.96	97.4				96.1			95	96	97	98						100.0	
M o	July			97.9		7	101.4	102.3	100.4	100.6	99.8	100 1	000	0.00	90.8	101.5	00	102 6	102.0	100.2	100.3	100.4	97.5	94.0	100.1	100.4	99.9	99.2	0	1007	102.4	101.1	101.2	98.5
are live	June	-	98	95	-	0	103.9	107.0	102.8	100.4	103.4	101 7	104 2		102.5	105.7	100.6	106 2	100.4	102.4	102.7	101.2	102.5				101.4		0	102.	102.	101.	101.5	100.
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10	Apri1	107.3		100.2	102.7			106.7		95.0		106 2		•	100.5					105.0	104.3	06.					103.6			7.	3	٦.	6.	6.
nd i ces	March	104.0	107.2	100.4	102.6	L	105.3	106.1	97.1	93.2	110.9	106.0	106 7	1.001	108.0	107.6	106.2	105 0	7.001	100.6	105.2	108.0	105.4	108.9	107.7	105.7	106.2	108.8	0	109.0	106.6	108.0	107.6	110.2
easonal	February	99.5	106.4	100.9	95.1	•	101.9	98.8	104.5	87.5	109.1	105.2	. ~		104.4	_	10	102 0	1 1 1	٠		9	6	6.	8	9.		א		2		_	103.0	~
080	January	0.86	100.7		94.4	1	1.66	92.1	102.0	81.8	110.7	104 0	0 80		102.2	100.4	0.66	8 90	0 0	7.66		98.9		100.1	101.3	95.3	98.6	98.4	•	1.001	6.76	98.2	99.3	100.6
aple	Year	1939	40	41	42	7	1943	44	45	46	47	1948	40	2 1	20	51	52	1053)	54	52	26	57	1958	59	09	61	62	0	1903	64	65	99	29

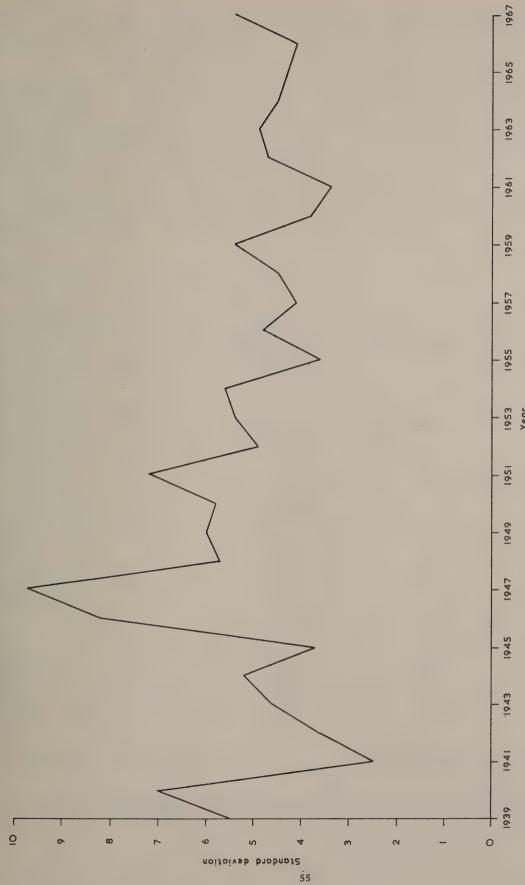
Standard	deviation			1	6.7						11.8						7.5	•			ري دي:	3.9					3.7				3.0		
	December			102.4			-				87.4						92.1				100.0	6.76		97.4			98.3				96.3		
	November			99.0						86.2							86.8	90.1			92.3			91.4				и	·	·	97.4	6.	73
	October	ν.	N)	91.3	Ϊ.					84.3						86.9	87.9	88.0			94.3			91.6							95.7		
	September			105.1		(102.0	100.0	91.3	93.3	94.9	3	L	n	∞	93.8	∞	97.0	98.3	97.2	97.5	98.8	106.8		102.6) *	UI.	104.1	01.	
nth	August			100.3	00					92.4						91.9		4	$\overline{}$	9	7.96	9	4	98.2	7	0	00	S	•	98.	100.4	9	5
M	July	03.	02.	104.7	01.	(97.7		101.9	0.2	00.	94.	101.2	03.	00	102.1	02	98.9	99.3	90.1	101.7	102.8	01	98.9	0	, 6	To T	101.2	0	8
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	May	13.	19.	107.6	04.	(9	04	08	114.8	60		77	1 t	. / 0	111.7	07.	10.	08.	03.	104.5	01.	05.	105.7	05.	00	. 90	90	000	05.	102.1	03.	02.
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Vear		1939	40	41	42	2	1943	44	45	46	47	1948	40	1	00	51	52	1953	54	55	56	57	1958	59	09	61	62	1963	V	† 1	65	99	67

*Ratio of monthly daily average to that of the calendar year taken as 100

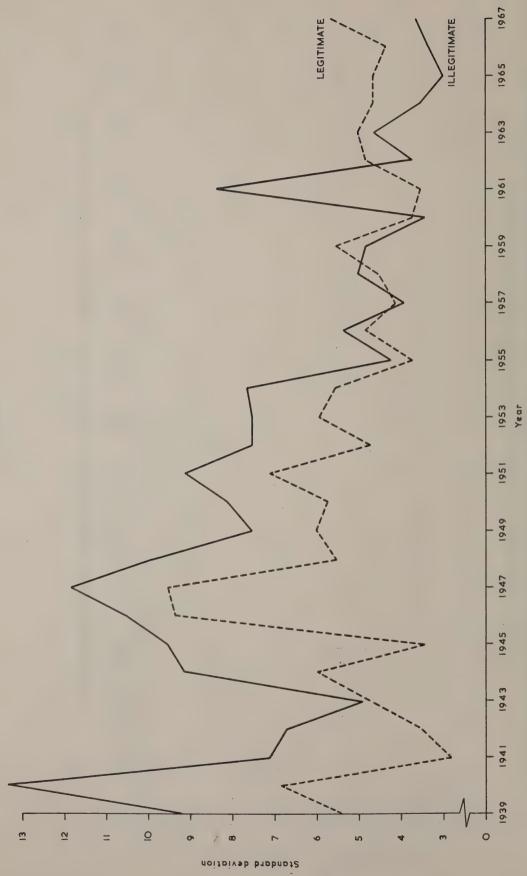


Seasonal indices of live births by quarter 1870 - 1968, England and Wales

** Ratio of quarterly daily average to that of the calendar year taken as IOO



Standard deviation of seasonal indices of total live births, 1939-1967, England and Wales



Standard deviations of seasonal indices of live births by legitimacy, 1939 to 1967, England and Wales

When the seasonality of births is examined in terms of economic regions of the country, no systematic differences emerge, and the basic features of the distribution described above apply.

A number of serious attempts have been made to establish the factors underlying the seasonal distribution of births in many countries, the United States and India especially. Attention in recent years has been focused on what might be referred to as 'environmental' and 'social' factors. Falling into the environmental category are climatic factors such as temperature, barometric pressure and nutritional patterns; social factors include season of marriage, dates of major holidays and socio-economic status of parents.

The effects of temperature and season of marriage are considered here, in order to evaluate the influence, if any, they have on the seasonal pattern of births.

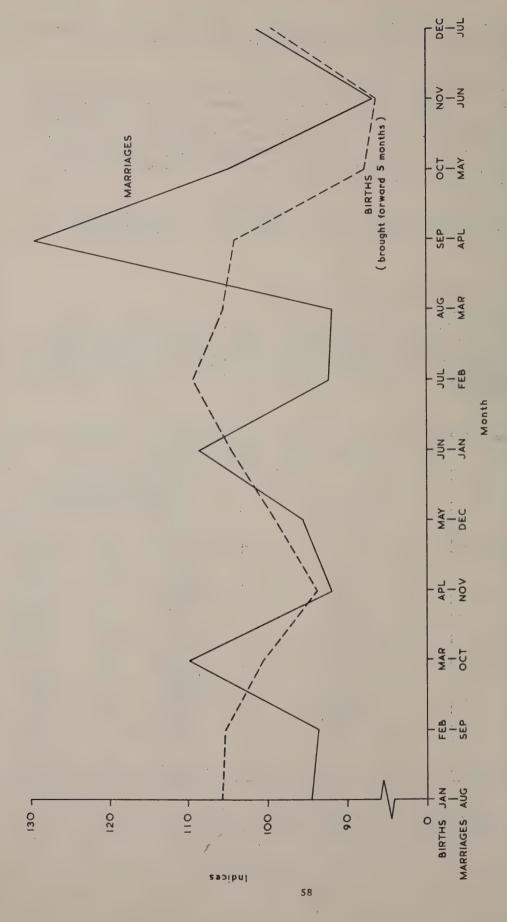
Marriage incidence and seasonal pattern of births

The relationship between month of marriage and month of first birth in England and Wales, if it exists at all, appears to be a very weak one. Diagram 9 (and Table C32) illustrate this relationship by showing the average seasonal distribution of marriages by month (1964-67) and the average seasonal distribution of first births (1965-67).

Table C32 Marriage (1964-67) and birth indices* (1965-67) (first births to women married less than I year) by month, England and Wales

Month	Marriage	Birth In brought fo	
1/1044 C11	Indices*	5 months	10 months
January	108.5	104.4	86.3
February	92.3	109.1	99.3
March	91.8	105.4	105.5
April	129.3	104.0	105.2
May	104.9	87.6	100.5
June	86.7	86.3	93.8
July	101.2	99.3	99.0
August	94.4	105.5	104.4
September	93.7	105.2	109.1
October	109.8	100.5	105.4
November	92.0	93.8	104.0
December	95.5	99.0	87.6
Correlation Coefficient		+ 0.166	+ 0.079

^{*} Ratio of monthly daily average to that of the calendar year taken as 100.



Marriage and birth indices (first births to women married less than I year) by month, 1965-67, England and Wales

In England and Wales, of the women having a child within the first year of their marriage about 65 per cent of them do so within eight months of their marriage, at a modal interval of just over 5 months after marriage. When this modal interval of 5 months between marriage and first births was assumed, the correlation between the two series was +0.166. A modal interval of 10 months gave a correlation coefficient of +0.079.

A possible reason for the weak relationship between marriage index and birth index may be the fact that marriage itself is subject to very high seasonal fluctuations, the number of Saturdays in a month, the number of public holidays and government fiscal measures. To obtain the marriage indices used in the analyses, the number of marriages were adjusted to standard months and equal number of Saturdays in the months and then the indices were seasonally adjusted to remove any seasonal fluctuations in marriages. Even so the conclusion is that there is no firm relationship between incidence of marriage and first births.

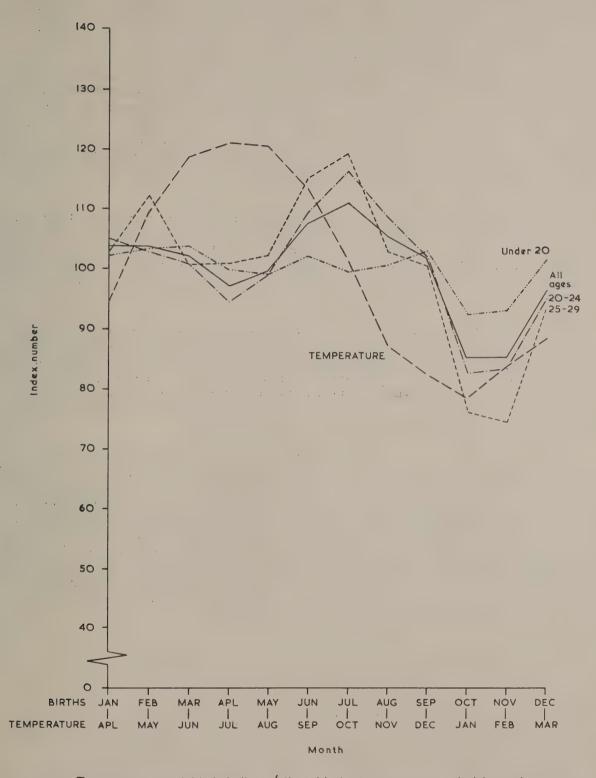
Temperature and seasonal pattern of births

Weather conditions vary widely from day to day and from area to area. The meteorological department has stations in many local areas in which the weather situation can be assumed to be uniform. The following analysis was limited to the GLC and Outer Metropolitan Area and the weather conditions at Kew are assumed to be approximate to those for the whole of the GLC and Outer Metropolitan Area. The average air temperature for each month of the year for observations taken at Kew is available for a period since 1930. Diagram 10 (and Table C33) illustrate the relationship between average monthly temperature and monthly birth indices, brought forward by 9 months.

Table C33 Temperature and birth indices* by month 1965-67 Greater London and Outer Metropolitan Area.

Month	Temperature Indices*			ght forward ther at birt	
	(Kew)	Under 20	20-24	25-29	All ages
	Parity O, Du	ration Under	i Year		
January	78.5	92.3	82.6	76.2	85.2
February	83.8	93.2	83.3	74.5	85.2
March	88.4	101.6	95.1	93.4	96.5
April	94.6	102.1	104.9	103.0	103.8
May	109.3	103.4	102.9	112.3	103.8
June	118.8	103.8	100.9	100.8	102.2
July	121.1	99.9	94.4	101.0	97.3
August	120.5	99.0	98.9	102.3	99.7
September	113.5	102.1	109.4	115.1	107.9
October	101.3	99.6	116.5	119.2	111.3
November	87.4	100.7	108.8	102.8	105.5
December	82.6	103.0	102.2	100.3	101.9
Correlation coefficient		+ 0.445	+ 0.325	+ 0.571	+ 0.429
	All parities,	Duration O-	9 Years		
January	78.5	95.8	95.5	92.4	93.6
February	83.8	95.9	93.4	89.1	91.1
March	88.4	100.9	95.7	87.9	91.8
Apri1	94.6	99.9	98.3	97.5	98.1
May	109.3	101.0	102.9	107.5	105.0
June	118.8	103.7	105.9	114.2	109.8
July	121.1	99.3	98.7	108.0	103.9
August	120.5	99.7	101.6	105.2	103.7
September	113.5	101.1	102.3	102.0	102.7
October	101.3	99.7	103.8	101.8	102.4
November	87.4	100.3	100.3	96.7	98.2
December	82.6	102.8	101.8	98.3	99.9
Correlation coefficient		+ 0.405	+ 0.612	+ 0.856	+ 0.834

^{*} Ratio of monthly daily average to that of the calendar year taken as 100.



Temperature and birth indices (first births to women married less than I year, by age of mother) by month, 1965-67, Greater London and Outer Metropolitan Area

It appears that temperature is correlated, to varying degrees, with the conception rates of women of different age-groups. For women aged under 20 years at maternity and with no previous live birth the correlation between the temperature index series and the birth index series lagged by nine months was + 0.445; for mothers of the same age-group but with previous live births the correlation coefficient was + 0.405, but in both cases the relationship is not statistically significant. For women aged 20-24 years at maternity who were having their first live birth, the correlation coefficient was + 0.325 and + 0.612 if they had had previous live births. The correlation coefficient is significant at 5 per cent level in the later case. It is also significant at 5 per cent level for women aged 25-29 years at maternity whether or not they had had a previous live birth. When this correlation analysis was repeated for England and Wales with the corresponding live birth indices and temperature indices (temperature at sea level), the same pattern emerged. See Diagram 11 and Table C34.

There are many possible interpretations that could be given for this positive relationship between conception rate of women aged 25 and over and temperature. In purely social terms, it could mean conception for the younger women is a random event, whereas childbearing for the older and more matured woman is more purposeful and even directed as well by certain biological or psychological factors which are not readily evident.

While statistical indications of a relationship between temperature and conception rates are indeed compelling, whether causal or not, departures from this simple relationship suggest that factors other than temperature account for part of the variance in monthly variations in conception rate. It is questionable, too, whether differences in climate alone can explain why in England and Wales conceptions reach peak levels from April to August while in the United States conceptions reach peak levels during October to January.

Another reason for exercising caution in interpreting these data is methodological. In this study the common practice of equating live births with conceptions 9 months earlier was adopted. In fact, infants born during a particular period reflect a range of gestational ages. In an investigation of all 23,970 live and stillbirths that occurred in 1947 in Birmingham CB to mothers domiciled in the city (see the Registrar General's Statistical Review 1962 Part III page 68) an estimated 74 per cent of all live births occurred during the interval 38-41 weeks of gestation. Furthermore there is evidence* that gestational lengths vary somewhat with months of conception. The extent to which the seasonal distribution of live births departs from the pattern of conceptions 9 months earlier cannot be estimated from the data available.

^{*} Hewitt, D: A possible seasonal effect of parturition. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Vol. 82, No. 4, 1961, pp. 940-942.

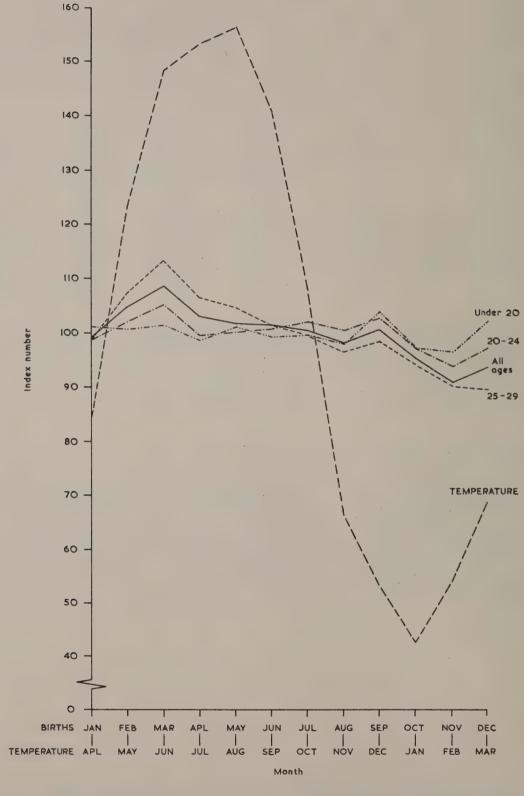
Table C34 Temperature and birth indices* by month 1965-67, England and Wales

Month	Temperature Indices* (at sea		ces* (broug age of mot		
	level)	Under 20	20-24	25-29	All ages
	All parities,	Duration 0-9	years		
January	42.8	97.3	97.1	94.1	95.3
February	53.8	96.4	93.7	90.1	91.9
March	68.9	102.1	97.2	89.7	93.7
April	84.4	101.2	98.8	98.8	99.2
May	123.7	100.6	102.0	107.6	104.7
June	148.5	101.5	105.2	113.1	108.6
July	153.5	98.8	99.6	106.7	103.2
August	156.5	101.1	100.1	104.7	102.8
September	140.8	99.3	100.8	101.4	101.4
October	107.4	99.7	102.1	99.6	100.6
November	66.2	98.0	100.6	96.6	98.1
December	53.2	103.9	102.9	98.4	100.8
Correlation Coefficient		+ 0.171	+ 0.508	+ 0.834	+ 0.793

^{*} Ratio of monthly daily average to that of the calendar year taken as 100.

Causes of seasonality in births and conceptions

Statistical associations such as those described above suggest the possibility of but cannot actually prove a direct interaction between environmental or social factors and monthly variation in conception rates. (For correlation between movements in two variables does not imply a causal relationship). A number of studies have hypothesized possible modes of interaction between these variables but as yet no studies have systematically investigated the suggested causes of seasonal variation in conception rates of humans.



Temperature and birth indices (births to women married less than 10 years, by age of mother) by month, 1965-67, England and Wales

Some researchers *(Pasamanick et al) have suggested that high temperature may reduce sexual activity or adversely affect the viability of sperms, thereby reducing the risk of conceptions; others **(Chang) stated that female fertility is also affected by high temperatures, which increase the incidence of amennorhea. Increased foetal death rates during the summer months have also been cited as a possible explanation for the consistent depression in the number of births associated with summer conceptions in the United States.

Consideration of weather conditions could be argued to be more important among families with limited means of providing winter comforts rather than in families of higher socio-economic status. Part of the peaks of births in the months of March and April could be due to deliberate attempts to gain tax refunds. Family planning practices resulting from more frequent and effective utilization of birth control devices may help to randomize the occurrence of conceptions.

Conclusion

Since 1897, changes have occurred in the seasonal pattern of births in England and Wales, although these have been largely shifts in intensity rather than in the basic shape of the distribution. Explanations for the seasonality of births have been sought in certain social phenomena, such as the occurrence of major holidays and periods of increased numbers of marriages, and in the physical environment; particularly from the effect of high temperature. While statistically significant relationships have been described between seasonality of birth and a number of variables, the validity of these relationships remains to be demonstrated. Basic questions still exist, for example, whether seasonality of birth reflects differences in conception rates or in foetal mortality rates. Socio-economic differences in seasonality may result from either. Further studies may bring to light some of the factors directly responsible for seasonal variation in births.

Pasamanick B, Dimitz, S, and Knoblock H:

⁽¹⁾ Socio-economic and seasonal variations in birth rates: Milbank Memorial Fund Quarterly. Vol. 38: p.248 July 1960.

⁽²⁾ Geographic and seasonal variations in birth.

Public Health Report. Vol. 74: p.285 April 1959.

^{**} Chang, K, Chang, S, Lou, W, and Ng, C:

Climate and conception rates in Hong Kong.

Human Biology. pp.366-376, September, 1963.

GENERAL MORTALITY

There were 542,516 deaths registered in England and Wales during 1967; 277,178 males and 265,338 females. The crude death rate based on the estimated mid-year population was 11.2 per thousand; 11.8 for males and 10.7 for females. These rates are similar to the low figures recorded in 1964 and the rate for males is the lowest on record. In 1964 the low level of mortality was at least partly explained by the earlier death of susceptible subjects during the severe winter of the previous year. On this occasion mild weather in the first quarter of the year and a low prevalence of influenza are probably responsible.

Standardised Mortality Ratios (SMRs) provide a means of making allowance for changes in the age structure of the population. The SMR for males, in 1967, was 88 and for females 80. Both values are the lowest since the ratios were based on the experience of 1950-52. The improvement in mortality is apparent at all ages except those with the lowest rates. Improvement in disease mortality is spread over all age-groups.

The lack of any notable reduction in total mortality at ages 5-14 years and also among females at 15-24 years is seen to be due to increased mortality from accidents and violence in these groups. At ages 5-14 this is almost entirely accounted for by the disaster at Aberfan in which the landslide of a slagheap caused 144 deaths, mostly among school children. Such is the extent to which child mortality has been reduced that this one tragic episode accounted for 5 per cent of all deaths in this age-group (2,532) and was sufficient to leave an imprint on national vital statistics.

Among females aged 15-24 the increase is mainly to be found in suicide and accidental poisoning, homicide and railway accidents. The last includes the derailment at Hither Green, which resulted in a total of 49 deaths. Since male mortality at these ages is generally higher than female mortality, the indiscriminate fatality of such episodes has a proportionally greater effect on the latter.

Table C35 Percentage change in death rates per 100,000 population for 1967 based on average annual rates for 1965-66, by sex and age, England and Wales

			Males				Females	
Age	1965/66	1967	Difference	Difference as percentage of 1965/66	1965/66	1967	Difference	Difference as percentage of 1965/66
				All Ca	auses			
All ages	1,225	1,176	- 49	- 4	1,101	1,069	- 32	- 3
1-4	90	83	- 7	- 8	76	70	- 6	- 8
5-14	44	43	- 1	- 2	28	28	-	
15-24	104	96	- 8	- 8	42	42	-	-
25-44	178	166	- 12	- 7	124	116	- 8	- 6
45-64	1,402	1,338	- 64	- 5	730	708	- 22	- 3
65-74	5,328	5,113	- 215	- 4	2,846	2,713	- 133	- 5
75 and over	13,823	13,059	- 764	- 6	10, 184	9,686	- 498	- 5
Infant mortality*	21.44	20.27	- 1.17	- 5.5	16.42	16.31	- 0.11	- 0.7
				All diseases (IC	D No. 001-	7 95)		
All ages	1,164	1,120	– 44	- 4	1,060	1,028	- 32	- 3
1-4	64	58	- 6	- 9	58 -	55	- 3	- 5
5-14	25	23	- 2	- 8	21	20	- 1	- 5
15-24	36	33	- 3	- 8	28	25	- 3	- 11
25-44	130	122	- 8	- 6	107	100	- 7	- 7
45-64	1,338	1,276	- 62	- 5	696	675	- 21	- 3
65-74	5,228	5,023	- 205	- 4	2,769	2,641	- 128	- 5
75 and over	13,536	12,802	- 734	- 5	9,894	9,410	- 484	- 5
Infant mortality*	20.55	19.49	- 1.06	- 5.2	15.73	15.68	~ 0.05	- 0.3
			Acci	dents and violenc	e (ICD No.	E800-E	999)	
All ages	60	56	- 4	- 7	42	41	- 1	- 2
1-4	26	25	- 1	- 4	18	16	- 2	- 11
5-14	19	20	+ 1	+ 5	77	89	+ 12	+ 16
15-24	68	63	- 5	- 7	15	17	+ 2	+ 13
25-44	47	44	- 3	- 6	16	16	-	-
45-64	64	62	- 2	- 3	35	33	- 2	- 6
65-74	100	90	- 10	- 10	76	72	- 4	- 5
75 and over	286	257	- 29	- 10	290	276	- 14	- 5
Infant mortality*	0.88	0.78	- 0.10	- 11.4	0.69	0.63	- 0.06	- 8.7

^{*} Deaths of infants under 1 year per 1,000 live births

Death rates, per 100,000 population, for certain causes by sex at age 5-14 for 1965/66 and 1967, showing the difference and percentage change, England and Wales Table C36(a)

Death rates, per 100,000 population, for certain causes by sex, at age 15-24 for 1965/66 and 1967, showing the difference and percentage change, England and Wales Table C36(b)

				Males				Females	
IG №.	Cause of death	1965/66 1967		Di f ference	Difference as percentage of 1965/66	1965/66 1967	1967	Difference	Difference as percentage of 1965/66
E800-E999	Accidents, poisonings and violence	67.78	63.50	- 4.28	9	14.95	16.89	1.94	13
E800-E802	Railway accidents	0.46	0.92	0.46	100	0.09	0.54	0.45	200
E810-E825	Motor vehicle traffic accidents	44.99	40.33	- 4.66	- 10	9, 19	9.30	0.11	1
E870-E888	Accidental poisoning by solid and liquid substances	0.63	0.70	0.07	11	0.42	0.74	0.32	76
E910-E936	Other accidents	8.60	9.39	0.79	6	1.03	0.86	- 0.17	- 17
E970-E979	Suicide and self-inflicted injury	6.62	6.19	- 0.43	9	2.81	3.40	0.59	21
E980-E985	Homicide and injury purposely inflicted by other persons	0.63	0.95	0.32	51	0.63	0.97	0.34	54
Remainder E800-E999	Remainder E800-E999 All other accidents, poisonings and violence	5.86	5.02	- 0.84	- 14	0.79	1.08	0.29	37

There is also a substantial increase in the mortality rates from motor vehicle traffic accidents among females aged 15-19 which is absorbed within the larger agegrouping. Particularly notable are accidents to pedestrians (E812) and those involving two or more motor vehicles (E816).

Table C37 Motor vehicle traffic accidents, death rates per 100,000 females aged 15-19, 1963 to 1967, England and Wales

ICD No.	Cause of death	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
E810-E825	Motor vehicle traffic accidents	5.9	10.4	11.3	9.8	12.6
E812	Motor vehicle traffic accident to pedestrian	0.8	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.7
E816	Other motor vehicle traffic accident involving two or more motor vehicles	1.3	2.4	4.0	2.8	4.5
Remainder E810-E825	All other motor vehicle traffic accidents	3.8	6.4	5.4	4.9	5.3

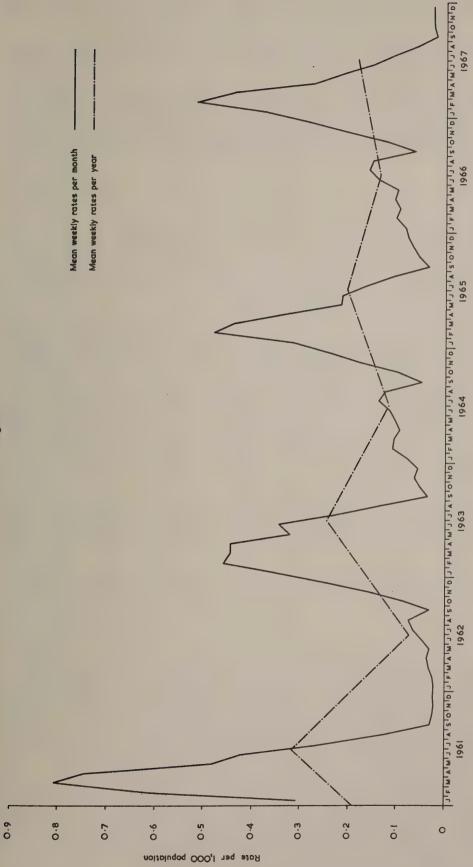
Notifiable diseases

For most of the notifiable diseases the number of cases reported was similar to previous years and there were no major increases.

Only 95 cases of paratyphoid fever were notified - the smallest number to be recorded since this disease was classified separately in 1938. Typhoid fever and food poisoning notifications were at their usual level, 139 notifications of typhoid fever and 5,023 of food poisoning.

Whooping cough notifications (33,533) were at their highest since 1963, and the number of deaths (27) was higher than for the last two years.

This should have been a 'measles year', but the number of cases (460,407) was only 34 per cent higher than in the previous year (343,642). The last major epidemic was in 1961 and since then the biennial totals have been progressively smaller with a corresponding rise in the numbers reported in the alternate years. This has been due not only to a rising level of incidence throughout the off-peak years, but also to a steady increase in the proportion of the epidemic which occurs in the non-epidemic year, (16 per cent in 1962/63, 19 per cent in 1964/65 and 25 per cent in 1966/67). In 1967 there were 99 deaths attributed to measles giving a fatality ratio similar to that of recent years.



Original measles notification (including Port Health Districts), mean weekly rates per month per 1,000 home population, mean weekly rates per year per 1,000 home population, England and Wales, 1961 – 1967

There were relatively few influenza deaths and the notifications of pneumonia continued to decline.

Nineteen cases of anthrax were reported compared with ten in 1966 and fourteen in the previous peak year, 1963. Two deaths were assigned to this cause.

There was a further decline in both the notification rates and the mortality rates for respiratory tuberculosis. Although the mortality rates of both sexes and the notification rates for males increase with age, among females the notification rates at age 15-44 are approximately double those at any other age.

Cancer

Deaths from cancer totalled 110,072. The crude mortality rates per ten thousand population were 25.3 for males and 20.3 for females. These rates represent an increase of 1.08 per cent and 1.10 per cent respectively over those for 1966. For each sex the SMR remained unchanged, males 113 and females 98, indicating that the increase is at least partly accounted for by an increase in the proportion of the population in the older age-groups.

Mortality from lung cancer continued to increase in both sexes. The SMR for females exceeded that for males for the first time in 1966. The ratios for 1967 have further diverged to 186 and 177 respectively. This indicates that the rates for females are generally increasing more rapidly than for males, a trend which has been apparent since about 1960. Since that time the proportion of cancer deaths ascribed to the trachea, lung and bronchus (ICD Nos. 162-163) has risen for males from 36 per cent to 39 per cent and for females from 7 per cent to 9 per cent. The increase in male rates is confined to those aged more than 60 whereas the increase in female mortality extends from age 40 onwards. Below age 60 the male rates are showing a tendency to decline.

Although mortality from stomach cancer is declining in both sexes, this trend in recent years has been most striking among males aged 35-59. The crude rates for cancer of the large intestine and rectum are virtually unchanged since the previous year.

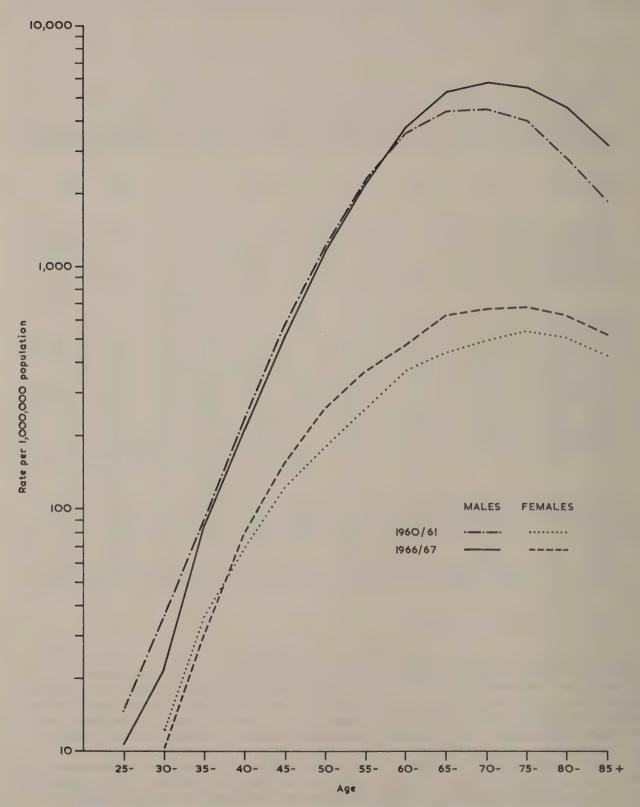
There was a further increase in the crude mortality rate for female breast cancer in 1967. Mortality from this cause has been rising slowly in recent years.

Table C38 Number of deaths and death rates per million population by sex and age, from malignant neoplasm of bronchus, trachea and lung (ICD No. 162, 163) 1960/61, 1966/67, England and Wales

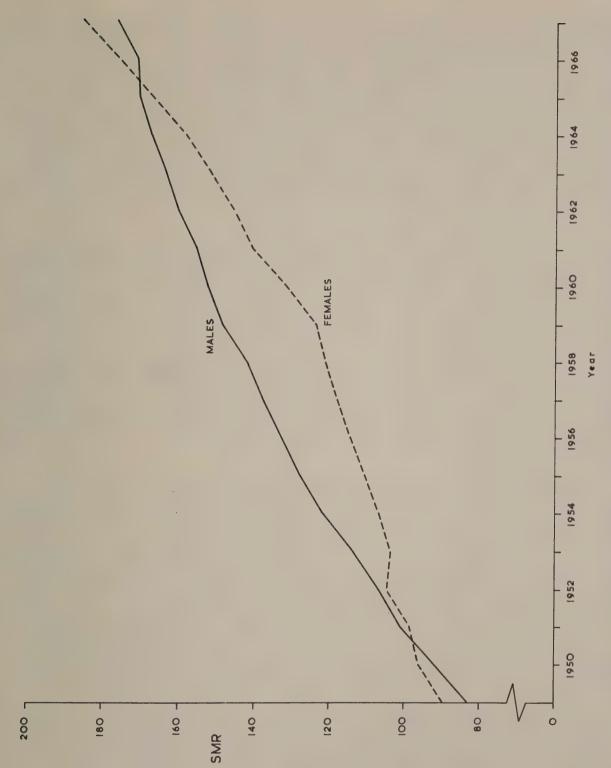
Age	Males			Females				
	Deaths 1960 and 1961	Rate 1960/1961	Deaths 1966 and 1967	Rate 1966/1967	Deaths 1960 and 1961	Rate 1960/1961	Deaths 1966 and 1967	Rate 1966/1967
All ages	38,342	863	46,158	987	6,468	136	9,119	184
0-4	-	•	3	0.70	1	0.29	-	-
5-9	-	-	1	0.26			1	0.28
10-14	2	0.53	**	-	1	0.28	2	0.63
15-19	6	1.9	12	3.3	2	0.64	5	1.4
20-24	11	3.8	15	4.4	4	1.4	6	1.8
25-29	42	15	32	11	11	3.9	16	5.4
30-34	109	36	66	22	36	12	29	10
35-39	296	91	261	86	118	36	89	30
40-44	700	236	683	215	211	70	254	80
45-49	1,817	573	1,579	516	405	122	487	156
50-54	3,857	1,235	3,544	1,184	596	182	831	262
55-59	6,490	2,318	6,554	2,234	800	262	1,185	373
60-64	7,812	3,598	9,533	3,756	1,001	371	1,407	480
65-69	7, 161	4,394	9,809	5,242	1,020	442	1,588	635
70-74	5,363	4,478	7,203	5,788	939	500	1,358	671
75-79	3, 174	4,069	4,373	5,552	731	541	1,015	688
80-84	1,153	2,825	1,854	4,505	408	512	566	632
s and over	349	1,880	636	3,169	184	433	280	527

Diseases of the circulatory system

The proportion of deaths ascribed to this category was 38 per cent for males and 37 per cent for females. The crude mortality rate for males was almost identical with the low figure recorded in 1964, while the female rate was slightly below the level for that year. Over the past 10 years the male rates show a slight tendency to decline among young and old adults while at the intervening ages, 35 to 64 years, they seem to be levelling off after rising for many years. Only for deaths in the 50-59 age-group is the increase maintained. Among females, on the other hand, the emphasis is on declining rates. As with males, the improvement is most marked at either end of the age scale and is least at the end of the 60-69 age-group. The contrasts between the sexes and between the age-groups are largely due to the relative magnitude and importance of four main trends. In both sexes mortality ascribed to either (1) chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICD Nos. 410-416),



Death rates by sex and age from malignant neoplasm of bronchus, trached and lung (ICD No. 162,163), 1960/61 and 1966/67, England and Wales



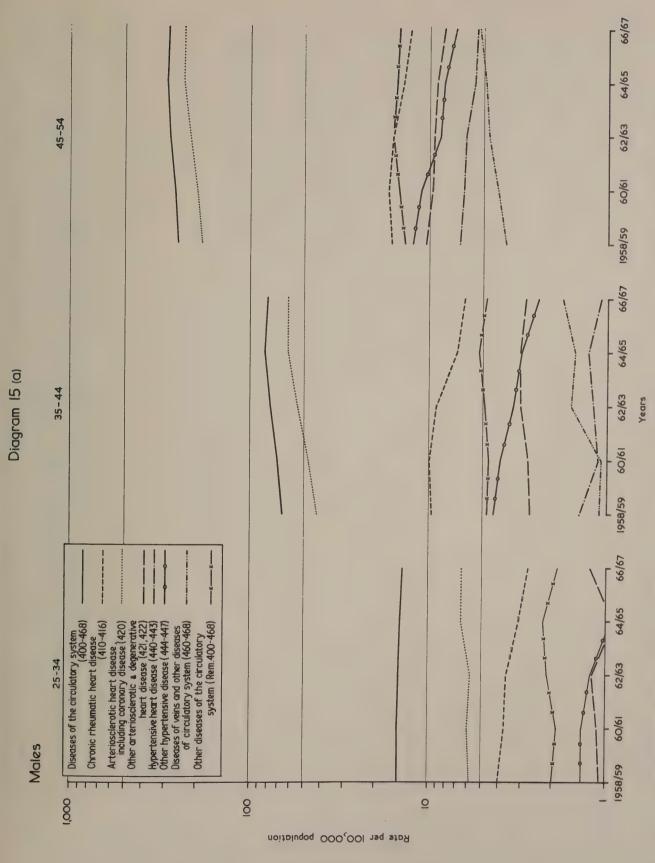
Cancer of the lung, bronchus and trachea (ICD No. 162, 163) Standardised Mortality Ratio, (1950-1952 =100), England and Wales, 1950 - 1967

(2) hypertensive disease (with or without heart disease) (ICD Nos. 440-447), or (3) other arteriosclerotic and degenerative heart disease (ICD Nos. 421-422) is falling. The decline in mortality from chronic rheumatic heart disease decreases with age and since it is a more frequent cause of death among females than males the impact of this trend is greatest among young people especially females. Mortality from hypertensive diseases has declined in both sexes, but to a slightly smaller extent among the youngest adults, where it is also a relatively uncommon cause of death. The effect of this decline is therefore felt more at older ages than is that of rheumatic heart disease. The frequency with which deaths are ascribed to other arteriosclerotic and degenerative heart disease increases rapidly after about 55 years of age. Mortality assigned to this group of conditions (ICD Nos. 421-422) has declined in all but the youngest male age-groups, but the effect of this is most apparent after the age of 55.

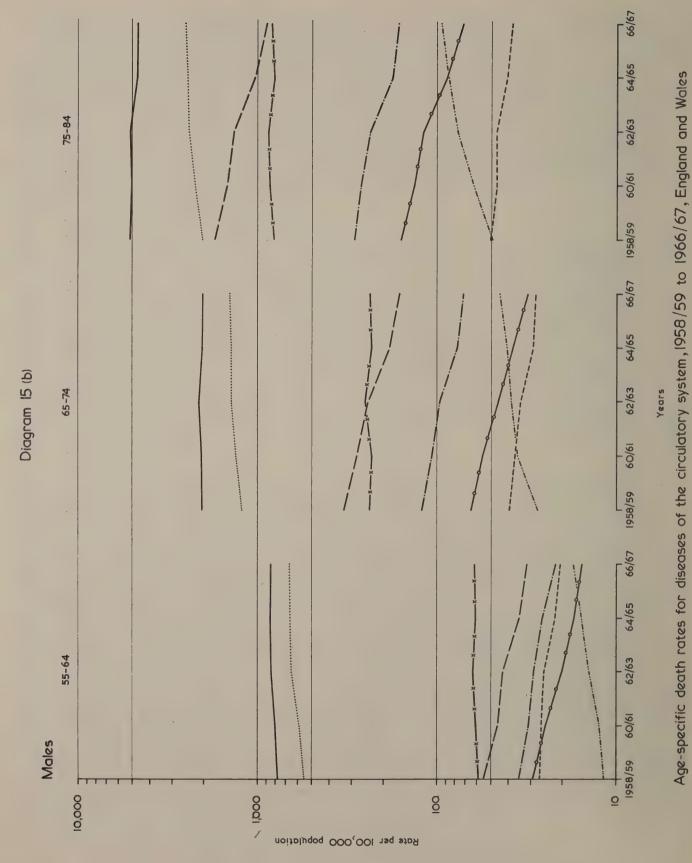
Countering these trends there has been, until the last two or three years, an increase in mortality ascribed to arteriosclerotic heart disease (including coronary disease) (ICD No. 420). This condition is more common among men than women and is responsible for a greater proportion of male than female deaths in every age-group. It is the most frequent cause of death in each male age-group from 25 to 84 years, but achieves this position among females only between 45 and 74 years, and recently at 75 to 84 years. Changes in mortality from this condition therefore exert a more striking effect on the overall pattern of male mortality than female. In both sexes and at all ages the rates have risen during the past decade but they now show signs of stabilising. This trend dominates the picture among males from 35 to 64 years, but in younger and older males it is more or less balanced by the various categories that are declining in frequency. Among females the declining categories are dominant at all ages but are almost balanced by the increase in coronary disease between 45 and 64 years.

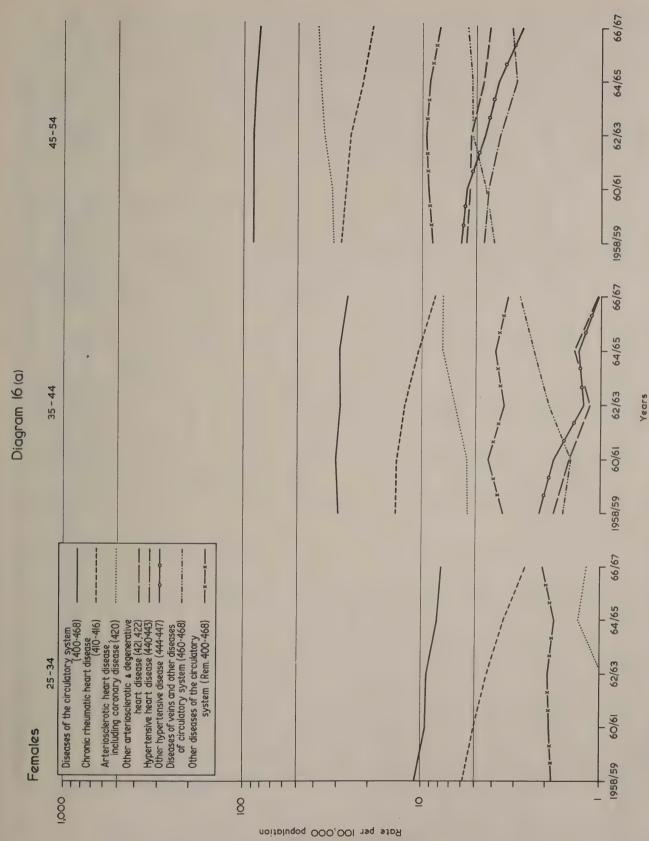
It is not possible to judge from these figures alone whether the trends represent real changes in pathology, greater adequacy of clinical assessment or simply changing preference in terminology. There was no change during the decade in the rules for selecting the underlying cause of death from death certificates. Reductions in mortality from chronic rheumatic heart disease and hypertensive diseases would be consistent with advances in treatment, more recent in the latter case. Myocardial degeneration (ICD No. 422) when reported on a death certificate in association with hypertensive disease is recorded as hypertensive heart disease (ICD Nos. 440-443). The fact that the combination category and both its components are all in decline supports the view that there is a real decrease in mortality associated with hypertension. On the other hand some of the decline in mortality ascribed to other arteriosclerotic and degenerative heart disease may be due to transfer to the more specific category of coronary heart disease (ICD No. 420).

As indicated earlier, both 1964 and 1967 were years of particularly low general mortality. A comparison of mortality in 1964 and 1965 with that in 1966 and 1967 therefore provides a fairly useful indication of the most recent basic trends. From this it would appear that the substantial increase in coronary heart disease mortality in recent decades may be reaching its peak. If this is so it is interesting to speculate on the possibility that further decreases in mortality in those categories which have been declining during the past decade may result in a more substantial decline in the proportion of mortality from circulatory diseases as a whole.

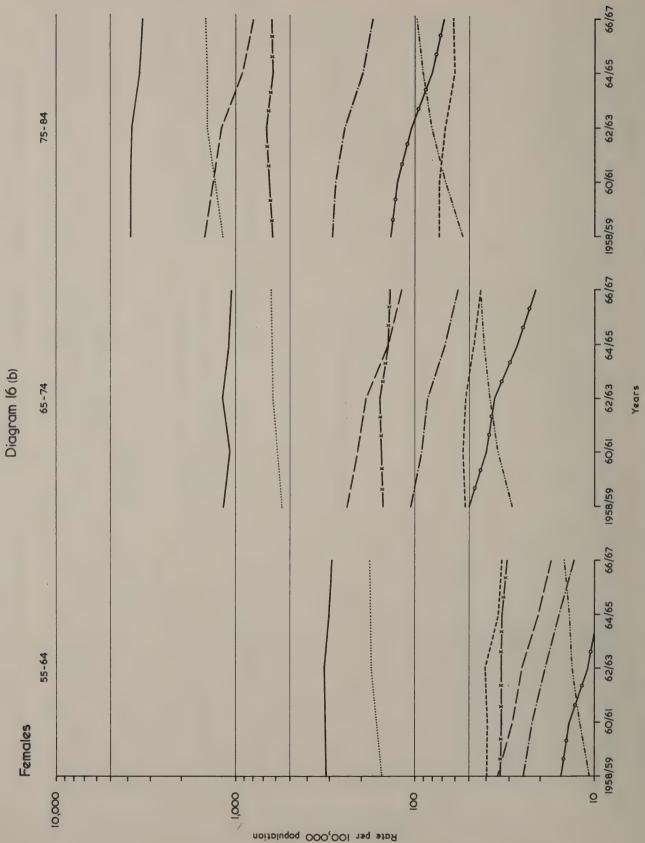


Age-specific death rates for diseases of the circulatory system, 1958/59 to 1966/67, England and Wales





Age-specific death rates for diseases of the circulatory system, 1958/59 to 1966/67, England and Wales



Age-specific death rates for diseases of the circulatory system, 1958/59 to 1966/67, England and Wales

The striking increase in mortality attributed to pulmonary and other venous embolism since the early 1950's continues in both sexes. The SMR for diseases of veins and other diseases of the circulatory system (ICD Nos. 460-468) of which this forms a major part has in 1967 reached 247 for males and 242 for females. During the past decade this general group has become the third most frequent cause of death among the circulatory diseases in adult women under 55 years and the fourth in both sexes thereafter. In young males the increase is similar to that in young women but is less spectacular in relation to other causes. Once again there is the problem of distinguishing a real change in the incidence of a disease, but there is evidence from a necropsy study * that this may indeed be the case.

Infant mortality and stillbirths

The birth rate which started to decline in 1965 dropped still further in 1967 to 17.2 live births per thousand population compared with 17.7 in 1966. Simultaneously the annual decrement in the stillbirth rate fell from 0.9 in the period 1961-64 to 0.5 from 1964/65 onwards, the rates for 1966 and 1967 being 15.3 and 14.8 per thousand total births respectively.

Table C39 Live and still birth rates by legitimacy, 1961 to 1967, England and Wales

	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Live births per 1,000 population	17.6	18.0	18.2	18.5	18.1	17.7	17.2
Stillbirths per 1,000 total births	19.0	18.1	17.2	16.3	15.8	15.3	14.8
Legitimate stillbirths per 1,000 total legitimate births	18.7	17.8	17.0	16.0	15.5	15.1	14.5
Illegitimate stillbirths per 1,000 total illegitimate births	24.2	22.7	20.5	20.2	19.0	18.6	18.7
Illegitimate live and still births per 1,000 total births	60.1	66.8	69.4	72.6	77.0	79.2	84.4

Table C39 indicates that the proportion of stillbirths among illegitimate births is higher than for legitimate births. However, the transition in 1965 to a declining overall birth rate did not affect the steady increase in the proportion of all births that were illegitimate. The altered trend in the stillbirth rate cannot therefore be attributed to an acceleration in the proportion of illegitimate births. The diminished decline in the stillbirth rate was spread over all age-groups except at 30-34 years (Table C40).

^{*} Morrell M. T. and Dunnill M. S. British Journal of Surgery 1968, 55, page 347.

Table C40 Stillbirths per 1,000 total births by age of mother and percentage change 1961/64 and 1964/67, England and Wales

Maternal		llbirth ra 000 total		Percent change in stillbirth rate					
Age	1961	1964	1967	1961/64	1964/67				
20	17.1	15.1	14.0	88.3	92.7				
20-	15.6	13.0	12.7	83.3	97.7				
25-	16.6	14.6	13.3	88.0	91.1				
30-	20.4	18.3	16.0	89.7	87.4				
35-	29.7	25.9	23.5	87.2	90.7				
40-	39.4	34.7	33.0	88.1	95.1				
45 and over	49.3	47.0	47.0	95.3	100.0				
All ages	19.0	16.3	14.8	85.8	90.8				
Age* Standardised	19.0	16.5	15.1	86.8	92.6				

^{*} Assumes that the distribution of all births between age-groups in the last year of the period is the same as in the first year

Standardisation for maternal age makes little difference to the proportional change in the crude rates for each period. The trend towards an increased proportion of all births at maternal ages below 25 has therefore made little direct contribution to this phenomenon. It is necessary to look further for an explanation and one answer may lie in an increase in the proportion of mothers with a bad obstetric history. Support for this is to be found in the decline in the fall of the component of the stillbirth rate attributable to maternal causes (see *The Registrar General's Statistical Review Part I*, Table 23I).

Table C41 Stillbirths, due to maternal conditions per 1,000 total births, by age of mother 1961 to 1967, England and Wales

Age of mother	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
All ages	5.6	5.1	4.8	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.7
Under 20	4.6	4.4	4.0	3.8	4.4	3.4	3.2
20-24	4.5	4.1	3.6	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.0
25+29	4.6	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.2
30-34	6.0	5.9	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.5	4.3
35-39	9.7.	8.8	8.8	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.7
40-44	14.9	12.0	12.8	10.1	12.2	11.9	9.8
45 and over	14.2	20.8	13.5	18.5	15.1	14.1	18.6

After a pause in 1966 the infant mortality rate fell again in 1967 to reach 18.34 per thousand live births. The improvement was spread over both neonatal and post-neonatal periods; but was more pronounced for male infants whose rate fell by 5.3 per cent than for females 0.9 per cent. The mortality rate for male infants, 20.27 is still substantially higher than that of females, 16.31. The major component of the male improvement was in deaths ascribed to immaturity without qualification. Other causes showing a notable reduction among males were post-natal asphyxia and respiratory infections.

Maternal mortality

There were 172 maternal deaths in 1967, of which 34 were attributed to abortion. The maternal mortality rate for causes other than abortion thus fell to 16.3 per hundred thousand total births after having been stationary for three years. The decline was mainly in the less common causes. The most frequent cause, toxaemia, has shown no improvement over the past five years. In the Report on confidential enquiries into maternal deaths 1964-66,* the causes of death were recorded in the light of detailed investigation and the total originally assigned to toxaemia was considerably reduced. The report emphasised the roles of haemorrhage and sepsis as causes of maternal death. Deaths ascribed to these headings (including abortions) were considerably lower in 1967 than in 1966, though the report was not then available. The mortality rate attributed to abortions fell to 4.0 per million population in 1967 after remaining almost unchanged since 1963.

^{*} Report on confidential enquiries into maternal deaths in England and Wales 1964-1966. Department of Health and Social Security, Reports on Public Health and Medical Subjects No. 119, HMSO, 1969.

Mortality analysis by method of certification

Of the 542,516 deaths registered in England and Wales in 1967, 103,544 (19.1 per cent) were certified by coroners. Table C42 indicates that an increasing proportion of all deaths has been certified by coroners since 1954 when the figure was 13.4 per cent. Within this group the proportion of deaths subjected to postmortem examination rose from 86 per cent to 95 per cent over the same period. The major contribution to this change has been the increasing proportion of deaths which are the subject of post-mortem examination without an inquest being held.

Although the proportion of all deaths that are certified by medical practitioners has fallen since 1954, the distribution within the group according to the categories in Table C42 has changed little except that operations are less frequently mentioned on death certificates. The proportion of deaths within the group certified by medical practitioners in which a post-mortem examination was carried out was 10.6 per cent in 1954 and 10.7 per cent in 1967.

Table C42 Percentage distribution of deaths by method of certification, 1954, 1959, 1967, England and Wales

	1954	1959	1967
Coroner:			
Inquest, with post-mortem	3.3	3.1	3.8
Inquest, no post-mortem	1.8	1.8	0.9
Post-mortem without inquest	8.3	10.2	14.4
Certifying medical practitioner:			
After post-mortem	9.1	8.1	8.6
Operation mentioned on certificate	2.1	1.8	1.2
Other examination mentioned	0.1	0.1	0.1
No examination mentioned	74.8	74.6	70.9
Uncertified	0.5	0.3	0.2

There continue to be a small number of 'uncertified' deaths each year. These are deaths where there is no medical practitioner's certificate and the coroner, although deciding not to hold an inquest, does not see fit to have a post-mortem examination. There were 2,633 (0.52 per cent) of these in 1954, 1,510 (0.29 per cent) in 1959 and 849 (0.16 per cent) in 1967.

Proportion of bodies seen after death

A systematic sample of 10,849 deaths was drawn from among those registered in 1967. In addition to classification according to the method of certification as described, these deaths were classified according to the availability, at the time of writing the death certificate, of information from a post-mortem examination and whether or not the body was seen after death by the certifier or another medical practitioner. Provision is made on the death certificate for this information to be recorded.

Distribution of sample according to method of certification

Total	Certifying medical practitioner	medical Post-		Coroner	Inquest and post- mortem	Inquest, no post- mortem	Post- mortem, no inquest	Uncertified
10,849	8,692	992	7,700	2,135	440	76	1,619	22

The distribution of the sample by method of certification is very similar to that for all deaths as described. Coroners certified 2,135 (19.7 per cent) of these deaths and 96 per cent of these were the subject of post-mortem examination.

Table C43 Cases certified by medical practitioner classified according to 'Seen/
Not Seen' analysis from Medical Certificate of Cause of Death and final
method of certification, 1967, England and Wales

Medical certification category	Certifying medical practitioner	Post-mortem	No examination other examination, operation		
All	8,692	992	7,700		
1A, 1B	443	443	-		
2A	717	406	311		
2B	212	126	86		
2C	55	2	53		
2D	1	1	-		
3A	5,418	•	5,418		
3B	476	•	476		
3C	1,094	•	1,094		
3D	1	-	1		
4A	24		24		
4B	4		4		
4C	2	-	2		
4D	26	•	26		
No code	219	14	205		

The certified cause of death takes account of information obtained from post-mortem

- 2 Information from post-mortem may be available later
- 3 Post-mortem not being held
- 4 No information
- Λ Seen after death by certifying medical practitioner
- B Seen after death by another medical practitioner but not by certifying medical practitioner
- C Not seen after death by a medical practitioner
- D No information

Information obtained from post-mortem examination is reported as available at the time of certification for 5.1 per cent of the deaths certified by medical practitioners (see Table C43). Post-mortem examination was ultimately recorded in the case of a further 535 deaths (6.2 per cent) where the medical practitioner indicated that such information might be available later. This is the sum of Codes 2A-D in column 3 and represents 54 per cent of the 985 originally in this category (Codes 2A-D in column 2). Of the 8,692 deaths certified by medical practitioners, 6,319 (73 per cent) were seen after death other than in connection with a post-mortem examination (Codes 2, 3, 4: A, B, column 4). In the vast majority of these cases they were seen by the certifier. Apart from 22 uncertified deaths and 219 of those which were certified by medical practitioners for which information was not available, there remain 1,149 deaths (13.2 per cent) in which no post-mortem was performed and the body was not seen after death by a medical practitioner. (Codes 2, 3, 4: C, column 4).

Table C44 Medical certification of cause of death: Proportion of bodies seen and not seen after death, 1933 to 1967, England and Wales

	1933	1947	1953*	1954*	1959*	1967*
Seen after death	53.7	60.9	70.8	71.5	74.5	88.9
Inquest						
or Coroners P.M. without inquest	11.2	14.0	19.4	20.1	21.4	20.1
or other cases reviewed by Coroners				ı		
Cases certified by Medical Practitioners	42.5	46.9	51.4	51.4	53.1	68.8
Not seen after death	46.1	38.8	29.1	28.3	25.2	10.8
No statement	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total deaths in year	496,465	517,615	503,529	501,896	527,651	542,516

^{*} Estimated from a sample of medical certificates

It will be seen from Table C44 that the proportion of bodies that are seen after death has been steadily increasing over the past 35 years, the figure for 1967 being 88.9 per cent. The component of this proportion attributable to coroners (20.1 per cent) has scarcely changed since 1953; but that due to medical practitioners has risen sharply from 53.1 per cent in 1959 to 68.8 per cent in 1967. Conversely the proportion not seen after death has fallen from 46.1 per cent in 1933 to 10.8 per cent in 1967.

Demographic distributions of methods of certification

The mode of completion of the death certificate probably has some bearing on the reliability of the cause of death that is entered upon it. Conversely, variations in the frequency with which certain causes of death are reported may reflect proportional differences in modes of certification. It is therefore worthwhile to consider how these proportions differ in relation to some of the demographic characteristics by which causes of death are usually analysed.

Percentage distribution of deaths within each sex and age-group according to medical certification category, as recorded in sample, England and Wales, 1967 Table C45

	Ages	[Zi	15.5	3.9	್ಷ *	3.5	53.7	9.4	11.5	2.8
	AII	M	21.9	±. %	ت. د	3.8	47.6	±.5	9.7	2.8
	d over	(z.	4.0	1.6	2.1	1.8	62.1	4.2	17.4	2.4
	85 and	M	9.4	3.1	2.3	2.1	60.2	₀₀	16.7	2.4
	84	Ĺ	13.4	3.7	3.0	2.1	58.4	4.3	12.4	2.7
	75-84	M	14.4	3.0	4.0	2.3	56.9	4.7	11.6	3.1
	74	[Zi	17.3	က်	4.7	3.00	52.7	4.5	10.4	2.8
	65-74	M	18.8	3,0	5.2	٦.	50.6	4 .	6.6	2.4
Age-group	64	Ţ	18.5	4.9	6.2	6.5	47.5	5.3	7.3	ω, ∞
Age-	55-64	W	25.8	5.0	0.0	က်	42.8	4.0	0.6	2.8
	54	ഥ	22.5	5.1	9.3	5.5	41.5	6.4	6.8	2.9
	45-54	M	37.8	3.6	6.4	4.0	35.8	4.9	5.1	2.4
	44	ഥ	34.3	4.9	4.0	2.8	35.7	5.6	6.3	2.0
	25-44	M	51.1	3.4	2.3	4.0	24.4	7.4	1.7	5.7
	5-24	Ţ	48.4	6.3	4.7	7.8	23.4	6.2	3.1	0.1
	5-2	M	6.09	4.3	4.7	3,3	16.3	6.5	а. Б.	
	0-4	Ţ	21.1	14.1	19.7	14.1	20.4	4.2	3.5	2.9
	0	×	26.7	18.3	16.8	11.9	19.3	1.0	7.5	1.5
Medical	Certification	category	1	6	m	4	v	9	7	other

1 Coroner cases with post-mortem

Medical practitioner cases with post-mortem

3 Post-mortem ultimately recorded

4 Post-mortem not ultimately recorded

5 Post-mortem not held, seen after death by certifying medical practitioner

Post-mortem not held, seen after death by another medical practitioner

Post-mortem not held, not seen after death

The proportional distribution of certification categories within each sex and age-group of the sample is given in Table C45. The proportion of deaths in which there is a post-mortem examination is highest in the age-group 5-24 years and thereafter declines with increasing age at death. This pattern is almost wholly attributable to the trend in referral to the coroner. Though certificates signed by medical practitioners after post-mortem (Code 2) are relatively common at ages below five years, the rate falls sharply and there is little age gradient thereafter. If to this category is added the proportion of medical practitioner certificates in which a post-mortem is reported after certification (Code 3) then, in the youngest age-group only, they exceed those reported by coroners. Although the frequency of post-mortems declines with age the proportion is still close to 50 per cent among male deaths at 45-54 years and among female deaths at 25-44 years:

Age	0-4	5-24	25-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	All Ages
M	61.8	70.6	56.8	47.8	37.6	27.8	21.4	14.8	31.6
F	54.9	59.4	47.6	36.9	29.6	25.8	20.1	12.1	23.9

Necropsy is generally more common in the case of male than female deaths. From 5 to 54 years, however, the ratio is reversed among certificates signed by medical practitioners. Post-mortem examinations not instituted by coroners are almost completely confined to certificates issued by hospital staff. Variations in the magnitude of codes 2 to 4 are therefore partly a reflection of the proportion of deaths which occurs in hospital. The most common category for all ages combined is that in which the certificate is signed by a medical practitioner who has seen the body after death (Code 5). The frequency of this mode of certification increases with age from about 20 per cent at 0-4 years to over 60 per cent among those aged 85 and over. A similar trend is apparent in the category in which no post-mortem has been held and the body is not seen after death by a medical practitioner (Code 7). In the age-groups below 45 years this constitutes less than 5 per cent of all types of certification whereas at 85 years and over the proportion reaches 17 per cent. In view of these trends with age, the pattern of modes of certification in subsequent tabulations is presented in terms of age-adjusted frequency ratios, the observed number of certificates in each cell of the table being expressed as a percentage of the number that would have been expected had the sex/age-specific rates of Table C45 been applicable in each sub-group of the sample.

Age-adjusted frequency ratios and numbers of death certificates recorded in sample, by sex and standard regions, England and Wales, 1967 Table C46

1									
	Wales II (Re- mainder)	[Fi	60	156	• •		105	113	187 26
	Wales (Re-	×	90	114	17	73	115	43	150
	s I th t)	Įz.	61 20	36	40	51	131	129	93
	Wales (South East)	×	125	103	51	24	95	179	105
	th	Ţ	39	179	74	72	114 251	114	42
	South	×	77	103	18	111	121 243	75	3 25
	t	(Zi	128 363	1111	140	158	908	75	99
	South	×	111	110 86	142	132 91	962	104 87	107
uo	p. t	দ	114 28	50	94	39	108	92	20
Standard Region	East	M	114	4 4	74	94	104	50	116
andard	West	[E4	92	35	73	51	102	114	110
St		×	100	179	14	13	98	109	75
	t nds	দ	94	176	97	83	95	127	388
	East	M	100	121 20	83	62	99	127	103
	th	ഥ	93	28	77 29	97	439	101	116
	North	×	172	16	99	122	101	92	80
	and le	ম	103	52	103	46	113	75	76
	Yorks and Humber- side	M	102	96	252	71	111 297	96	36
	th	Ē	31	57	85	108	105	118	28
	North	×	80	73	110	68	109	82 15	58
			Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.
	Medical Certification	category*	Coroner case with post-mortem	Medical practitioner post-mortem	Ultimate post-mortem	Ultimately no post-mortem	No post-mortem seen by certifying MP	No post-mortem seen by other MP	No post-mortem not seen after death
			-	2	<u>د</u>	4	ro F	6	L

* For details of medical certification category see Table C45

Analysis by standard regions (Table C46) suggests that coroner's post-mortems are less frequent than average in the North, the South West and Wales (other than South East Wales). Post-mortem examination, whether instituted by coroners or doctors, is more common in the South East than elsewhere. In the East and West Midlands there appears to be a tendency for doctors to certify after post-mortem rather than to certify first and report the results of the necropsy later. Certificates which indicate that the body was not seen after death by a doctor are relatively frequent in the West Midlands and Wales II and relatively uncommon in the Northern and Yorkshire/Humberside regions.

Although the relative contributions from coroners and medical practitioners vary, the frequency of post-mortem examination in each of the conurbations outside Greater London is close to the national average:

Age - adjusted frequency ratios, * and total number, of post-mortems recorded

	Tyneside conur- bation		West York- shire		South East Lanca- shire		Mersey- side N			West Midlands		Greater London		Urban areas population 100,000 and over		Urban areas population over 50,000 and under 100,000		Urban areas population 50,000 or less		Rural districts	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	
Ratio Number	98 34	72 17	84 56	111 60	99	91 68	102 54	59 23	101	91 51	137 364	150 298	95 228	108 179	99 173	109 131	93 351	82 241	87 302	83 195	

^{*} Observed number of deaths in codes 1, 2 and 3 expressed as a percentage of those expected

In Greater London it is strikingly high with standardised ratios of 137 and 150 for males and females respectively. In contrast, the lowest values are recorded in the rural areas. Conversely the proportion of deaths in which the body is not seen by a doctor after death is high in rural areas and low in Greater London (Table C4).

Age-adjusted frequency ratios and numbers of death certificates recorded in sample, by sex and area, England and Wales, 1967 Table C47

	1 cts	দ	78 121	105	34	61 21	106	37	128
	Rural	×	205	100	82	94	104	87	131
		Ţ	75	109	82 4 5	24	108	108	109
	Urban areas population 50,000 and less	M	93	123 62	69	25	103	53	117
tes	in ition ition ider ider	Ħ	101	157	93	83	94	132	102
ggrega	Urban areas population over 50,000 and under 100,000	M	102	126 31	62	15	107 291	83	54
Individual conurbations and other population density aggregates	an as 300 over	Įž,	109	121	92	77	359	123	99
ion der	Urban areas population 100,000 and over	M	89	119	100	74	108 397	118	89
ulat	ter	Įz,	164 213	72 23	168	224 64	387	71 27	5.0
r pop	Greater	×	138	73	183	186	83	1111	38
othe	st ands	Ţ	76	182	65	86	109	151	78
and	West	¥	59	161	83	77	102	130	106
ations	/side	Į.	17	32	54	220	79	122	156
conurt	Merseyside	M	111	72	× 00	136	73	130	100
dual	th t	F	101	32	110	87	96	12	111
divie	South East Lancs	M	105	21	137	159	88	63	113
Ir	West	[Zi	128	23	125	63	114	59	62
	West	M	95	24	83	115	115	126	87
	Tyneside Conur- bation	(T)	67	26	128	216	97	91	50
	Tynesid Conur- bation	M	90	93	161 10	119	99	106	4 4
			Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio Ño.
	Medical Certification category*		Coroner case with post-mortem	Medical practitioner post-mortem	Ultimate post-mortem	Ultimately no post-mortem	No post-mortem seen by certifying MP	No post-mortem seen by other MP	No post-mortem not seen after death
			-	2	ю	4	w	9	۲

* For details of medical certification category see Table C45

The urban/rural gradient which is apparent from this analysis is surprisingly clear within the South East region, with standardised ratios characteristic of rural districts being found in the non-metropolitan area, including a marked increase in the proportion of bodies not seen after death, (see Table C48).

Table C48 Age-adjusted frequency ratios and numbers of death certificates recorded in sample for South East Region, 1967

	he 11 1				South I	East Regi	on	
	Medical Certification			eater	Metro	ter politan ea	No Metrop Ar	olitan
	category*		M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Coroner case with post-mortem	Ratio No.	138 255	164 213	91 100	91 66	85 92	103 84
2	Medical practitioner post-mortem	Ratio No.	73 26	72 23	124 26	185 33	159 34	106 21
3	Ultimate post-mortem	Ratio No.	183 83	168 62	121 32	124 26	95 26	111 25
4	Ultimately no post-mortem	Ratio No.	186 58	224 64	97 18	120 20	78 15	87 15
5	No post-mortem seen by certifying MP	Ratio No.	83 324	86 387	94 216	89 221	97 256	95 291
5	No post-mortem seen by other MP	Ratio No.	111 41	71 27	109 24	135 29	91 22	76 19
7	No post-mortem not seen after death	Ratio No.	47 38	58 56	143 67	125 68	162 89	138 92

^{*} For details of medical certification category see Table C45

The relatively high proportions of coroner's post-mortems in the unmarried groups (Table C49) is probably a reflection of the greater frequency of accidental and violent deaths. However, among single persons there is also a disproportionate number of occasions on which the body is not seen after death by a medical practitioner.

Table C49 Age-adjusted frequency ratios and numbers of death certificates recorded in sample, by sex and marital status, England and Wales, 1967

_	N. 11 1					Ma	rita	1 Stat	us			
	Medical Certification		Sir	ng1e	Marr	ied	Wide	owed	Divo	rced	No sta	ted
	category*		M	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	M	F
1	Coroner case with post-mortem	Ratio No.	107 237	102 179		93 265	112 215	103 362	168 19	182 14	149 24	95 2
2	Medical practitioner post-mortem	Ratio No.	103	106 55		99 64	113 48	99 85	-	-	77 2	-
3	Ultimate post-mortem	Ratio No.	90 56	108 67	108 196	93 78	90 46	100 89	43	87 2	65 2	167 1
4	Ultimately no post-mortem	Ratio No.	105 46	90 44		98 63	101 37	111 78	63 1	63 1	87 2	-
5	No post-mortem seen by certifying MP	Ratio No.	92 245	98 478		107 823	94 651	98 1, 523	96 17	64 12	91 29	87 6
6	No post-mortem seen by other MP	Ratio No.	94 28	98 45		79 60	100 56	110 130	50 1	333 7	94	167 1
7	No post-mortem not seen after death	Ratio No.	119 63	113 117	93 303	92 134	109 168	99 354	59	61 2	75 5	231

^{*} For details of medical certification category see Table C45

Deaths which occur elsewhere than at home or in a hospital or other institution, include a high proportion of accidental and violent deaths which give rise to investigation by a coroner. Coroner's certificates after post-mortem are also relatively common in respect of deaths at home especially among females, but necropsy evidence is rarely available in this group when the certificate is issued by a medical practitioner. Although coroner's post-mortems are relatively infrequent when deaths occur at National Health Service hospitals, the total proportion of death certificates based on post-mortem evidence is more than made up by certificates signed by medical practitioners:

	NHS hospitals excluding mental		NHS mental hospitals		Non NHS excluding mental		Other institution		Home		Elsewhere	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	М	F
Ratio*	109	116	70	68	68	23	69	45	76	84	182	147
Number	952	752	29	33	19	8	20	20	493	356	244	94

^{*} Observed number of deaths in codes 1, 2 and 3 expressed as a percentage of those expected

A relatively high proportion of death certificates issued from National Health Service mental hospitals are signed by a doctor other than the one who sees the body after death. In these hospitals the proportion of cases not seen by any doctor after death is also high, as is this type of certification in 'other institutions' which includes accommodation provided under Part III and IV of the National Assistance Act 1948.

Age-adjusted frequency ratios and numbers of death certificates recorded in sample, by sex and place of death, England and Wales, 1967 Table C50

	where	দ	212 91	31	t I	##	94	108	60
	Elsewhere	M	246 244	ş I	1 1	7	45	88	34
	e	[I	125	10		10	1,161	87	91
ים	Ноте	M	106	111	4 4	10	1,321	88 80	187
Place where death occurred	ner ution	Ħ	60	29	4 5	34	113	54	141 54
leath c	Other institution	N	82 16	89 8	20	1 1	98	33	198
where d	Non NHS excluding mental	压	30	18	1 1	21	128	65	124 28
lace w	Non NHS excludin mental	M	56	139	61	1 1	128	130	97
14	NHS mental hospitals	江	53	197	12	31	95	263	143
	NHS mental hospita	M	54	250	j t	43	102	222	135
	pitals ding al	Ţ	82 341	165	185	177	86	102	277
	NHS hospitals excluding mental	M	75 450	167	190	185	84	107	109
			Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.	Ratio No.
	Medical Certification	category*	Coroner case with post-mortem	Medical practitioner post-mortem	Ultimate post-mortem	Ultimately no post-mortem	No post-mortem seen by certifying MP	No post-mortem seen by other MP	No post-mortem not seen after death
			-	2	₀	4	rv.	9	

Note: The figures for non NHS mental hospitals are: 1 male in age-group 65-74 years, 5 females in age-group 75-84 years

* For details of medical certification category see Table C45

Multiple Cause Coding Study

The coding of all causes of death mentioned by a certifying doctor or coroner has been undertaken from time to time, and the present study was started in 1966. Methods employed for sampling and coding the deaths were described in The Registrar General's Statistical Review of England and Wales Part III, 1966. The method of coding consisted of assigning every diagnostic term used on a death certificate to a class number in the Seventh (i.e., the current) Revision of the International Classification of Diseases. This allows some study of the frequency of use of diagnostic terms. If several terms on a certificate are allotted to the same code number, the second, third and subsequent terms having this code are specially signified so that repetition of information can be studied.

Table C51 shows the proportions of certificates included in the study in 1966 and 1967 which contained repeated codes. There is little difference in proportions between the various age-groups for the females. For the males however, where one repeat code appears, between 10.2 and 12.1 per cent of the deaths are in the age-groups 15-44 and 45-64 years.

Table C51 Repeated diagnoses. Proportions per cent of certificates containing no repeat codes and one or more repeat codes, by sex and age, 1966 and 1967, England and Wales

			Male	es		Females					
Age	Year	No duplicate	Code repeated once	Code repeated twice	Repeated more than twice	No duplicate	Code repeated once	Code repeated twice	Repeated more than twice		
	1966	90.7	8.6	0.68	0.03	93.4	6.1	0.37	0.08		
All ages	1967	90.7	8.8	0.42	0.14	92.6	6.7	0.61	0.04		
	1966	94.6	5.1	0.34	•	92.6	6.8	0.45	0.23		
0-14	1967	94.4	4.9	0.36	0.36	91.7	6.9	1.4	-		
	1966	88.1	11.1	0.73		93.3	6.2	0.43	•		
15-44	1967	88.9	10.2	0.76	0.15	94.3	5.2	0.49	PP .		
	1966	87.1	12.1	0.79	-	91.3	8.2	0.22	0.22		
45-64	1967	87.6	11.9	0.50	•	90.2	9.1	0.70	•		
5 and	1966	93.5	5.7	0.75	0.11	94.8	4.8	0.37			
over	1967	92.5	7.2	0.11	0.11	93.3	6.3	0.29	0.10		

The proportional distribution of the certificates according to the number of diagnoses is shown in Table C52. In this table repeated diagnoses are removed. There is little difference between the two years, and both years show that there is an increase in coded diagnoses with age for the certificates with two or three diagnoses.

Table C52 Diagnoses on each certificate*. (a) Proportional distribution of certificates by the number of diagnoses: (b) The number of certificates with 8 or more diagnoses: by sex and age, 1966 and 1967, England and Wales

					Males				Fe	males	
Age	Year	(a) Percentage distribution of certificates according to the number of diagnoses			(b) Number of certificates with 8 or	cei	centage tificate ne number	s accord	ling to	(b) Number of certificates with 8 or more	
		1	2 or 3	4 or 5	6 and over	nd diagnoses 1 2 or 3 4 or 5	6 and over	more diagnoses			
A11	1966	28	61	11	1.3	11	25	65	9	1.0	5
ages	1967	28	61	10	1.5	10	26	63	10	0.9	2
0-14	1966	39	55	6	0.7	1	43	51	5	0.9	2
	1967	41	52	6	0.7	1	41	53	6	<0.5	•
15-44	1966	23	60	13	4.0	8	25	64	8	2	1
	1967	21	61	14	4.0	8	22	63	12	3	2
45-64	1966	30	58	11	0.2	-	23	66	11	0.9	1
	1967	32	58	9	<1	•	26	63	12	<1	•
65 and	1966	21	67	11	0.6	2	19	71	10	0.6	1
over	1967	22	68	10	<1	1	21	68	11	<0.7	-

^{*} With repeated terms removed

Study of the diagnostic categories which have been repeated (Table C53) shows that in the two years taken together the multiple use of terms codable to heart disease specified as involving the coronary arteries (ICD 420.1) was most common. Other categories showing replication were subarachnoid haemorrhage, intra-cranial and spinal injury at birth, and post-natal asphyxia, atelectasis and immaturity. The gross redundancy in describing coronary disease accounts for the replication seen particularly among males between 15 and 64 years. The remaining replications involve classes in which several diseases may be grouped into one class and therefore should not properly count as redundant information, but represent more the deficiency in the coding system in that the detail of the code is insufficient to allow these items to stand on their own.

Table C53(a) Analysis of repeated diagnoses for particular causes, by numbers of repetitions per certificate, 1966 and 1967, England and Wales

				Number of	Certificat	es	
ICD			1966			1967	
No.	Cause	Repeated	Repeated twice	Repeated	Repeated	Repeated twice	Repeated
199	Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified sites	10	2	•	13	1	-
241	Asthma	9		-	4	*	æ
260	Diabetes mellitus	4		ste	7 .	100	., *
330	Subarachnoid haemorrhage	15	98	-	14	1	
332	Cerebral embolism and thrombosis	6	**	-	3	-	•
410	Diseases of mitral valve	6	-		6	•	**
420.1	Heart disease specified as involving coronary arteries	230	18	2	225	12	3
760.0	Intracranial and spinal injury at birth without mention of immaturity	9	49		4	*	1
762.0	Postnatal asphyxia and atelectasis without mention of immaturity	11			6	1	1
770.0	Erythroblastosis, without mention of nervous affection or immaturity	1	1	•	5	1	400
773.0	Ill-defined diseases peculiar to early infancy without mention of immaturity	3	1	-	3	2	•
776	Immaturity, unqualified	9		th.	7		
795.5	Other unknown and unspecified causes of morbidity and mortality	4			5	*	æ
E853	Other falls from one level to another in water transport	4		•	8	-	•

Table C53(b) Analysis of repeated diagnoses for particular causes, by sex and age, 1966-67, England and Wales

				Fr	equency o	f repet	ition		
ICD	Cause		Ma	ales			Fe	males	
No.		0-14	15-44	45-64	65 and over	0-14	15-44	45-64	65 and over
199	Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified sites	-	5	3	3	2	7	6	3
241	Asthma	-	6	3	•	1	3		1
260	Diabetes mellitus	-	2	3	2	-	-	4	-
330	Subarachnoid haemorrhage	1	4	7	•	-	13	4	2
332	Cerebral embolism and thrombosis	-	1	2	1	-		1	4
410	Diseases of mitral valve	•	5	-	•	-	1	4	2
420.1	Heart disease specified as involving coronary arteries		88	181	115	-	9	51	86
760.0	Intracranial and spinal injury at birth without mention of immaturity	12	•	-	•	4	ni-		·
762.0	Postnatal asphyxia and atelectasis without mention of immaturity	14	-	-	• ·	8	•	-	-
770.0	Erythroblastosis, without mention of nervous affection or immaturity	3	•		**	7		•	
773.0	Ill-defined diseases peculiar to early infancy without mention of immaturity	4				8		_	_
776	Immaturity, unqualified	9	-			7,	•		_
795.5	Other unknown and unspecified causes of morbidity and mortality	-	1	1	2	•	3	•	2
E853	Other falls from one level to another in water transport	1	7			3	1	•	•

The numbers of certificates sampled in 1966 and 1967 are shown in Table C54 together with the sampling fraction achieved and the multiplying factors which should be used in making estimates based on the whole population of England and Wales in 1967.

Table C54(a) The number of certificates in the sample, the actual number of deaths recorded and the sampling and multiplying factors achieved, by sex and age, 1967, England and Wales

		Under 15	15-	45-	65 and over
Certificates in sample	{ M F	552 423	660 407	797 427	871 1,022
Actual deaths recorded	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	11,659 8,713	13,588 8,340	77,613 43,985	174,318 204,300
Sampling fraction achieved	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	4.7345 4.8548	4.8572 4.8801	1.0269 0.9708	0.4997 0.5002
Multiplying factor	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	21.1214 20.5981	20.5879 20.4914	97.3814 103.0094	200.1355 199.9022

Table C54(b) The number of certificates in the sample, the actual number of deaths recorded and the sampling and multiplying factors achieved, by sex and age, 1966, England and Wales

		Under 15	15-	45-	65 and over
Certificates in sample	{ M F	592 444	682 464	882 461	935 1,074
Actual deaths recorded	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	12,449 8,926	14,539 8,695	80,710 45,239	180,924 212,142
Sampling fraction achieved	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	4.7544 4.9742	4.6908 5.3364	1.0928 1.0190	0.5168 0.5063
Multiplying factor	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathtt{M} \\ \mathtt{F} \end{array}\right.$	21.0287 20.1036	21.3182 18.7392	91.5079 98.1323	193.5016 197.5251

Table C55 shows some of the principal causes of death in children under 15 years of age where the underlying cause as selected gives a poor estimate of the frequency of the condition at death. 1966 and 1967 results are shown for comparison. This table shows how the tabulated underlying causes of death are misleading in assessing the prevalence of a particular morbid condition at death. In 'epileptic children' only 3 out of 10 deaths included in this sample were recorded as deaths due to epilepsy as the underlying cause, and only 4 out of the

35 'mongoloid children' in the two years were recorded as dying from mongolism as the underlying cause although mongolism probably played an important part in causing the death of each child. There is also an intriguing sex difference in deaths from gastro-enteritis.

Table C55 Multiple coded deaths in children under 15 years as total mentions in sample and as underlying cause, by sex, 1966 and 1967, England and Wales

			1966			1967		
ICD No.	Cause	Cause			Ratio (a x 100)	Total mentions (a)	As under- lying cause (b)	(b x 100)
325.4	Mongolism	{ M F	9	1	12	12 6	2 1	17 17
325.5	Other and unspecified mental deficiency	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	4	- -	•	3 4	. •	on 90
353.3	Epilepsy	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{F} \end{array}\right.$	4 2	2	50	2 2	i	50
491.0	Bronchopneumonia	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	80 58	56 36	70 62	92 69	63 50	68 72
571.0	Gastro-enteritis	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} M \\ F \end{array}\right.$	13 16	9 16	69 100	11 10	9 10	82 100
593.0	Nephritis	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{F} \end{array}\right.$	4 7	1 1	25 14	7 4		•

Some causes of death in the ages 15-44 years are considered in Table C56. The common diagnoses usually referred to under the title thrombo-embolic diseases are shown for this age-group for each sex. There was a consistently higher proportion of males with disease of the coronary artery which has been assigned to this underlying cause as compared with females, of whom only four-fifths were assigned to coronary disease as underlying cause. The increase in the proportion of cases assigned to ICD category 466 'other venous embolism and thrombosis' as underlying cause possibly represents a change in certification habits: embolism or thrombosis was indicated as primary cause of death more frequently in 1967 than in 1966, and more frequently in women than in men.

Table C56 Multiple coded deaths involving thrombo-embolic diseases in persons aged 15-44 years with total mentions in sample and as underlying cause, by sex, 1966 and 1967, England and Wales

				1966			1967	
ICD No.	Cause	Sex	Total mentions (a)	As under- lying cause (b)	Ratio (a x 100)	Total mentions (a)	As under- lying cause (b)	(a × 100)
332	Cerebral embolism and thrombosis	M F	10 6	3 1	30 17	5 5	-	-
334	Other and ill-defined vascular lesions of central nervous system	M F	5 2	1	50	2 6	1 2	50 33
420.1	Heart disease involving coronary arteries	M F	125 18	120 14	96 78	112 20	108 16	9 6 80
454	Arterial embolism and thrombosis	M F	2		-	1 -	-	-
463	Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis of lower extremities	M F	1 1	1 1	100 100	2	1	50
464	Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis of other sites	M F	1	*	o.	1 -	1 -	100
465	Pulmonary embolism and infarction	M F	15 20	1 1	7 5	16 18	3 1	19 6
466	Other venous embolism and thrombosis	M F	7 10	2 5	29 50	6 9	4 7	67 78
570.2	Mesenteric infarction	M F	**		-	1	1	100

Table C57 includes similar material to that reported for the 1966 study* for selected diagnoses. Tables C58(a) C58(b) show a comparison for selected causes of death of the numbers and death rates estimated from two sources; the multiple cause coded sample of death certificates for 1967 and the routine underlying cause analysis of deaths reported in the Registrar General's Statistical Review, Part I. These tables amplify some points made earlier in this discussion.

^{*} Registrar General's Statistical Review of England and Wales for the year 1966. Part III Commentary, page 93.

Total number of mentions in the sample and the number taken as the Multiple cause coding study. Total number of mentions in the sample and the numbunderlying cause for selected diagnoses, by sex and age, 1967, England and Wales Table C57

Cause Caus					-0			15-			45-		65 a	and over	
Mailgement incolers Total Mailgement incolers Mailgement Mailgement incolers Mailgement Mai								Mentior	of di	s in	sample				
Asthma Asthma Asthma Asthma Asthma Asthma Asthma Mathma Asthma Mathma Mathm	No.	Cause	E	V)	As under- lying cause (b)	batio x 100)	Total mentions (a)		Ratio x x 100)	Total nentions (a)		Batio	Total mentions (a)	As under- lying cause (b)	, Ratio
Asthma	162.1	2	ME	6 8			14	14	100	71	15	100	46	44	96 100
Diabetes mellitus	241	Asthma	M E	4.0	40	100	20	16	0 &	Q Q	88	88 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 8	∞ ∞	9.60	388
Cerebral haemorrhage	260	Diabetes mellitus	× ×	# #	H H	100	111	1	55	14	27	36	19	r. 00	37
Cerebral haemorrhage	330	Subarachnoid haemorrhage	¥ ¥		- 2	200	14	14	100	12 22	111 20	92	9.5	0 m	100
Cerebral embolism and thrombosis M -	331	Cerebral haemorrhage	¥ ⅓	m 74	+ +	33	15	7 9	50	33	32	& & & &	55 89 89	50	91
Other and ill-defined	332	Cerebral embolism and thrombosis	M H	+ 77	8 94	20	ທທ	1 1	t g	31	22 8	71 53	67 112	ເນ ໝ ເນ ເນ	79
Disease of mitral valve M 13 12 92 9 8 8 89 4 Heart disease involving M 15 14 93 17 14 82 15 Leart disease involving M 20 16 80 279 260 93 234 2 Coronary arteries Essential benign M 1 23 - 68 2 3 60 hypertension Essential benign M 1 23 - 68 2 3 60	334	Other and ill-defined vascular lesions of central nervous system	Z ís	ຕາດ	H 6	8.83	0.0	-7	33	10	m 02	33	35	16	52 22
.1 Heart disease involving { M	410.0	Disease of mitral valve	M#	ş ¥		g &	13	12	92	9	8 4	88	15	10	75
Essential benign { M 1 23 68 2 3 60 hypertension { F 15 42 2 5 96	420.1	Heart disease involving coronary arteries	Z is	å 9	+ 1		112 20	108	96	279	260	933	234	218 178	93 89
	444	Essential benign hypertension	¥¤,	₩ 9		3 3	15	9 8	1 1	4 2 8 8	77	m w	960	w r	ro r

26 21	29 45	39	100	36	15 44	- 1					100	100	• •		
00	2.2	56	ιm	4.0	4 4	. =	1 1		8 8		н.	77		g 6	8 4
23	111	142	3 1	111	13	3	4 4	8 pri	23	pri 1	₩,	77	8 B	g - 6	B 6
36	60	20 24	100	27	56 20	60		1 1	1 1	1 1	100	100	100	100	p &
2 22	w 4	15	m 71	ım	rv H	m 7	8 B	\$ \$	4 1		1 9	1 3		₩ 1	
14	25.00	33	10.01	11	o ru	ທຕ	\$ £	t t	15	H 1	9	1 3	.	н.	1 8
19	67	32	100	24	100	1 1	1 1	8 6	8 5	\$ B	100	93	100	33	100
r -1	41	10	2.4	4 m	44		1 1	1 t		8 8	18	133	w 4		
16	96	38 25	3.7	17	41		t t		6	98	18	14	4 4	3.2	17
£ §	P B	68	50) t	33	8 8	8 8	g - 9		9 8	100		• •	100	
t 1	b b	50	 1	B B	7 7	\$ E	1 1	0 4	s s	1 1			1 1	H .	0 5
	1 1	92	61	r 4	9	4 1	1 1		4 ∞			s 6	\$ B	- = €	,
ME	×π	Z F4	M H	M	×	Z F	N F	≥ E	Z H	MF	N.	Z.	N.F.	Z Fi	E
Pulmonary embolism and infarction	Other venous embolism and thrombosis	Bronchopneumonia	Chronic nephritis	Nephritis not specified as acute or chronic	Pyelitis pyelocystitis and pyelonephritis	Rheumatoid arthritis {	Osteo-arthritis (arthrosis)	Spondylitis osteo-arthritis (spondylarthrosis)	792.0 Uraemia	Poisoning by alcohol	Poisoning by carbon monoxide	Poisoning by barbituric acid and its derivatives	Poisoning by aspirin and salicylates	Poisoning by other analgesic and soporific drugs	Poisoning by other and unspecified substances
465	466	491	592	593	600.0	722.0	723.0	723.1	792.0	N961	N9 68	N971	N972	N974	046N

causes in the Registrar General's Statistical Review, Part 1; numbers, by sex and age, 1967, England and Wales coded death certificates, compared with (b) the analyses of deaths according to underlying Prevalence of certain selected causes of death: (a) as estimated* from the multiple cause Table C58(a)

and over	As under- lying cause (b)	. 8,678 1,566	335	1,000	1,319	41, 629	815 1,338	1,038	832
65 and	Estimated number of mentions (a)	9, 206 1, 399	1,601	3, 803 8, 396	801	46,832	12,008 19,191	4,603	2,602
45-64	As under- lying cause (b)	7,309	303 361	382 452	616	25, 328 6, 582	332	310	261 363
45.	Estimated number of mentions (a)	6,914 1,545	584	1,363	876 1,751	27, 169 5, 872	6,622	1,363	876 515
15-44	As under- lying cause (b)	360	205	108	166 246	2,118	19	33	55 91
15*	Estimated number of mentions (a)	288 102	412	226 123	268 307	2,306	474	329	82 143
14	As under- lying cause (b)	0 B	71	12	v 4		1 1	m ı	13
0-14	Estimated number of mentions (a)		84	21	1 1	1 1	21	21	42
	S S	Z iL	MFI	ΣĿ	ΣĦ	×	×	MF	ΣĿ
	Cause	Malignant neoplasm of bronchus and lung specified as primary	Asthma	Diabetes mellitus	Diseases of mitral valve	Heart disease involving coronary arteries	Essential benign hypertension	Pulmonary embolism and infarction	Pyelitis, pyelocystitis and pyelonephritis
	No.	162.1	241	260	410	420.1	444	465	0.009

* For sampling factor see page 101

causes in the Registrar General's Statistical Review, Part I; rates per million population coded death certificates, compared with (b) the analyses of deaths according to underlying Prevalence of certain selected causes of death: (a) as estimated from the multiple cause within age-group, by sex, 1967, England and Wales Table C58(b)

			0-14	4	15-	15-44	45-64	64	65 and	and over
ICD No.	Cause	S e ×	Estimated (a)	Underlying cause (b)	Estimated (a)	Underlying cause (b)	Estimated (a)	Underlying cause (b)	Estimated (a)	Underlying Cause (b)
162.1	Malignant neoplasm of bronchus and lung specified as primary	×			29.8	13.2	1,196	1, 265	4,026	3,795
241	Asthma	M	14.6	12.4	34.9	21.3	101 99.5	52.4	700	87.5
260	Diabetes mellitus	M	3,66	2.09	23.4	11.2	236	66.1	1,663	437 584
410	Diseases of mitral valve	×	9 8	0.87	32.6	17.2	152 282	107	350	208 352
420.1	Heart disease involving coronary arteries	MA	3 8	0.17	239	220	4,701	4,382	20,480 10,662	18,205
444	Essential benign hypertension	ΜĦ	3,66	6 8	32.6	1.97	1,146	57.4	5,251	356
465	Pulmonary embolism and infarction	×	3.85	0.52	34.1	3.42	236 265	53.6	2,013	324
600.0	Pyelitis, pyelocystitis and pyelonephritis	×	7.31	3.66	8.50	5.70	152 82.9	58.2	1,138	364

MISCELLANEOUS

Deaths associated with vaccine

Table C59. Deaths associated with vaccination or other prophylactic inoculation, 1966, England and Wales

Sex	Age	Cause of death
		Postvaccinal encephalitis (E941)
M	12 years	Status epilepticus as a result of old vaccinial encephalitis
F	53 years	Encephalo-myelitis following vaccination for smallpox
		Other complications of smallpox vaccination (E942)
М	2 years	Eczema vaccinatum
		Other complications of prophylactic inoculation (E944)
M	4 months	Encephalomyelitis following pertussis vaccination. Upper respiratory tract infection was also recorded
M	1 year	Right-sided bronchopneumonia following epileptiform convulsion, following pertussis immunisation
M	3 years	Pulmonary oedema, allergic encephalomyelitis and encephalitis following diphtheria injection
M.	5 years	Asphyxia due to inhalation of vomit. The child coughed after being given desensitising vaccine for hay fever at doctor's surgery. (Bencard)
М	26 years	Acute anaphylactic shock brought on by pollen vaccine injection when the deceased was suffering from very severe purulent bronchitis masked by heavy steriod medication. Severe asthma mentioned.

Table C60. Deaths associated with vaccination or other prophylactic inoculation, 1967, England and Wales

Sex	Age	Cause of death
F	24 years	Generalized vaccinia (E940) Toxaemia Other complications of prophylactic inoculation (E944)
M M	6 months 4 years	Possible reaction to pertussis vaccine with encephalitis Hydrocephalus, severe reaction to immunisation c triple antigen at age 4-5 months. Developed encephalitis which led to acquired hydrocephalus.

Deaths from lightning as a compound probability distribution

In the Registrar General's Statistical Review, 1963, Part III, the numbers of deaths from lightning in England and Wales were given for each year since the beginning of the century. The figures were analysed by sex, age, month of occurrence and other variables. It was shown that males are more often killed than females and that most deaths occur in the summer months. The variation from year to year is increased by incidents in which more than one person was killed. The details of the numbers killed in each incident are no longer generally available except for recent years.*

The distribution of the number, N say, of persons killed in a year can be envisaged as being compounded of two distributions, that of the number of strikes, L, and that of the number of persons, M, killed at a strike. It is not unreasonable to suppose that the two distributions are independent.

Let R_N , R_L , R_M be the ratios of variance to mean of the three distributions, and let \overline{M} be the mean of M. Then it can be shown that whatever the form of the distributions.

$$R_N = \overline{M}R_L + R_M$$

If, therefore, over the years the distribution of L remains unchanged, or the change is such that the ratio of variance to mean of L is constant, then changes in this ratio for N will reflect changes in the distribution of M.

^{*} See Registrar General's Statistical Review, Part III 1963 page 202.

Table C61 shows the mean number killed, \overline{N} , in each decade since 1901 and the ratio of variance to mean.

Table C61

Decade	Mean number killed by lightning	Variance/Mean
1901-10	12.4	2.2
1911-20	16.7	3.5
1921-30	9.2	2.7
1931-40	12.3	3.4
1941-50	9.2	1.4
1951-60	9.6	1.0
1961-67	3.6	1.7

The constancy of R_L is assured if L have a Poisson distribution. This can reasonably be assumed if the occurrence of lightning throughout the year is taken as a time-dependent Poisson process. Although this might be a little speculative since the discharge in a particular area presumably affects the chance of a second discharge in the same place for some time, it might reasonably be concluded that the distribution of M, the number killed at a strike, changed somewhere in the middle of the above series.

If L has Poisson distribution with parameter, λ say, then the factorial cumulants of N are equal to the factorial moments of M multiplied by λ . Table C62 gives the first three factorial cumulants of N for the separate decades. If the probability that M is greater than 1 is zero the factorial moments of M other than the first vanish. The diminution in the second and third factorial cumulants of N could therefore be explained by a sharp reduction in the chance of multiple deaths. This might reflect a tendency for people to congregate out of doors less, both for work and play.

Table C62. Factorial cumulants of lightning deaths by decade

Decade	K ₍₁₎	K(2)	K(3)
1901-10	12.4	15.0	83.7
1911-20	16.7	41.3	25.9
1921-30	9.2	15.6	-20.3
1931-40	12.3	29.3	105.7
1941-50	9.2	3.9	-21.2
1951-60	9.6	0.4	4.5
1961-66	3.2	2.4	-6.2

Mass miniature radiography

Over the past ten years the number of people undergoing mass miniature radiography has fallen from 3,514,600 in 1957, to 3,189,760 in 1967, a drop of nearly 325 thousand (9 per cent). Part of this decrease is due to the cessation of National Service. In 1967 only 860 recruits underwent mass miniature radiography compared with over 85 thousand in 1957. Examinations in factories and offices fell by 6 per cent and in schools by 15 per cent. Total figures for examinations in England and Wales in recent years, derived from a ten per cent sample are:

	Males	Females
1957	1,933,320	1,581,280
1961	1,836,580	1,342,700
1962	1,893,410	1,351,550
1963	1,932,590	1,357,930
1964	1,932,860	1,353,520
1965	1,898,580	1,365,090
1966	1,887,770	1,373,120
1967	1,831,470	1,358,290

Table C63 shows details of the cases of respiratory tuberculosis uncovered in recent years. The number of persons requiring treatment or supervision for respiratory tuberculosis detected by the mass miniature radiography examination has again fallen. In 1957 it was 6,481 and it has declined to 2,847 in 1967, a fall of 56 per cent in ten years. Table C66 shows, for the various groups, the number requiring treatment or supervision expressed as a proportion per thousand examinations. For contacts this proportion has fallen markedly, although the number of examinations in this category has increased.

Since 1964 general practitioner referrals have been the largest single source of discovery and in 1967 there was a marked rise in the proportion of total cases found.

Compared with 1966 the number of other diseases uncovered by the examinations in 1967 has fallen like tuberculosis, with the exception of neoplasms. Although these are higher than last year they appear to be increasing by a smaller amount each year. Malignant neoplasms increased by 99 compared with 128 in 1966 and 267 in 1965.

It was found that the screening of the general public yielded less new cases of respiratory tuberculosis. With improved social conditions general resistance to disease has increased and so the problem of infection has been lessened. In the past this problem was aggravated by unknown carriers infecting others, often in conditions which encouraged disease. Improved case-finding, and the knowledge to isolate the carriers and render them non-infectious have also reduced the risk of the disease spreading. Diagnostic resources can be employed more efficiently for suspects referred by general practitioners, or for groups such as prisoners where infection may be feared.

Table C63. The number of cases of respiratory tuberculosis uncovered, with the percentage found (a) by survey in factories and offices, (b) for volunteers, and (c) G.P.'s, 1961 to 1967, England and Wales

Year	Total	(a) Factories and offices	(b) Volunteers	(c) General Practitioners
1961	4,473	34.5	22.0	34.2
1962	4,180	34.4	22.3	34.1
1963	4,185	34.1	21.2	32.8
1964	3,998	34.0	19.4	35.8
1965	3,515	32.9	21.6	34.5
1966	3,228	32.0	19.7	36.6
1967	2,847	27.2	21.7	40.3

Table C64. Mass miniature radiography. Number of non-tuberculous conditions diagnosed following examination, 1961 to 1967, England and Wales

	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Neoplasms Malignant Non-malignant	2,677	2,848 567		3,289 544			3,783 655
Lymphadenopathy Sarcoids and enlarged hilar glands Other	704	724	758 69	794 70	787 81	878 96	841
Cardiac and vascular abnormality Congenital Acquired	452 8,411	484 8,651		483 8,060			
Pneumoconosis With P.M.F.* Without	204 2,290	199 2,078		129 1,567			

^{*} P.M.F. = progressive massive fibrosis

Table C65 Persons undergoing Mass Miniature Radiography (M.M.R.), 1961 to 1967, England and Wales

(Estimates derived from 10 per cent sample)

					(Fi	gure s i n	thousands)
Group	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1 966	1967
				Males			
General practitioner referrals	115.8	127.9	142 0	140.0	162.0	174.0	180 5
Hospitals, O.P.,	115.0	127.9	143.8	148.9	163.0	174.0	179.5
I.P.	8.8	6.9	8.4	9.9	9.9	11.7	10.6
Armed forces intake	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8
School children	32.6	35.9	35.7	30.8	24.1	26.1	22.9
Contacts	17.0	22.9	27.2	38.6	36.1	35.9	39.3
Special surveys	16.9	5.8	5.5	2.3	3.9	5.7	6.7
Prisons, Borstals							
etc.	20.7	21.2	27.1	31.8	35.4	39.7	36.6
Factories, offices	1,164.2	1,188.2	1,211.7	1,214.8	1,144.4	1,136.0	1,056.1
Volunteers	425.5	455.0	433.2	426.4	448.7	425.6	445.7
Psychiatric hospitals	33.9	29.0	39.2	28.7	32.3	32.4	33.3
				Females			
General							
practitioner referrals	102.8	106.6	119.8	124.3	129.6	139.2	142.8
Hospitals, O.P., I.P.	10.0	7.8	11.1	12.3	12.8	15.7	13.8
School children	28.5	29.6	27.8	26.1	20.6	20.8	17.0
Contacts	15.5	20.9	20.7	26.8	30.1	28.3	30.3
Special surveys	19.9	5.7	3.0	1.3	0.8	3.1	1.8
Prisons, Borstals etc.	3.5	3.3	5.0	6.9	7.0	8.3	8.3
Factories, offices	606.0	602.4	620.2	621.7	603.3	599.6	573.5
Volunteers	503.5	527.1	490.4	486.5	508.8	509.2	524.8
Ante-natal clinics		20.8	20.0	20.4	19.8	15.7	14.1
Psychiatric hospitals	32.0	27.5	39.8	27.3	32.2	33.3	31.8

Table C66. Respiratory tuberculosis. Proportion of M.M.R. examinations revealing cases requiring treatment or supervision (per thousand examinations), 1961 to 1967, England and Wales

Group	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1956	1967		
ОТООР	-302	2302	2300		1300	1200	1 200		
				Males					
All groups	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1		
General practitioner referrals	9.4	7.8	6.7	6.8	5.3	4.7	4.5		
School children	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4		
Contacts	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.4	1.6	1.7	1.1		
Prisons, Borstals etc.	3.9	3.4	3.9	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.7		
Factories, offices	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6		
Volunteers	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.8		
Psychiatric hospitals	2.6	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.2		
	Females								
All groups	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6		
General practitioner referrals	4.3	4.0	3.4	3.4	2.7	2.6	2.4		
School children	0.7	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9		
Contacts	2.1	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.6	0.9		
Prisons, Borstals etc.	0.6	1.5	0.8	1.3	2.6	0.5	0.7		
Factories, offices	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3		
Volunteers	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5		
Ante-natal clinics	1.2	1.8	1.2	1.9	1.0	1.2	1.1		
Psychiatric hospitals	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.4		



Table C67. Mass miniature radiography, number of examinations made by mass England and Wales

(The total numbers of examinations have been

Category of						Males						
person examined	Under 14	14	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	60-	65 and over	Not Stated	All ages
Out-patients and in-patients of hospitals	50	70	590	860	1,740	1,870	2,010	980	1,090	1,370	-	10,630
H.M. Forces	-	40	580	160	20	10	-	-	-	-	_	810
School children (Mantoux test)	3,920	2,210	1,090	40	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	7,260
School children (School groups)	1,840	2,390	11,200	220	~	-	-	-	•	_	-	15,650
Contacts (Mantoux test)	370	270	290	100	150	570	400	40	20	20		2,230
Other contacts	3,210	1,650	6,310	3,730	6,630	5,930	5,030	2,150	1,370	1,010	10	37,030
Persons covered by special surveys	100	70	750	710	1,500	1,370	1,230	390	400	180	_	6,700
Persons in prisons, borstals etc.	220	240	9,640	7,510	7,340	4,150	2,750	1,160	920	2,680	30	36,640
Persons in factories/												
(General surveys)	-	310	100,316	137,490	221,830	221,040	212,340	89,860	57,130	12,900	10	1,056,070
General public volunteers	1,680	1,720	34,680	45,610	92,890	91,640	78,350	32,710	26,750	39,670	10	445,710
Ante-natal cases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mental hospitals and mental institutions	310	120	1,550	2,490	4,810	5,700	6,690	3,820	3,020	4,750	20	33,280
Total	11,700	9,090	169,840	198,920	336,910	332,280	308,800	131,110	90,700	62,580	80	1,652,010
Persons referred by general practitioners	3,240	1,180	13,450	16,810	30,360	32,110	31,650	16,740	16,040	17,880		179,460
Total (all groups)	14,940	10,270	183,290	215,730	367,270	364,390	340,450	147,850	106,740	80,460	80	1,831,470

radiography units by sex, age and category of person examined, 1967,

derived from a 10 per cent sample of record cards)

							F	emal es				Persons	
Under 14	14	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	60-	65 and over	Not stated	All ages	A11 ages	Category of person examined
30	50	790	1,210	2, 550	2,750	2, 740	1,010	880	1,800	10	13,820	24, 450	Out-patients and in-patients of hospitals
-	•	20	20	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	50	860	H.M. Forces intake
4, 010	2,090	730	30	ا مسر	-	••	-	-	-	-	6,860	14,120	School children (Mantoux test)
960	1,590	7,570	50	, -	- .	-	-	~	_	-	10,170	25,820	School children (School groups)
670	470	410	40	200	470	320	40	10	60	-	2,690	4,920	Contacts (Mantoux test)
3, 280	1,390	5,110	3, 200	3,680	4,.270	3,750	1, 180	700	1,020	-	27,580	64,610	Other contacts
200	60	660	350	300	210	190	120	80	60		1,830	8,530	Persons covered by special surveys
20	10	760	610	640	820	790	320	480	3,820	·	8, 270	44,910	Persons in prisons, borstals etc.
•	80	119, 190	116, 540	86,330	104,700	99,410	32, 310	11,590	3, 330	10	573, 490	1,629,560	Persons in factories/ offices (General surveys)
1,620	1, 430	44,520	51, 260	108,760	114, 260	95, 190	38,320	31, 270	38, 100	30	524, 760	970,470	General public volunteers
_	10	1,910	5, 260	5,880	1,060	10	-	-	-	-	14, 130	14, 130	Ante-natal cases
160	60	1,290	1,810	3, 140	4,770	6,070	2,980	3,000	8, 530	10	31,820	65, 100	Mental hospitals and mental institutions
10,950	7,240	182, 560	180, 380	211,480	233, 310	208,480	76, 2 80	48,010	56,720	60	1, 215, 470	2, 867, 480	Total
2, 450	990	14, 590	16, 190	27,590	26, 340	22,770	10,530	8,480	12,870	20	142,820		Persons referred by general practitioners
13, 400	8, 230	197, 150	196, 570	239,070	259,650	231, 250	86,810	56, 490	69,590	80	1, 358, 290	3, 189, 760	Total (all groups)

Table C68. Mass miniature radiography, (a) number of cases of respiratory per 1,000 examinations, by sex, age, and category of person examined,

-Category of						Ma	al es						
person examined		Under 14	14	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	60-	65 and over	Not stated	All ages
Out-patients and in- patients of hospitals	{(a) (b)	-	-	-	-	-	2 1.1	1 0.5	1.0	2 1.8	-	-	6 0.6
H.M. Forces intake	{ (a) (b)	-	-	1 1.7	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 1.2
School children (Mantoux test)	{ (a) (b)	5 1.3	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	9
School children (School groups)	{ (a) (b)	1 0.5	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
Contacts (Mantoux test)	{ (a) (b)	-	3.7	-	-	-		1 2.5	-	-	-	-	2 0.9
Other contacts	{ (a) (b)	3 0.9	-	8 1.3	3 0.8	8 1.2	3	7 1.4	3 1.4	2 1.5	4.0	-	41 1.1
Persons covered by special surveys	{ (a) (b)	-	1 14.3	2 2. 7	5 7.0	5 3.3	4 2.9	5 4.1	3 7.7	2 5.0	-	-	27 4.0
Persons in prisons, borstals etc.	$\begin{cases} (a) \\ (b) \end{cases}$	-	-	3 0.3	9	10 1.4	13 3.1	34 12.4	9 7.8	7.6	14 5. 2	-	99 2. 7
Persons in factories/ offices (General surveys)	{ (a) (b)		-	19 0.2	63 0.5	116 0.5	121	139 0.7	68	44 0.8	17 1.3	-	587 0.6
General public	{ (a) (b)	3 1.8	-	14 0.4	32 0.7	59 0.6	75 0.8	77 1.0	36 1.1	23 0.9	43 1.1	-	362 0.8
Ante-natal cases	{ (a) (b)	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mental hospitals and mental institutions	{ (a) (b)		-	-	0.4	8	0.4	12 1.8	5	6 2.0	6	-	40 1.2
Total	{ (a) (b)	12 1.0	6	47 0.3	113 0.6	206 0.6	220 0.7	276 0.9	125 1.0	86 0.9	84 1.3	•	1,175 0.7
Persons referred by general practitioners	{ (a) (b)	6 1.9	1 0.8	66 4.9	68 4.0	137 4.5	120 3.7	160 5.1	80 4.8	77 4.8	87 4.9	1	803 4.5
Total (all groups)	{ (a) (b)	18 1. 2	7	113 0.6	181	343 0.9	340 0.9	436 1.3	205 1.4	163 1.5	171 2.1	1 12.5	1,978

tuberculosis requiring treatment or close clinical supervision, (b) rates 1967, England and Wales

						Fem	ales					Persons	
Inder 14	14	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	60-	65 and over	Not stated	A11 ages	All ages	Category of person examined
-	-	1.3	-	1 0.4	0.4	-	-	-	0.6	•	4 0.3	10 0.4	(a) Out-patients and in- (b) patients of hospitals
	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-		-	-	1 1.2	(a) H.M. Forces intake
7 1.7	3 1.4	2.7	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	12 1.7	21 1.5	(a) School children (b) (Mantoux test)
1	-	0.3	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4 0.2	(a) School children (b) (School groups)
2 3.0	-	-	-	1 5.0	1 2.1	-	-	-	-	-	4 1.5	6 1.2	(a) Contacts (Mantoux (b) test)
1 0.3	1 0.7	6 1.2	-	7	0.9	1 0.3	-	-	2 2.0	-	22 0.8	63 1.0	(a) Other contacts (b)
-	-	•	•	3 10.0	-	-	-	•	-	-	3 1.6	30 3.5	(a) Persons covered by (b) special surveys
	-	3.9	•	-	2 2.4	1.3	~	-	-	-	6	105 2.3	(a) Persons in prisons, (b) borstals etc.
-	-	29	41	39	40	29 0.3	6 0.2	3		-	187 0.3	774 0.5	Persons in factories/ (a) offices (General (b) surveys)
-	0.7	13 0.3	3 5 0.7	49 0.5	61 0.5	55 0.6	17 0.4	14 0.4	9 0.2	33.3	255 0.5	617 0.6	(a) General public (b) volunteers
•	-	1 0.5	4 0.8	7 1. 2	3.8	-	-	-	 -	-	16 1.1	16 1.1	(a) Ante-natal cases (b)
	1 16.7	•	*	0.3	-	3 0.5	1 0.3	3 1.0	4 0.5	-	13 0.4	53 0.8	(a) Mental hospitals and (b) mental institutions
11 1.0	6	57 0.3	80	108 0.5	113	89	24	20	16 0.3	1 16.7	525 0.4	1,700 0.6	(a) (b) Total
7 2.9	-	37 2.5	55 3.4	71 2.6	59 2.2	50 2.2	17 1.6	17 2.0	31 2.4	-	344 2.4	1,147 3.6	(a) Persons referred by (b) general practitioners
18	6	94 0.5	135 0.7	179 0.7	172	139	¥1 0.5	<i>3</i> 7 0.7	47 0.7	1 12.5	869	2,847 0.9	(a) (b) Total (all groups)

Mass miniature radiography, (a) numbers (b) rates per 1,000 examinations, of non-tuberculous conditions diagnosed following examination, by sex and age, 1967, England and Wales Table C69.

Persons	All		1,267	2,516	3,783		492	163	0.2		40	44	84 0°0		568	273	841 0.3
	All		0.2	3.4			263	79	342		0.0	22 0.2	41 0.0	-	263	169	432
	Not		1 16.7	a a	12.5		, ,	. 1	1 1		9 8		1 1	-	1 6	1 1	1 1
	65 and over		1.4	190	268		1.1	2.2	92		0.0	1 6	0.0		0.1	0.5	14 0.2
	-09		37	10.0	122		32 0.7	10	42 0.7		0.0	1 0.1	3.0.1	-	0.1	80.0	14 0.2
	55-		33	74	107		39	1.5	55		0.0	0.2	± 0°0		9 0.1	80 °C	17 0.2
les	45-		09.3	96	156		0.3	16	# 0 # 8		0.0	3 0.1	10 O		37	1.1	0.3
Females	35-		12 0.1	0.9	37		32	0.2	36		0.0	3.	0.0		41	1.1	0.3
	25-		0.0	7 0.3	0.0		12 0.1	3.	15		0.0	5.0	0.0	-	98	68	166
	20-		0.0	3 0.2	0.0		0.0	0.1	0.0		0.0	3.0	0.0	_	0.3	16	76 4.0
	15-		30.0	1 1	0.0		10	1 0.1	11 0.1	W		2 0.1	0.0	glands	3.0.0	9.0	0.1
	14		1 0.1	1 1	4 0.1		1 1	1 1	1 1	rcoids	1 8	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1
	Unde r 14	als.	1 (1 0.4	1 0.1	Sms	1 1	1 1	1 1	a a	1 1	3.	9.0	d hilar	0.1	₩ 0,	0.1
	A11	neoplasms	1,040	2,035	3,075	nt neoplasms	229	84	313	excluding	0.0	22 0.1	0.0	enlarged	305	104	409
	Not stated	Malignant	1 1	۲ '	25.0	alignant	, ,		1 1	athies,	10	1 1	1 1	cluding	1 (1 1
	65 and over	Mal	329	808	1,137	Non-ma	31	1.5	0.7	Lymphadenopathies	1 1	8 0.4	0.1	oids, incl	7 0.1	3 1	0.1
	-09		263	456	6.7		43	10	53	Lym	0.0	1 0.1	0.0	Sarcoi	7 0.1	3 0.2	0.1
	55-		213	350	563		35	17	52 0.4		0.0	1 0.1	0.0	-	0.0	3.0	0.1
Se	45-		177	344	521		53	11 0.3	64 0.2		0.0	2 0.1	2,0	-	17	9 0.3	0.1
Males	35-		0.3	65	0.3		37	10	47		0.0	3.0.1	0.0		59	26	0.5
	25.		0.0	7 0.2	12 0.0		0.1	6 0.2	23		0.0	2 0.1	0.0	-	131	1.5	176
	20-		0.0	3	0.0		0.0	3.0	0.0		4.0	1 0.1	0.0	-	0.4	16	(b) 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.4
	15-		0.0	1 1	0.0		0.1 0.0	1 1	0.0		0.0	§ 3 1	0.0		0.0	0.1	0.0
	14		1 1	1 1	1 1		0.1	1 1	0.1 0.0		1 1	t t	1-1	-	0.1 0.1 0.0	1 1	10.1
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	Category of person		All groups, excluding persons referred by general practitioners	Persons referred by general practitioners	Total (all groups)		All groups, excluding persons referred by general practitioners	Persons referred by general practitioners	O Total (all groups)		All groups, excluding persons referred by general practitioners	Persons referred by general practitioners	Total (all groups)		All groups, excluding (a) persons referred by (b) general practitioners	Persons referred by general practitioners	Total (all groups)

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al car	1.0	7 0.4	22 0.1		33 33 53	14.5	4.6	Pneum	161	7.5	286	Pne	13	3.0	16
genit	1.0	17	36	uired	1.6	8.0	738	-	0.7	3.5	340	-	13	3.0.1	0.0
S	30	12 0.4	42 0.1	Acc	0.5	80	261		0.4	1.8	180		1 1	0.0	0.0
	33	17 0.6	50		0.2	1.0	110	-	0.0	5.0	12 0.0		1 1	1 1	1 1
	0.1	9 0.5	35		43	9 0.5	0.2	-	1 1		1 1	-	1 1	+ +	1 1
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	0.2	3 1 15 0.9 0.8 1.1	7 3 56 0.5 0.3	-	0.2	1 1	0.2	-		1 1	1 1	-	1 1	1 1	1 1
	0.3	3.0.9	7.0.5	-	3.0.3	2 0.6	0.3		1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	t t
	(8)		(g)	-	(a) (b)	(a)	(a)	-	(a) (b)	(a) (b)	(a)	-	(a) (b)	(a) (b)	(a)
	All groups, excluding {(s) 4 2 41 persons referred by {(b) 0.3 0.2 0.2 general practitioners	Persons referred by general practitioners (b)	Total (&1) groups)		All groups, excluding $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} (a) & 3 & 2 & 30 \\ persons referred by & (b) & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.2 \\ general practitioners & \end{array} \right.$	Persons referred by general practitioners (b)	Total (all groups)		All groups, excluding { (a) persons referred by { (b) general practitioners	Persons referred by general practitioners	Total (all groups)		All groups, excluding (a) persons referred by (b) general practitioners	Persons referred by general practitioners	Total (all groups)

Alcohol as a contributory cause of death

The contribution of alcohol to deaths in England and Wales is a topic apt to invoke uninformed talk and prejudice. Causal connections between the consumption of alcohol and subsequent accidents or illness are sometimes difficult to establish since both accident or illness and the consumption of alcohol may both be correlated consequences of some personality trait, physiological variation or environmental factor. Nevertheless, alcohol is sometimes mentioned as a factor relevant to the conditions causing death. Most of these conditions have individual categories in the International Classification of Diseases, and are therefore counted as underlying causes of death. There were 990 deaths attributed to these causes in the five years under review, details of which are shown in Table C70. These deaths will be referred to in this article as deaths directly attributed to alcohol.

Table C70. Deaths directly attributed to alcohol, by underlying cause and sex, 1963 to 1967, England and Wales

TOD N		1963-	1967	196	3	196	4	196	55	19	66	190	57
ICD No.	Cause	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
	Total	671	319	118	61	117	62	150	67	143	56	143	73
307	Alcoholic psychosis	12	5	3	2	1	1	-	-	4	1	4	1
322.0	Acute alcoholism	34	6	1	_	10	4	9	-	7	-	7	2
322.1	Chronic alcoholism	131	79	24	20	26	16	21	12	31	17	29	14
322.2	Unspecified alcoholism	51	13	6	1	12	3	14	3	5	3	14	3
581.1	Cirrhosis of liver with alcoholism	350	186	64	32	53	32	89	49	70	28	74	45
N961	Poisoning by alcohol	93	30	20	6	15	6	17	3	26	7	15	8

There is, however, among deaths attributed to other underlying causes a number of deaths in which alcohol has been mentioned as a secondary or contributory cause. These deaths have been collected and reviewed for the years 1963-1967 (Table C71) and are discussed in this article. They will be referred to as deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol. There were 2,157 such deaths in the five years, between 9 and 16 per cent of which were attributed to non-violent underlying causes of death. The remainder of deaths were associated with violent causes of death and the proportions of these deaths associated with violent causes increased in both sex groups during the period from about 85 per cent in 1963 to about 91 per cent in 1967.

More men than women died from causes both directly and indirectly associated with alcohol, and Table C72 shows ratios of the crude death rates. Over the five year period 2.2 times more men than women died from causes directly attributed to alcohol, 2.7 times more men than women died from non-violent underlying causes indirectly associated with alcohol, and 3.3 times more men than women died from violent underlying causes indirectly associated with alcohol.

Table C71. Deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol, showing non-violent and violent causes, 1963 to 1967, England and Wales

TOTAL N		1963	- 1967	19	63	19	64	19	965	19	66	19	67
ICD No.	Cause	M	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	M	F	М	F
	Directly attributed to:												
001-795	Non-violent causes	185	72	43	12	38	20	35	15	34	15	35	10
E800-E999	Violent causes	1,438	462	213	73	247	76	271	94	366	104	341	115
	All causes	1,623	534	256	85	285	96	306	109	400	119	376	125

Table C72. Deaths associated with alcohol. Rates per million population, by sex and ratio of male to female, 1963 to 1967, England and Wales

		1963-1967	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Directly attributed to alcohol	M	5.8	5.2	5.1	6.5	6.1	6.1
	F	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.9
	M/F Ratio	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.1
Indirectly attributed to alcohol							
Directly attributed to non-violent	M	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5
causes	F	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.4
	M/F Ratio	2.7	3.8	2.1	2.5	2.5	3.8
Directly attributed to violent	M	12.4	9.3	10.7	11.7	15.7	14.5
causes	F	3.8	3.0	3.1	3.8	4.2	4.6
	M/F Ratio	3.3	3.1	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.2

The age of death directly or indirectly associated with alcohol was examined for both sexes together (Table C73) and the death rates were found to be highest (13.9 per million) for the violent causes of death for persons between 45-64 years. This same age-group had the highest death rate (10.2) for the direct alcohol deaths, cirrhosis of the liver being the main cause (5.8). However, among the non-violent deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol the highest death rate was about 4 per million in the age-group 65-74 years. There were two deaths of children under four years; one directly attributed to poisoning with alcohol and the other indirectly attributed to alcohol and directly to a non-violent underlying cause.

The distribution of the deaths indirectly associated with alcohol according to groups of underlying cause is shown in Tables C74a and C74b, and compared there with the distribution of all deaths assigned to these cause groups in the five year period. If the mention of alcohol on a death certificate was unrelated to the underlying cause of death one would expect the alcoholic deaths to be evenly distributed among all deaths. The proportions of each thousand deaths within each cause group of deaths which are indirectly attributed to alcohol are shown in the last columns. Clearly, the violent deaths are different from the non-violent deaths: the overall rate among the violent deaths being 20.66 per thousand for males and 8.95 for females, whereas in the non-violent deaths there were only 0.14 per thousand in males and 0.06 per thousand in females. Within each of these four groups the proportions of deaths indirectly associated with alcohol is not uniform

Age distribution of deaths directly and indirectly attributed to alcohol, by cause. Age-specific rates per million population in age-groups, 1963-1967, England and Wales Table C73.

					Ż	Numbers							H	Rates			
ICD No.	Cause of death	A11	0-4	5-14	15-24	25-44	45-64	65-74	75 and over	A11 ages	0-4	5-14	15-24	25-44	45-64	65-74	75 and over
	Directly attributed to alcohol:																
307	Alcoholic psychosis	17	,	ı	ŧ	7	11	2	2	0.07	ı	1		0.03	0.19	0.11	0.19
322.0	Acute alcoholism	40	1	1	w	13	19	-	2	0.17	1	1	0.15	0.21	0.32	0.02	0.19
322.1	Chronic alcoholism	210	1	1	-	46	123	29	11	0.88	ı	1	0.03	0.75	2.07	1.56	1.05
322.2	Unspecified alcoholism	64	ŧ	,	-	10	39	6	ĸ	0.27	1	1	0.03	0.16	0.66	0.48	0.48
581.1	Cirrhosis of liver with alcoholism	536	1	1	П	67	342	109	17	2.25	1	1	0.03	1.10	5.77	5.86	1.62
N961	Poisoning by alcohol	123	-	-	ın	300	69	9	m	0.52	0.05	0.03	0.15	0.62	1.16	0.32	0.29
	Total	066	-	-	13	176	603	156	017	4.15	0.05	0.03	0.38	2.88	10.17	8.39	3.81
	Indirectly attributed to alcohol:																
001-795	Non-violent causes	257	-	1	2	36	125	63	30	1.08	0.05	ı	90.0	0.59	2.11	3.39	2.86
E800-	Violent causes	1,900	1	e	212	647	823	171	44	7.97	1	0.09	6.17	10.60	13.89	9.19	4.19
	Total	2,157	1	8	214	683	8116	234	7.11	ħ0.6	0.05	0.09	6.22	11.19	15.99	12.58	7.05

Distribution by underlying cause, of deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol, and of all deaths: Males, 1963 to 1967, England and Wales Table C74(a).

				ı	ı	I			
		Deat	hs ind	irect]	y attr	Deaths indirectly attributed	to alcohol	All deaths	Deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol
ICD No.	Underlying cause	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	Total 1963-	1963-1967	as a proportion of all deaths: per thousand
001-795	Non-violent causes	43	38	35	34	35	185	1,345,701	0.14
001-138	Infective and parasitic diseases	1	Ħ	7	က	7	60	14,104	0.57
140-239	Neoplasms	m	.4	-	12	9	26	290,497	0.09
240-299	Allergic, metabolic and blood diseases	2	7	-	က	-	6	17,465	0.52
300-326	Mental, psychoneurotic and personality disorders	8	1	ı	ı	3	7	2,347	0 8.8 3.
330-398	Diseases of the nerves and sense organs	ო	7	4	m	-	13	170,051	0.08
400-468	Circulatory disease	12	14	13	9	14	59	527, 991	0.11
470-527	Respiratory disease	16	12	13	4	6	54	208,368	0.26
530-587	Digestive disease	4	7	1	H	-	00	36,834	0.22
590-617	Urinary disease and male genital disease	H		yel		-	V)	27,110	0.18
620-795	Others	1	1	1	7	1	H	50,934	0.02
E800-E999	Violent causes	213	247	271	366	341	1,438	69,610	20.66
E812	Motor vehicle traffic accident to pedestrian	17	22	29	37	34	139	8,078	17.21
E810-E825 (excl.E812)	Other motor vehicle traffic accidents	26	39	49	73	64	251	16,918	14.84
E871	Accidental poisoning by barbituric acid and derivatives	47	54	54	89	74	297	1,164	255.15
E870-E888 (exc1.E871)	Other accidental poisoning by solid and liquid substances	Ħ	11	10	15	12	49	55 50 50	87.81
E890-E895	Accidental poisoning by gases and vapours	ທ	90	9	9	4	29	2,263	12.81
E900-E904	Accidental falls	43	29	34	55	40	201	9,422	21.33
E970-E979	Suicide and self-inflicted injury	28	30	32	41	39	170	14,983	11.35
Remainder E800-E999	All other violent causes	46	54	57	7.1	74	302	16,224	18.61
001-E999	All causes	256	285	306	001	376	1,623	1,415,311	1.15
	Violent causes as a percentage of all causes	83	87	89	92	91	89	ĸ	

Distribution by underlying cause, of deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol, and of all deaths: Females, 1963 to 1967, England and Wales Table C74(b).

Deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol	as a proportion of all deaths: per thousand	0.06	0.13	0.02	0.07	0.82	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.18	0.21	0.02	8.95	2.29	5.68	141.43	54.79	2.94	2.45	5.64	7.25	0.40	
4 0 0 T	1963-1967	1,296,177	7,954	248,302	30,706	3,670	247,766	500,005	144,947	37,856	18,824	56,095	51,636	6,124	4,225	1,598	511	2,721	17,572	11,163	7,722	1,347,813	4
to alcohol	Total 1963-	72	#	20	2	m	1-	31	œ	7	4	4	462	14	24	226	79	00	43	63	56	534	87
outed t	1967	10	ı	1	ı		1	w	-	2	1	-	115	ro	9	09	11	-	7	18	7	125	92
attributed	1966	15	-	1	-	1	1	9	2	1	2	1	104	က	9	51	7		6	11	16	119	87
indirectly	1965	15	ŧ	1	ı	ı	m	9	4	-	1		94	4	9	46	ю	-	11	11	12	109	86
ipui s	1964	20		2		=	7	00	1	7	2	2	92	===	ın	29	ю	က	00	14	13	96	79
Deaths	1963	12	1	-	1	-	1	00	-	-	ŧ	ı	73		п	40	4	7	.00	6	00	85	98
	Underlying cause	Non-violent causes	Infective and parasitic diseases	Neoplasms	Allergic, metabolic and blood diseases	Mental, psychoneurotic and personality disorders	Diseases of the nerves and sense organs	Circulatory disease	Respiratory disease	Digestive disease	Urinary disease	Others	Violent causes	Motor vehicle traffic accident to pedestrian	Other motor vehicle traffic accidents	Accidental poisoning by barbituric acid and derivatives	Other accidental poisoning by solid and liquid substances	Accidental poisoning by gases and vapours	Accidental falls	Suicide and self-inflicted injury	All other violent causes	All causes	Violent causes as a percentage of all causes
	ICD No.	001-795	001-138	140-239	240-299	300-326	330-398	400-468	470-527	530-587	590-609	620-795	E800-E999	E812	E810-E825 (excl.E812)	E871	E870-E888 (excl.E871)	E890-E895	E900-E904	E970-E979	Remainder E800-E999	001-E999	

and certain sub-groups stand out significantly higher or significantly lower than the overall rate (p= 0.001). Where the proportion is significantly increased the figure is printed in bold type and where significantly decreased it is shown in italics. There are clear sex differences in the distributions of the non-violent deaths and no single cause is significantly associated with alcohol in both sexes. Females show a high proportion of alcohol deaths among mental and psychoneurotic disease and among digestive disease, whereas males show high proportions among infective, allergic and respiratory disease groups.

Among the violent deaths the alcoholic deaths are notably unevenly distributed. In both sexes 'accidental'* poisoning by barbiturates and by solid and liquid substances shows significantly large proportions associated with alcohol. Among other groups of violent deaths the proportions of deaths associated with alcohol among males are very much higher than the proportions of such deaths in females.

In males, accidental falls accounted for a significantly raised proportion of the deaths, whereas in females only the miscellaneous group of 'other violent causes' accounted for a significantly raised proportion. It is perhaps surprising that for both sexes such small proportions of the deaths due to road accidents of various kinds have any record of alcohol on the death certificate.

A similar analysis was made of violent deaths for both males and females together, classified according to the nature of injury.

Table C75. Deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol and assigned to violent causes, by nature of injury and age, and all deaths assigned to violent causes by nature of injury, with distribution per thousand 1963-1967, England and Wales

							ibute -1967	ed to		All deaths 1963-1967	
ICD No.	Nature of injury	0-	5-	15-	25 -	45 -	65-	75 & over	All ages	1903-1907	group attributed indirectly to alcohol
N800-N999	Total	-	3	212	647	823	171	1111	1900	121,246	15.7
N800-N848	All fractures and other injuries of bones, joints and muscles	- ;	2	96	146	160	46	9	459	49,057	0.9
N850-N856	Head injury (excluding skull fracture)		-	9	23	32	11	7	82	7,331	11.1
N860-N936	Internal and superficial injuries, open wounds contusion and damage by introduced, inhaled or ingested foreign bodies			43	105	91	23	5	267	15.986	16.7
N940-N949		_	-	3	3		4	2	17	3,342	0.5
N968-N969	Poisoning by carbon monoxide and other gases and vapours	-	-	5	17	44	10	3	79	16,220	4.9
N970-N974	Poisoning by analgesic and soporific substances	-	-	20	292	414	65	11	802	12,158	66.0
Remainder N960- N979	All other poisonings	-	-	1	10	8	1	-	20	1,079	18.5
N990	Drowning	-	1	21	26	29	3	1	81	6,224	13.0
N991	Asphyxia and strangulation	-	-	4	3	8	5	1	21	4,658	4.5
Remainder N950- N999	Others	-	-	10	22	32	3	5	72	5,191	13.9

^{*}The 'accidental' violent deaths include all deaths with a coroner's verdict of accidental death and those deaths with an open verdict. Suicidal and homicidal deaths are excluded.

Violent deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol, according to external cause and nature of injury, by sex, 1963 - 1967, England and Wales Table C76.

	noitaluguants bna sixydqsA (199N) s19dfO	M F M	ц 60 12 71	4	- 15 4 2	1	1	1	1 1	1	•	1	1	2 4 .	1	2 37 8 69
	gninwo _I U (099N)	M	17	•	•	,	,	,	1	1	•	,		က	1	13
s e	,	(F4	ın	1	1	1	1	1	,	1	•	m	1	,	7	1
codes	All other poisonings (Rem. N960 - N979)	M	15	1	1	'	'	,	1	,	'	11	1	,	4	•
ate ICD	Poisoning by analgesic and soporific substances (N970 - N974)	M	806 11611	1	,	1	1	•	'	1	297 226	38 25		1	159 57	1
appropriate	(696N - 896N)	Ţ	18	1	•	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	00	•	<u>6</u>	7
	Poisoning by carbon monoxide mnd	×	61	1	•	,	1	١	,	1	•	•	29	1	9	26
with	Burns (N940 - N949)	দ	≉	1	1	1	'	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4
injury	(986N - 098N)	Σ	13	8	က	1	1	1		1	- 1		1	1	1	9
of in	open wounds, contusion and damage by introduced, inhaled or ingested foreign bodies	(In	96 1		3 6	,	,	1				1		9 2	,	9 24
	Internal and superficial injury,	×	2	- 35	- 68			,					· .	- 6		1 119
Nature	Head injury (excluding skull fracture) (N850 - N856)	H	68 14	13	15		-	,				•	•	35 1	1	4
	(848N - 008N)	(±	51	10	14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	26	-	,
	All fractures and other injuries of bones, joints and muscles	Z	108	87	148	ı	1	1	•	4	1	1	1	150	1	19
	12101	[F4	462	14	24	1	1	,	1	,	226	28	00	43	63	56
	lstoT	M	1, 438	139	251	t	1	1	1	4	297	49	29	201	170	297
	External cause of death with appropriate ICD codes		Total	Motor vehicle traffic accident to (E812)	Other motor vehicle traffic accidents	02 ~	Other motor vehicle non-traffic accidents (FR31)		Accident to pedestrian caused by pedal cycle (E842)		(E840 - E845, excl. E840 oisoning by barbituric acid an	s ental p	3	(E890 - E895) Accidental falls (E900 - E904)	Suicide and self-inflicted injury (E970 - E979)	Remainder (Rem. E800 - E999)

Seasonal variations of deaths indirectly attributed to alcohol (violent causes) by year, quarter and age, 1963 to 1967, England and Wales Table C77.

1	l								
	65 and over	4	14	14	14	17	63	12.60	2.00
<u>u</u>	45-64	42	46	84	72	80	266	53.20	4.82
December quarter	15-44	39	45	47	54	45	230	46.00	2.14
)ecembe	0-14	1	1	1	t	ı	1	1	1
I	All	28	105	109	140	120	559	111.80	8.09
	65 and over	O	4	14	12		20	10.00	1.55
arter	45-64	31	20	39	45	40	175	35.00	3.90
September quarter	15-44	28	32	49	57.8	40	207	41.40	4.92
Septe	0-14	1		1	,	t	2	0.40	
	All	68	57	103	115	91	#E#	86.80	9.62
	65 and over	6	10	4	6	15	Δ	9.40	1.55
er	45-64	27	25	36	42	47	177	35.40	3.77
June quarter	15-44	33	38	38	47	53	209	41.80	3.22
Jur	0-14	1	1	1	1	1	i	1	ı
	All	69	73	78	86	115	433	86.60	7.76
	65 and over	ın	10	15	18	13	61	12.20	2.00
larter	45-64	38	38	37	49	55	217	43.40	3.26
March quarter	0-14 15-44	28	36	38	59	26	217	0.20 43.40	5.39
2	0-14	ŧ	1	ı	1		=	0.20	
	A11	7.1	84	06	126	125	9611	99.20	9.99
		1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	Total	Mean	S. E.

Deaths shown in the above table are occurrences and consequently differ over limited periods from other tables which show registrations. Note:

Here again the proportion of deaths from poisoning by analgesic and soporific substances associated with alcohol stands out very much higher. After removal of this group of deaths, proportions of alcoholic deaths were found at a significant level among the two groups, internal injuries and all other poisons. The deaths from fractures and burns were notably lacking in deaths associated with alcohol.

A cross classification of violent deaths indirectly associated with alcohol (Table C76) by both external cause of death and by nature of injury shows that fractures were associated mostly with vehicle accidents and with falls, head injuries were associated particularly with falls and to some extent with vehicle accidents in males, and deaths from suicide were almost entirely confined to poisoning by analgesic and soporific substances.

The quarterly figures for all deaths indirectly associated with alcohol for four age-groups are analysed in Table C77. The mean number of deaths in each age-group is highest in the December and March quarters. The fluctuation is greatest in the 45-64 age-group and less so in the 15-44 age-group and in both of these groups the December quarter is much higher than the March quarter. For the oldest age-groups deaths in the December and March quarters are similar. In October 1967 new laws which introduced penalties for driving under the influence of alcohol came into force, and it is tempting to attribute the reduced deaths indirectly associated with alcohol in the 15-44 and 45-64 age-groups in the December quarter of 1967 to this legislation. However, there were more deaths in these age-groups in the December quarter of 1967 than in the same quarter of 1965 and the apparent fall in this quarter represents only a fall below the numbers observed during the previous winter of 1966.

Perhaps the most interesting fact to emerge from this analysis of deaths in which alcohol has been recorded as a relevant factor is that traffic accidents do not appear to occur in larger than expected numbers when compared with all violent deaths in the period. However, it has not been possible to take into account the factors which may influence the recording of alcohol or alcoholism on death certificates, and out of about 260 deaths of persons known to have been alcoholic previously, it was found in a separate study that only 10 per cent were recorded on the death certificate as alcoholics. It is possible too that the coincident consumption of alcohol and another poison may influence a coroner or coroner's court in the verdict chosen; an accident or any open verdict being chosen rather than suicide, since alcohol may have altered the intent of the individual at the time of ingestion of the poison. Whether such factors influence the recording of alcohol on a death certificate or on a coroner's certificate needs careful investigation and until such facts are reliably established, discussion about possible reasons for the observed associations in this chapter can only be speculative.

Mortality of widows and widowers

It is over a century since Farr reported* that 'a remarkable series of observations extending over the whole of France enables us to determine for the first time the effect of conjugal condition on the life of a large population'. The table which he presented then differs little in its main findings from that presented below and his comment that 'if unmarried people suffer from disease in undue proportion, the have-been-married suffer still more' remains true.

^{*} Farr W (1859) Influence of marriage on the mortality of the French people. Savill & Edwards, London.

Mortality by sex, age and marital status, numbers and age-specific rates per million population, 1965 to 1967, England and Wales Table C78.

Marital				Numbers	00 LI							2	Rates*			
Status	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
								Ma	Males							
Single	9,146	3,243	4,631	8,447	17,037	18,548	14,309	4,449	1,014	1,652	4,060	10,049	25,444	55,219	102,061	55,219 102,061 154,479
Married	1,146	5,724	5,724 16,912	52,818	140,394	178,059	112,374	21,295	657	908	2,078	6,642	19,906	48,845	104,563	211,680
Widowed	15	43	253	1,819	12,259	43,443	82,061	47,629	25,000	5,119	5,843	12,729	32,405	71,113	142,220	279,677
Divorced	4	106	443	1,206	2,263	1,549	538	92	1,379	1,491	3,816	9,687	25,285	54,735		99,630 126,667
Not stated	451	329	435	778	1,629	2,360	2,335	919	#	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
All deaths	10,762		9,445 22,674	65,068	173,582	243,959	211,617	74,368	1,000	1,033	2,402	7,182	21,194	52,799	52,799 117,742	247,646
								Females								
Single	3,179	1,259	2,133	4,985	13,385	27,560	41,973	25,416	449	1,216	2,778	5,691	11,771	28,166		76,454 198,253
Married	1,142		4,334 12,881	31,245	57,900	75,139	49,443	7,779	348	577	1,576	4,037	9,301	24,894	66,815	168,742
Widowed	19	62	491	3,560	20,400	84,456	184,324	121,374	3,958	2,013	3,645	5,888	12,571	31,466	82,772	199,333
Divorced	12	126	379	944	1,379	1,351	804	206	1,062	1,153	2,308	4,899	9,375	22,479	67,563	412,000
Not stated	30	10	22	09	145	305	350	4 119	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
All deaths	4,382		5,791 15,906	40,794	93,209	188,811	276,894	154,894	422	299	1,722	4,333	10,207	28,009		78,489 197,645

* Rates have been calculated by using a marital status population in which the not stated have been proportionately distributed.

Before discussing the data in more detail there are several points to be considered which bear on the interpretation. The populations at risk are derived from the 1966 Sample Census except those for 1965, which are estimates developed from the 1961 Census. Comparison of census records firstly with a post-enumeration survey and secondly with death registers has indicated a tendency for widows and widowers to be understated at the census and overstated at death. The total discrepancy in the latter comparison was of the order of 6 per cent for males and 2 per cent for females, though the scale of the investigation was too small to provide data on widows and widowers below the age of 35 years. The effect of these errors will be to exaggerate the true mortality associated with widowhood. A second factor to be considered is that the average age of the widowed population is higher than that of the other marital status groups. The extent of this difference in each of the age-groups studied is apparent from the table below.

Table C79. Average age of population in certain age-groups by sex, age and marital status, 1966 Sample Census

			Ma	ales]	Females		
Age- groups	Tota1	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Estimated* percentage mortality increment		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Estimated* percentage mortality increment
15-24	19.8	19.2	22.9	22.8	23.8	- 5.3	19.9	18.7	22.3	22.6	23.2	4.3
25-34	30.0	29.1	30.2	31.1	30.9	5.2	30.0	29.3	30.1	31.1	30.5	8.0
35-44	40.1	39.8	40.1	41.1	40.3	10.2	40.1	40.1	40.1	41.2	40.4	9.4
45-54	50.0	49.8	50.0	50.9	49.9	13.0	50.0	50.2	49.9	50.9	49.9	9.1
55-64	59.8	59.7	59.7	60.6	59.4	10.4	59.9	60.1	59.6	60.6	59.4	10.3
65-74	69.4	69.2	69.2	70.2	68.8	8.7	69.6	69.7	69.1	70.1	69.0	11.6
75-84	79.0	79.0	78.6	79.5	78.2	8.5	79.1	79.2	78.5	79.4	78.3	11.0
85 and over	88.2	88.3	87.8	88.4	87.9	-	88.5	88.5	87.7	88.5	87.3	-

^{*} qx X 100) - 100, where x is the average age (to the nearest whole year) of the widowed group.

Values taken from The Registrar General's Decennial Supplement, England and Wales, 1961, Life Tables, Appendix IV.

Census 1961, General Report, page 123 et seq.
A discussion of marital condition estimates appeared in The Registrar General's Statistical Review for 1963, Part III, page 17 et seq.

Except among males aged 15 to 24 years, this will account for some of the excess of mortality among the widowed. Some indication of the magnitude of this factor may be gained from the estimated increment in the probability of dying (qx) in the year culminating in the average age of the widowed group. A further consideration is the influence of the group of deaths in which the marital status is not recorded. Almost a quarter of these are accidental and violent deaths which will have been certified by a coroner and a disproportionate number occur in the younger age-groups. In the calculation of age-specific rates by marital status these deaths may either be excluded or be distributed on a proportional basis (Registrar General's Statistical Review, Part I, Table 15). Since the absence of information on marital status may be due to the lack of a reliable informant, no simple assumptions are possible and the former of these courses has been followed. Both age-specific rates and Standardised Mortality Ratios (SMRs) therefore indicate minimum levels to which an unknown but limited number of further deaths must be added in order to arrive at the true level.

Table C78 demonstrates that in each decennial age-group from 15 to 84 years of age the mortality of widows and widowers exceeds the mortality of any other marital status group in the corresponding sex. Another way of presenting this contrast is to express the rates for widows and widowers as ratios of the corresponding rates for married persons:

Age	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75-	85 and over
Males	38.1	6.4	2.8	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3
Females	11.4	3.5	2.3	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2

From extremely high ratios among young adults, particularly males, the figures decline sharply and steadily with increasing age. The apparent gross excess of mortality at the younger ages must be treated with some caution. There are few deaths on which to base these rates for widows and widowers, and the nature and extent of errors in the reporting of widowed status at these ages are not known. While any assignment to the widowed groups from the unstated category would produce a further disproportionate increase in their mortality rate by comparison with the married or single groups, the existing totals may already contain errors of assignment into this category. On the other hand, in the youngest male age-group the greater average age of widowed persons should produce a lower mortality rate rather than a higher one.

A further factor tending to produce this picture is the disproportionate influence of accidental deaths in the young adult age-groups. Among these is a relatively large number of motor vehicle accidents involving the death of both marriage partners, one of whom will be recorded as widowed at the time of death.

A high mortality rate among young widowed persons has been noted in the United States* and is apparent in many other countries of which a selection is presented in Table C80.

^{*} Kraus A. S. and Lilienfeld A. M. Journal of Chronic Diseases, 1959, 10, 207. Some epidemiological aspects of the high mortality rate in the young widowed group.

Table C80. Ratio of the mortality rate among widows and widowers to that of the corresponding married population

				Males				Fema	les		
Country		20-24	25-	35-	45-	55-64	20-24	25-	35-	45-	55-64
Canada	(1966)	11.4	7.8	1.5	2.1	1.4	2.5	2.3	1.7	1.4	1.3
Japan	(1965)	20.3	7.1	4.5	2.9	2.0	11.3	3.6	1.6	1.4	1.3
France	(1965)	4.1	7.5	3.2	2.4	1.7	16.8	2.7	2.0	1.5	1.2
Netherlands	(1965)	35.8	2.0	2.9	1.9	1.5		2.8	1.1	1.3	1.3
Sweden	(1965)		2.6	1.8	2.0	1.6		4.2	2.6	1.5	1.3
Australia	(1961)		3.5	3.1	1.7	1.5	4.0	1.4	1.9	1.4	1.2

Standardised Mortality Ratios at ages 15 to 84 years for selected causes of death according to marital status are presented in Table C81. The numbers of deaths and mortality rates in decennial age-groups appear in Table C82. There is a wider variation in mortality associated with marital status among males than among females; but for each sex the SMR of the widowed group is clearly the highest, being 128 for men and 109 for women. These values are very similar to those reported for the combined widowed and divorced groups in 1959 although they differ slightly in details of calculation.

Mortality from tuberculosis is high among widows and widowers, and the age-specific rates are generally similar to those of the single and divorced groups. Although, for widows and widowers the SMRs for all malignant neoplasms are lower than for all causes, they are still higher than for any of the other marital status groups and reflect consistently higher age-specific rates. Mortality from cancer of the buccal cavity and pharynx is high both for widows and widowers. The SMR for cancer of the uterine cervix is particularly high among widows and although it does not reach the level of the divorcees it is substantially above that of married women. In contrast, mortality from cancer of the breast and ovary among widows is relatively low and similar to that of married women, whereas the ratios are highest for single women and least for divorcees. Mortality from diabetes is high among widows at all ages and among widowers over the age of 55 years.

Throughout the cardiovascular and respiratory disease categories the SMRs for widowers are high in relation to the level for all causes, with the exception of arteriosclerotic heart disease. This is consistent with the results of an analysis of mortality among widowers in the first six months of bereavement* except that arteriosclerotic heart disease then showed the greatest proportional excess of all the cause groups studied. It may be that this common cause of death shows a much lower excess with the passage of time, but even so the excess mortality from this cause among widows and widowers is in marked contrast with all the other marital status groups. This excess is apparent at all ages and declines with

^{*} Parkes C. M., Benjamin B, and Fitzgerald R. G. British Medical Journal, 1969, 1, page 740, Broken Heart: a statistical study of increased mortality among widowers.

increasing age in both sexes. Among respiratory diseases the mortality of widows and widowers from both pneumonia and bronchitis is high. The former propensity is shared by single and divorced persons to an even greater degree, but not the latter.

Gastro-intestinal diseases, notably peptic ulcer and cirrhosis of the liver, also contribute to the excessive mortality of widows and widowers. The pattern of high mortality rates from peptic ulcer is shared with the single persons in each sex, whereas high rates of cirrhosis are noted among divorcees.

This is the first time that the distribution of violent deaths by marital status for each sex has been reported since arrangements for coroners to report marital status to registrars became effective in 1961. Even now marital status is not known in a substantial proportion of these cases. Widows and widowers have a high mortality from accidents and suicide, as do the other unmarried groups of both sexes. Although motor vehicle traffic accident to pedestrian is a commoner cause of death among widows and widowers than other motor vehicle accidents, it is in the latter category that their mortality rates are so much higher than those of other marital status groups except among women over 55. This may be due in part to the occurrence of accidents in which both marriage partners are killed. For both widows and widowers the excess is most marked at ages below 45 years.

In both sexes the pattern of SMRs is similar for suicide, accidental poisoning and accident caused by fire and explosion of combustible material. The values are very high for all unmarried groups, with those of divorcees highest of all. The levels for widowers are intermediate between male divorcees and the single men whereas those of widows are similar to spinsters. A recent report* has strongly suggested that 'the majority of the deaths in adults (from ingested poisons) are the result of deliberate self-administration'; but it seems unlikely that many would choose fire or explosion as means of self-destruction. This is, however, another type of accident in which both marriage partners may be killed in the same episode. Contrary to the impression given by the SMRs, the widower's age-specific mortality rates for suicide actually exceed those of divorced men in all age-groups below 84 years, and the rates among widows are also highest in a majority of age-groups. A similar, if slightly less marked pattern, emerges from the age-specific mortality rates for accidental poisoning.

Reference has already been made to the excessive mortality of widows and widowers in the young adult age-groups and to some of the artefacts which may contribute to this picture. The contrast in the causes of death between these and other marital status groups below 45 years of age may be judged from the proportional distribution of causes of death in each group which is independent of attempts to determine the populations at risk. Both the widowed and divorced groups show a high proportion of deaths from suicide. There are also disproportionate numbers of deaths from motor vehicle accidents among widows in each of the female age-groups. Among the diseases, the proportion of deaths ascribed to arteriosclerotic heart disease (including coronary) is high for widows and widowers in comparison with other marital status groups at ages from 25 to 34 years. This pattern is not repeated at ages 35 to 44 where, among males, it is the married group which have a high proportion of deaths attributed to this cause whereas widowers then show a disproportionate number of deaths from vascular lesions of the central nervous system. These two causes of death were also selected as being particularly excessive among the widowed aged under 35 years in the United States. In both sexes, but especially among males, the proportion of violent deaths among those in which marital status is not known is very high, indicating that there is a need for further improvement in the method whereby marital status is ascertained and recorded in these circumstances.

^{*} Hospital Treatment of Acute Poisoning. Report of the Joint Sub-committee of the Standing Medical Advisory Committee, Ministry of Health and Scottish Home and Health Department, HMSO.

[✓] See * page 133

Table C81. Causes of death, numbers and Standardised Mortality Ratios at ages 15 to 1965-1967 England and Wales

						Male	s			
ICD No.	Cause of death		Numbe	er of de	aths			;	SMR	
		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Not stated	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced
	All Causes	75,361	507,427	139,893	6,109	8,317	110	92	128	116
001-008	Tuberculosis of the respiratory system	748	2,685	702	77	84	203	79	147	212
140-205	All malignant neoplasms, including neoplasms of lymphatic and haematopoietic tissues	13,825	126,119	25,031	1,443	1,150	96	97	117	109
	Malignant neoplasms of:									
140-148	Buccal cavity and pharynx	285	1,725	534	32	29	131	88	135	168
150	Oes ophagus	456	2,916	734	43	43	136	90	122	137
151	Stomach	1,611	16,189	3,484	159	136	93	97	119	96
153	Large intestine, except rectum	832	7,764	1,827	75	76	97	96	116	97
154	Rectum	709	5,998	1,521	50	46	105	95	121	83
155	Biliary passages and liver	173	1,420	277	11	16	106	96	117	72
157	Pancreas	552	5,303	996	52	47	98	98	108	95
162,163	Bronchus, trachea and lung	5,149	52,375	8,801	721	469	94	97	118	127
170	Breast	24	189	43	2	3	113	92	132	94
171	Cervix uteri	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
172	Corpus uteri	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	
175	Ovary, fallopian tube and broad ligament	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
177	Prostate	558	7,065	2,559	46	54	71	98	117	85
181	Bladder and other urinary organs	465	5,105	1,272	35	58	85	97	118	72
204	Leukaemia and aleukaemia	495	2,866	446	29	27	95	99	105	97
210-239	Benign and unspecified neoplasms	266	1,362	167	23	15	121	95	107	141
241	Asthma	462	1,662	188	22	21	117	93	121	107
260	Diabetes mellitus	457	2,831	799	39	27	123	91	125	134
290-293	Anaemias	164	856	335	13	13	124	87	129	159
304	Senile psychosis	61	306	210	4	15	135	78	140	162
330	Subarachnoid haemorrhage	520	3,339	374	49	38	105	96	125	117
331	Cerebral haemorrhage	2,859	22,241	6,659	282	285	111	92	125	129
332	Cerebral embolism and thrombosis	2,904	23,109	9,466	183	269	105	91	127	94
334	Other and ill-defined vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	743	5,118	2,589	40	85	112	88	128	98

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84 years (SMR 100= Total Population at ages 15 to 84) by sex and marital status,

					Fer	males				
ICD No.	Cause of death		Numb	er of dea	aths			SMR		
		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Not stated	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced
	All Causes	94,474	232,084	293,312	4,995	992	104	89	109	94
001-008	Tuberculosis of the respiratory system	270	687	462	23	2	145	81	119	125
140-205	All malignant neoplasms, including neoplasms of lymphatic and haematopoietic tissues	19,089	67,628	48,807	1,514	163	103	95	106	99
	Malignant neoplasms of:									
140-148	Buccal cavity and pharynx	213	782	711	18	1	90	91	116	100
150	Oes ophagus	550	1,234	1,384	26	4	123	87	107	87
151	Stomach	1,808	6,031	6,971	102	20	86	94	112	76
153	Large intestine, except rectum	2,104	6,250	6,193	146	15	103	93	106	103
154	Rectum	980	2,947	2,898	54	10	103	93	107	81
155	Biliary passages and liver	297	1,092	999	17	-	87	101	104	75
157	Pancreas	803	2,624	2,587	44	2	95	95	108	75
162, 163	Bronchus, trachea and lung	1,373	6,876	4,410	201	23	81	97	112	128
170	Breast	4,395	15,504	7,742	311	25	124	96	98	87
171	Cervix uteri	408	4,368	2,149	182	12	47	98	125	184
172	Corpus uteri	582	1,548	1,133	39	3	130	92	100	106
175	Ovary, fallopian tube and broad ligament	1,600	5,438	2,396	110	17	131	96	95	87
177	Prostate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
181	Bladder and other urinary organs	399	1,036	1,272	31	1	103	90	109	129
204	Leukaemia and aleukaemia	515	1,746	1,115	44	5	96	98	104	121
210-239	Benign and unspecified neoplasms	328	1,066	542	30	2	118	92	107	121
241	Asthma	516	1,839	673	41	3	103	97	106	104
260	Diabetes mellitus	834	2,845	3,759	38	6	77	93	115	62
290-293	Anaemias	390	873	1,343	7	5	99	90	109	37
304	Senile psychosis	178	216	611	5	1	115	80	105	104
330	Subarachnoid haemorrhage	929	4,085	1,924	96	8	100	98	104	105
331	Cerebral haemorrhage	6,208	15,832	21,282	255	52	98	93	107	74
332	Cerebral embolism and thrombosis	7,016	13,152	26,452	202	52	100	87	108	71
334	Other and ill-defined vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	1,794	2,461	6,280	50	20	111	81	107	89

Table C81 - (Continued)

						Ma	les			
ICD No.	Cause of death		Numb	er of de	aths				SMR	
		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Not stated	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced
350	Paralysis agitans	159	1,325	411	7	14	108	96	109	65
410-416	Chronic rheumatic heart disease	738	4,391	697	64	33	125	92	137	. 116
420	Arteriosclerotic heart disease (inc. coronary)	14,378	148,180	31,753	1,488	1,624	90	97	119	97
421	Chronic endocarditis	321	2,899	695	36	43	97	94	126	119
422	Other myocardial degeneration	2,555	13,675	8,246	119	252	130	82	135	105
430-434	Other diseases of heart	1,662	10,162	4,358	133	161	122	86	139	135
440-443	Hypertensive heart disease	\ 809	6,085	2,009	63	89	113	90	131	105
444-447	Other hypertensive disease	598	3,560	984	65	59	130	88	134	160
450	General arteriosclerosis	861	5,401	3,318	47	88	115	83	139	107
451	Aortic aneurysm, non syphilitic, and dissecting aneurysm	376	4,355	1,090	38	48	79	97	119	93
460-466	Diseases of veins	562	3,932	1,090	43	57	119	91	127	105
480-483	Inf luenza	312	1,184	462	12	23	170	82	134	93
490-493	Pneumonia	4,469	17,816	9,624	272	484	161	77	144	148
500-502	Bronchitis	4,989	40,500	13,629	457	575	105	89	141	112
Remainder 470-527	Other respiratory diseases	927	6,151	1,783	82	129	119	89	136	124
540,541	Ulcer, stomach and duodenum	930	4,279	1,522	59	114	164	82	140	122
560,561 and 570	Intestinal obstruction and hernia	461	1,930	757	19	43	168	82	135	91
543,571 and 572	Gastritis, duodenitis, enteritis and colitis	267	1,328	392	18	20	128	88	134	125
581	Cirrhosis of liver	266	1,466	259	42	30	142	88	138	220
590-594	Nephritis and nephrosis	666	2,880	516	50	38	122	92	117	149
600	Infections of kidney	374	1,933	696	26	38	133	86	133	129
610	Hyperplasia of prostate	396	2,597	1,323	17	42	118	88	124	85

						Fem	ales			
ICD No.	Cause of death		Numbe	r of dear	ths			\$	SMR	
110.		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Not stated	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced
350	Paralysis agitans	438	755	1,224	13	1	122	88	102	77
410-416	Chronic rheumatic heart disease	1,696	6,057	3,380	106	15	115	94	105	76
420	Arteriosclerotic heart disease (inc. coronary)	15,297	41,706	57,493	742	143	92	93	109	81
421	Chronic endocarditis	554	1,235	1,829	20	6	104	88	109	70
422	Other myocardial degeneration	6,220	7,579	22,623	150	43	112	74	109	81
430-434	Other diseases of heart	2,898	5,510	10,286	100	33	104	84	110	78
440-443	Hypertensive heart disease	1,565	3,943	6,470	70	11	88	91	110	82
444-447	Other hypertensive disease	693	1,797	2,680	34	9	92	88	113	83
450	General arteriosclerosis	1,874	2,452	7,654	45	23	102	75	111	77
451	Aortic aneurysm, non syphilitic, and dissecting aneurysm	528	1,300	1,864	31	3	97	90	109	106
460-466	Diseases of veins	1,303	3,051	3,878	81	17	110	86	111	109
480-483	Influenza	360	705	1,024	11	2	114	90	104	72
490-493	Pneumonia	6,415	8,681	19,089	257	69	124	74	109	114
500-502	Bronchitis	2,576	6,497	9,844	133	35	93	85	116	85
Remainder 470-527	Other respiratory diseases	674	1,471	1,617	34	5	123	84	110	94
540,541	Ulcer, stomach and duodenum	614	1,127	1,774	25	8	120	81	110	88
560,561 and 570	Intestinal obstruction and hernia	635	1,246	1,950	25	8	112	82	111	82
543,571 and 572	Gastritis, duodenitis, enteritis and colitis	492	1,399	1,629	38	11	93	94	107	127
581	Cirrhosis of liver	219	1,004	636	32	4	86	96	112	140
590-594	Nephritis and nephrosis	556	1,535	1,178	29	5	111	93	106	84
600	Infections of kidney	707	1,913	2,206	47	11	100	90	110	109
610	Hyperplasia of prostate	-	-		-	-	-	-	_	-

Table C81 - (Continued)

						Ma	les			
ICD No.	Cause of death		Number	of deat	hs		1 4	;	SMR	
140.		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Not stated	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced
722,723	Rheumatoid arthritis, osteo-arthritis and allied conditions	96	582	184	9	4	137	88	133	150
780-795	Symptoms, senility and ill-defined conditions	261	841	775	10	49	149	68	152	123
E812	Motor vehicle traffic accident to pedestrian	982	1,802	693	49	214	158	69	150	188
Remainder E810-E835	Other motor vehicle accidents	4,543	4,591	305	65	455	106	85	143	110
E870- E895	Accidental poisoning	\ 512	995	408	61	106	157	64	225	346
E900- E904	Accidental falls	780	2,222	926	59	224	141	75	141	211
E916	Accident caused by fire and explosion of combustible material	140	257	169	18	70	135	54	230	366
Remainder E800- E962	All other accidents	1,894	2,972	353	68	395	126	76	148	151
E963, E970- E979	Suicide and self inflicted injury	2,110	4,405	1,117	229	529	152	68	243	295

						Fem	ales			
ICD No.	Cause of death		Number	of death:	S			SM	R	
110.		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Not stated	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced
722,723	Rheumatoid arthritis, osteo-arthritis and allied conditions	480	837	1,087	12	2	139	85	102	60
780-795	Symptoms, senility and ill-defined conditions	496	461	2,110	. 18 -	8	104	59	116	133
E812	Motor vehicle traffic accident to pedestrian	683	944	1,377	46	10	134	68	120	165
Remainder E810-E835	Other motor vehicle accidents	882	1,235	398	30	12	117	84	130	115
E870- E895	Accidental poisoning	471	887	943	64	9	133	69	134	241
E900- E904	Accidental falls	1,171	1,533	3,818	43	11	118	76	109	110
E916	Accident caused by fire and explosion of combustible material	186	254	416	22	-	137	65	121	284
Remainder E800- E962	All other accidents	450	. 610	445	36	- 18	164	71	105	240
E963, E970- E979	Suicide and self inflicted injury	1,120	3,108	1,836	201	27	122	76	154	233

Wales		85 and over		51 13		1,632 606 8,403 14		24 111 134		74 13 281 1		227 90 1,459
d and		75-84 an		52 443 179 3	-205)	5,248 6,846 22,914 45		70 76 362 1		214 2117 742		1, 123 3, 892 15
Englan		65-74		60 110 163 3	(ICD Nos. 140-205)	6,057 17,616 17,742 344 59		00 206 245 3		177 391 492 8		2,146 2,378 32 6
1967,	Females	55-64		184		4,629 21,411 6,527 529 34	148)	57 259 81 10		102 407 121 11		338 1,751 599 34 4
965 to	Fe	45-54	008)	38 38 4	ic tissues	1,907 14,658 1,444 363 18	os. 140-148)	15 21 21		43		94 730 93 15
18, 1		35-44	s. 001-008)	38 8 8	haematopoietic	5,588 172 139 4	(ICD Nos.	4 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	No. 150)	111 04 1	. 151)	229
stati		25-34	ICD Nos.	30		1,296 1,296 22 1	and pharynx		100	70000	(ICD No.	14 4 1 1 1 1
marital		15-24	system (00 44 1 1 1	atic and	474 213 1		Ø - 1 + +	oesophagus		stomach	W - 1 1 1
ge and ma		85 and over	respiratory s	rv 11 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	s of lymphatic and	336 2,234 4,068 7	buccal cavity	211 64	neoplasm of oes	118	Malignant neoplasm of s	2 46 5 3 4 6 6
ex, a		75-84	of	64 330 261 15	neoplasms	1,890 19,792 12,089 96 284	neoplasm of b	378 378 322 5	ant neop	68 581 409 14	nant neo	2,775 2,775 1,783 14 34
es by s		65-74	Tuberculosis	189 943 279 18		3,943 44,670 9,262 351 411		80 612 158 158 11	Malignant	156 1,053 253 10 11	Malig	540 6,004 1,232 35 55
n caus	Males	55-64	L ₂	224 881 130 28 19	asms, including	4, 220 41, 326 3, 170 628 299	Malignant	468 468 48 14		137 887 67 20 14		5,192 421 72 34
certai	×	45-54		140 375 29 25 10	malignant neopl	1,789 15,005 460 286 95		1888		87 ts 8 ts		202 1,790 46 29 13
from		35-44		95 131 3 7	maligna	759 4,020 48 60 60		20 65 3 3 3 3 3 3		177		372
Deaths		25-34		23	All	338 1,167 2 12 9		m m + + +		• 4 • • •		55
. D		15-24		122 1		139		H		4 4 4 4		∞ ⊶ + + +
Table C82(a)		Marital status		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated

	266 105 1,513 3		142 40 673		22 13 142		94 437		71 22 307		301 103 1,356 2
	3,462 3,462		334 457 1,552 2		109 184 510		292 399 1,318		305 479 1,499 8		1,020 1,021 3,245 15 5
	2,029 2,029 2,050 56		333 942 1,000 15 6		101 406 381		298 898 895 956		491 1,821 1,894 52		1,267 3,024 2,728 51 9
153)	1,938 577 35		227 917 303 22 1		327 102 5		152 845 272 13	163)	384 2,469 830 82 6		1,231 4,978 1,342 113
	143 932 27 1		39 7	No. 155	132 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		371 38 111	162,	1,597 1,597 166 1166		4,395 373 88 2
rectum (ICD No.	317	154)	118	er (1CD	33.7	5. 157)	95	(ICD Nos.	4 4 4 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	170)	1,771
except red	0 80 4 1 1	I CD No.	70 88	and liver	W F + + +	(ICD No	171] nul	L 00 + + +	ICD No.	307
	44	rectum (0000	passages e	m m 1 + +	pancreas	1011	nea and	9 11 0 0 1	breast (7 8 1 1 1
of large intestine	30 259 432 1 6	9	30 380	biliary pas	4 4 9	Malignant neoplasm of pa	14 103 205 -	of bronchus trachea	40 333 489 6	of	. 79.,
	1,693 1,056 24	Malignant neoplasm	1,322 895 17	of	31 205 148 1	ant neo	93 946 501 7 9		481 2,992 2,992 28 91	Malignant neoplasm	7 3 8 3
t neoplasm	2, 258	Malig	235 2,198 462 15	ant neoplasm	448 476 93 3	Malign	168 1,824 362 17 10	neoplasm	1,606 19,079 3,952 171 183	Malig	10 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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	103 794 27 14		\$67 20 7		18 206 9 6 6		82 657 14 7	2	766 6,625 218 143 33		26
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	Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated

Table C82(a) - (continued)

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Females	55-64		107	1,194	419	2			184	593	172	13	4	No. 175)	481	1,843	499	, က)		,	٠	6	, ,	-	181)	62	290	112	
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	35-44	No. 171)	41	749	26	1 1	(1CD N 472)	.ON	55	44	3	n	•	ligament	67	501	07	10 6	_	0. 177)	•	1		1 1		rgans (4	27	n ==	•
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	128 177 570 2		208		217		291 625 2,114 5		188 243 942 1		134 131 515 *
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	90 470 131		64 305 104 -		82 477 153 13		144 678 271 .10		27 169 52 2 1		949.11
	298 298 4 4	<u>-</u>	31 288 30 13		61 423 49 11		1852		82 82		, e t t e
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emia (1CD	110 49	-	411	No. 241	139	(ICD No.	19	Nos. 290-293)	73 3 3 3	(ICD No.	8 8 1 8 8
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	73 24 6	<u>α</u>	59 494 35 12		36 37 6		100 647 68 10		37 158 10 6 6		m v m
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Table C82(a) - (continued)

	85 and over		27 8 157		1,281 460 6,334 12		2,812 876 13,280 21		1,138 342 5,066 11		61 29 217
	75-84		175 234 675 6	-	3,044 3,906 13,274 49 21		4,425 5,264 19,420 75		1,273 1,240 5,076 15		222 260 765 5
	65-74		256 772 792 10	-	2,019 6,147 6,449 98		2,007 5,464 6,232 71 23	334)	430 919 1,111 19		157 346 408 3
Females	55-64		221 1,265 340 31 31		864 3,986 1,380 56		1,923 750 41	(1CD No.	248 90 90 1		125 125 4 4
표	45-54		134 1,061 103 33		213 1,444 163 43		388 47	system (0 4 6 1 1		111 22 33 3
	35-44	330)	537	(1	283	No. 332	19 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	ervous	HO 1 1 1		84
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	85 and over	id haemorrhage	15 29	haemorrhage	159 910 1,999 7	embolism and th	388 2,016 4,267 67	ill defined vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	190 787 1,850 4	sis agitans	8 4 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	75-84	Subarachnoid	111 185 129 4	Cerebral	710 5,696 3,959 32 86		1,133 9,187 6,646 35	ular les	399 2,610 2,032 9 51	Paralysis	23 8 23 8 8
	65-74	Su	559 142 13		8,730 2,131 76 109	Cerebral	1,090 9,546 2,416 65 105	ned vasc	230 1,870 504 22 27		57 608 147 4
Males	55-64		1, 114 80 16 8		5,627 490 120 62		3,733 370 60 36	ill defi	5,56 5,11 5,11 5,50 5,11		191 25
2	45-54		109 782 19 20 6		319 1,759 70 42 21		113 547 27 18 5	Other and	17		200
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104 33 437 1	3,087 1,114 15,271 20	145 41 615	122		46 16	950 320 862 12		337 148 949 1
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395 402 1,353 3	7,369 9,955 33,959 151	259	1,137	4,608 4,255 18,862	35	1,570 1,949 7,191 19		822 1,199 4,254 19 3
504 1,253 1,220 20 4	5,483 17,725 19,327 281 59	195	0 00 00	1,302 2,414 3,431	4 ∞ ∞	2,027 2,603 42 10		1,668 1,899 7
383 1,986 606 29	1,966),327 3,848 221	282	, m 2	228 654 311		287 962 441 20		151 809 289 15
1,483 1,483 178 34	(1CD No. #20) 75 380 1 12 2,887 10 24 333 31 16 72	21		44	101	3 8 6 4 3 4 4 3 1 0 1 0 -		33 209 23 10
120 703 22 18		33.8	10:	15 15 11 11 11 11 11 11		150 8 3	(Enn-0nn	∞ 2 4 4 4 1
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106 960 250 8	Arterioscleratic heart 4 276 4,267 2,749 6,546 51,646 25,899 3,426 10,958 16,817 585 399 108	1,018	10	0ther 762 4,243 1,422	58 0ther	3,825 1,173 63	Hypert	2,507 610 18 35
193 1,405 125 18 6	Arterio 4,276 46,546 3,426 385	93	13	1,184 1,184	17	320 2,070 229 48 25		1,482 169 33
142 980 40 19	2,070 18,706 503 305 136	307	- ∞ m	88 291 14	<u>~ ~ ~ </u>	149 539 26 13		93 391 26 6
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	75-84		365 474 1,732 3		1, 442 1, 426 6, 421 140	261 332 1,174 10 3		499 564 2,257 12		184 219 743 -
	65-74		206 587 750 14		371 807 1,126 18	166 493 547 -		476 1,055 1,278 5		85 229 224 7
Females	55-64		74 391 165 6		52 178 102 6 1 1	334 127 8		218 775 295 22 4		149 4 45
Fer	45-54		218 31 7		399 100 No.	1112		966 373 42 14		221
	35-44	1-447	89 3 3 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	450)	aneurysm 2	221	(99	30 200 6		34
	25-34	(ICD Nos. 444-447	32.1.	0 Z		O No i I I	160-466	63 - 2 - 3	180-483)	16
	15-24		99111	osis (1CD		4 10 1 1 1	ICD Nos.	21		22
	85 and over	sive disease	28 146 320 4	General arteriosclerosis	462 237 980 1,096 674 2,671 15 664 30 syphilitic, and	11122 1544	of veins (17 128 258 1 10	Influenza (ICD Nos.	30 248 -
	75-84	hypertensive	103 728 586 3	neral ar	2,980 2,674 2,674 64	1,004 594 10	Diseases	118 876 620 1	Influ	312
	65-74	Other	142 1,041 282 13	Ge	35 287 382 1,849 582 1 18 20 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	125 1,775 395 14 24		159 1,436 354 11 21		399 127 4
Males	55-64		1,041 97 22 11		480 61 11 4 Aortic ane	1,160 1,160 115 115		144 1,111 104 20 9		263
M	45-54		101 526 18 22 6		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	315 8 2 2 2		69 362 11 7		0 0 0 0 0 0
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	15-24		100			13		16		23.
	Marital		Single Married Widowed Divorced	1	Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated	Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced

	2,891 768 12,516 22 16		593 192 3, 355 5		218 44 955 1		148 37 640		124 4 8 6 4 8 7 - 2		102	530
	3,512 3,312 14,168 68 33		1,079 1,484 5,963 16		223		295 287 1,145 1		269 301 1,231 6	572)		1,026
	1,679 3,037 4,142 75		851 2,386 3,074 12		155 415 458 1		1771 387 478 9		225 468 581 7	3, 571,	127	17
	612 1,421 688 65 5		397 1,670 693 45 5		121 363 146 9		90 265 129 8		73 293 118 7	Nos. 543	313	χ σ ,
	268 585 33 6		139 6885 104 22	510-527)	71 257 26 5		30 20 30 - 3	. 570)	30 115 14 4	orn (ICD	31 150	944
	135 234 11 13		215		38 150 7 6	0, 541)	16	0, 561,	15 4 9 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	of newborn	111	7
-493)	78 79 1	500-502)	23	470-475,	39	(ICD Nos. 540,	121	No. 560,	79111	diarrhoea o	13	• •
(1CD Nos. 490-493)	131		04 10	(ICD Nos.	<u>1, ∞ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</u>		<u> </u>	nia (1CD	16		34	
Pneumonia (1CD)	2, 275 5, 434 110	Bronchitis (ICD Nos.	235 1,216 2,831 53	diseases (208 467	and duodenum	34 201 371 1	on and hernia	20 104 267 7	tis, excluding	12	4 4
Pneur	1,421 7,326 6,872 42 216	Bronch	1,056 9,369 7,181 188	respiratory	1, 213 948 8 33	stomach	1,090 827 38	obstruction	105 599 489 17	and colitis	289	757
	1,242 6,380 2,273 78 152		1,704 17,254 4,986 161 210	Other resp	2,364 627 28 46	Ulcer,	280 1,560 519 16	Intestinal o	123 700 214 9	enteritis 8	444	133
	874 419 85 60		1,480 11,171 1,342 184 128	6	227 1,832 185 33 35		266 1,125 154 21 23	Inte	114 429 48 10	ŝ	376	5 9
	397 864 52 48 39		2, 348 115 56 41		131 557 23 9 9		117 356 17 11		50 149 6 4 3	duodeniti	31 122	4 ₺ ↔
	178 253 7 16		145 297 5 12 6		130		105		38 33	Gastritis,	31	
	126 78 1 3		56		14 20 1 1 1		4 2 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		13	Gas	19	- · ·
	231		8 1 1 1		ñ v · · · 4		0		8		45	0
	Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single	Widowed Divorced Not stated

Table C82(a) - (continued)

					Males							Fe	Females			
Marital	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over
							Cirrho	Cirrhosis of liver	er (ICD No.	(0. 581)						
Single	14	C	45	29	89	52	14	-	14	4	14	25	99	64	33	9
Married	,	16	96	302	519	395	138	15.	- m	17	98	240	298	291	69	מני
Widowed	•		25	11	59	108	9/	23	8	•	es .	28	110	262	233	37
Divorced	•	٠	S	11	18	7	-	٠	٠	-	2	10	12	9	1	•
Not stated	1	•	2	00	11	4	ທ	-	•	•	•	-	7	1	1	1
						Nep	Nephritis and	nd nephrosis		(ICD Nos. 590-594)	(#69-					
							i	1	-	1						
Single	183	72	77	86	113	40 6	51	15	74	25	30	643	91	147	146	71
Widowed	55	103	7/7	484	48	152	202	157	ç, ·	10	1/4	167	136	372	161	333
Divorced		4 4	2	13	21	7	6		٠		4	10	9	1 10	3	•
Not stated	e	1	m	7	00	7	6	4	-	1			7	•	2	1
							Infections	ons of kidney	00 = 0	No. 600)						
Single	30	25	33	44	77	87	78	29	33	20	20	51	113	183	287	159
Widowed	0 1	000	7 -	80	29	197	461	334	r •	00	4	34	155	645	1.367	762
Divorced	٠	m	מנ	4	2	9	KD.	1	•	-	-	11	15	11	00	-
Not stated		•	•	4	11	10	13	w	-	•	-	2	•	m	4	•
						Ĭ	Hyperplasia	ia of prostate		(ICD No. 610)	(0)					
Single	•	٠	1	8	46	128	218	80	-	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•
Married		. 8	1	17	225	955	1,399	455	•	٠	٠	٠		•	•	•
Widowed		٠	•	8 1	16	235	1,072	915	•	٠	1	•	•	•		•
Divorced Not stated	1 1	1 1		•	3 15	2 81	21	19	1 1		1 1	1 6		1 6		• •
				Rheumat	o id	arthritis,	osteo arthritis,		and allied	d conditions		(ICD Nos.	722,	723)		
<u> </u>		~	0	14		30	16	V	-	v	v	22		ar t	200	78
Married	4 8	? !	n 00	49	160	232	133	29	٠ ،	4	17	99	261	311	178	29
Widowed	,	•			11	64	108	53	•	,	2	14	97	304	670	349
Divorced	•	•	٠		100	•	24	8	•	•	1		4	20		•
Not stated																

Symptoms, senility and ill-defined conditions (ICD Nos. 780-795)	993 218 4,819 8		45 11 136 1	Other motor vehicle accidents (ICD Nos. Rem E810-E835)	ω « <u>0</u> « «	Accidental poisoning (ICD Nos. E870-E895)	56 10 187	Accidental falls (ICD Nos. E900-E904)	678 198 2,937 9	Accident caused by fire and explosion of combustible material (ICD No. E916)	39 11 115
	409 327 1,942 10	Motor vehicle traffic accident to pedestrian (ICD No. E812)	203 122 691 5		102		123 61 428		781 719 3,014 9		251
	64 147		176 287 502 11		27 128 110 3		98 113 322 3 4		263 476 693 12		107
	31 15 2 2 2		108 263 146 13		268		69 198 135 18		67 197 94 11		17 59 41 6
	2 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		28 152 33 10		37 297 58 4		38 231 40 17 2		26 4 4 4		13 6
	100		× 3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		26 24 24 1		39 177 177 13		3331		N N W 4 +
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	N4 1 1 1		137		662 118 16 1		263		0 % : ; ;		90
	157 533 1,659 1 29		19 55 178 19		111 10 . 2		30 90 4		71 242 652 1 56		r r 4 - 9
	163 582 707 2 13		866 4 28 4 28 6 8		124 69 - 10		32 95 197 3		164 684 663 72		19 94 6
	149 58 3		125 460 195 9		375 106 1 26		34 161 112 5 15		200 200 10 35		27 41 11 11
	16 7 7 3		145 418 54 7 37		84 915 68 10 43		69 254 63 12 21		102 414 51 21 44		15 47 17 8 8 10
	15 23 3		127 247 12 19 24		123 927 30 19 48		80 228 29 17 19		83 266 112 24		N 80 70 44
	8 4 9		99 4 7 7 142		140 884 119 16 58		73 176 19 16		178 178 110 115		388
	F0:H4		97		482 994 6 118 85		0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		141 2 2 8		10 26 4 4 18
	733		322 444 13		3,680 372 7 1 185		133		183		136
	Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated		Single Married Widowed Divorced Not stated

85 and over 12 3 55 1 31 4 93 60 55 212 -62 74 407 75-84 89 108 165 5 162 331 712 18 3 65-74 203 763 480 31 55-64 88 150 40 9 Females 46 121 19 13 183 870 177 75 45-54 Suicide and self-inflicted injury (ICD Nos. E970-E979) 149 640 44 47 5 All other accidents (ICD Nos. Rem E800-E965) 33 94 7 35-44 35 64 1 2 155 333 16 26 1 25-34 15-24 206 97 -3 99 1 1 4 85 and over 10 21 59 1 9 2 9 75-84 37 129 134 3 41 166 287 2 43 153 587 404 13 84 65-74 90 318 100 3 312 1,206 279 48 111 174 699 84 17 69 55-64 Males 301 1,034 93 80 99 45-54 163 647 25 18 65 366 828 37 62 92 198 566 6 24 71 35-44 Table C82(a) - (continued) 25-34 409 468 114 23 64 528 116 3 1 36 15-24 947 138 1 1 -Married Widowed Divorced Not stated Divorced Not stated Marital status Married Widowed Single Single

Death rates per million population for certain causes by sex, age and marital status, 1965 to 1967, England and Wales Table C82(b).

				2	Males							F.	Females			
status	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over
					F	Tuberculosis	of	respiratory system (ICD Nos.	system (ICD Nos	. 001-008	08)				
Single Married Widowed Divorced	ननग	12	83 16 69 34	167 47 203 201	335 125 344 313	563 259 457 636	456 307 452 370	174 149 270		10 4 4 1 1	49 16 59 37	43 63 21	30 4 4 4 8	61 36 61 50	95 80 80 252	101 22 84
		A11 m	elignan	it neopl	asms, ii	All malignant neoplasms, including		neoplasms of lymphatic	hatic and	haemat	haematopoietic tissues	c tissu		(ICD Nos. 140-205)	40-205)	
Single Married Widowed Divorced	8 0 6 8	172 164 238 169	665 494 1,109 517	2,128 1,887 3,219 2,297	6,302 5,860 8,380 7,017	11,739 12,254 15,161 12,756	13, 481 18, 416 20, 951 17, 778	11,667 22,207 23,887 11,667	67	176 173 260 201	771 684 1,277 847	2,177 1,894 2,388 1,884	4,071 3,439 4,022 3,596	6,190 5,836 6,610 5,724	9,559 9,251 10,290 9,748	12,730 13,145 13,800 28,000
					Malignant	nt neoplasm	asm of b	of buccal cavity and	ty and ph	pharynx (ICD Nos. 140-148)	ICD Nos	. 140-1	18)			
Single Married Widowed Divorced	संस्था ।	1100	18 8 69 26	45 24 20 40	1111 66 127 156	238 168 259 177	442 352 558 926	729 636 881		32	0 4 8 8	17 21 35 10	50 4 4 2 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8	68 68 91 50	128 103 163 84	187 239 220
						Malig	nant ned	Malignant neoplasm of o	oesophagus	(ICD No.	0. 150)					
Single Married Widowed Divorced	t 6 8 6	1 1 1 1	15	35	205 126 177 223	464 289 414 353	485 541 709 370	625 726 846	1 1 1	7 1 1 1 1 2	30	44 41 31	90 65 75 75	181 130 183 133	333	577 282 461 2,000
						Mali	gnant ne	Malignant neoplasm of s	stomach (1CD	ICD No.	No. 151)					
Single Married Widowed Divorced	ज़न इस B	10	53 4 4 4 43 63	240 225 322 233	762 736 1,113 804	1,608 1,647 2,017 1,237	1,940 2,582 3,090 2,593	1,597 2,783 3,136 3,333	1811	111 6	34 28 59 37	107 94 154 78	297 281 369 231	660 711 886 532	1,257 1,518 1,748 1,261	1,771 1,952 2,396 4,000

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restine, except rectum (ICD No. 153) 45-54 45-54 55-64 65-74 75-84 and 42 1 9 42 163 382 756 1.352 2 42 1 9 42 163 382 754 1.555 2 42 1 9 42 157 312 65 1.681 10 37 - - - 49 140 238 932 1.681 10 19 4 1 49 140 238 932 1.681 10 19 1 3 21 57 147 312 608 1 19 1 4 16 53 142 56 249 140 238 142 56 249 10 3 2 4 4 17 53 142 56 53 149 16 53 143 143 1		-			W	Males							Fen	Females			
State Stat	15-24 25-	.53	34	35-44	r,	55-64	1	8-8	and over		4		15-54	10	ro l	75-84	and over
10						Malignan		0	arge intest				0	150			
Halignant neoplasm of rectum (ICD No. 1544) Halignant neoplasm of rectum (ICD No. 155) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 155) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 155) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 156) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 156) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 156) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 157) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 157) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 157) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 157) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 157) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 157) Halignant neoplasm of pairty passages and liver (ICD No. 157) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, trachea and lung (ICD Nos. 162, 163) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, 170) Halignant neoplasm of pronchus, 170 Halignant n	₩ (1 ~ 4 - 4		8 5 1119	49 30 46 34	123 100 189 112	324 309 407 346	768 772 961 601	1,220 1,575 1,830 1,667	1,042 2,575 2,537 1,667		32	39	163 120 157 140	382 311 356 238	756 672 764 932	1,352 1,300 1,555 1,681	2,075 2,278 2,485 10,000
15							Ma	ignant n		rectum (15µ)					
15	1211		w 4 1 1	33 19 92 9	98 71 140 56	290 244 370 257	700 603 756 530	1,063 1,230 1,551 741	1,042 1,819 2,231	1 - 1 1	00 09 1 1	230	66 57 65 36	200 147 187 150	340 312 373 250	608 618 697 504	1,108 868 1,105 4,000
15 21 65 131 191 139 1 1 1 4 17 53 103 199 152 256 131 191 189 1 1 1 4 17 53 135 249 229 152 256 288 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 21 34 67 252 229 123 234 500 663 1,204 1 2 11 48 136 539 539 123 248 233 248 252 250 253 252 250 253						Malign		plasm of	biliary	ssages a		001)					
29 98 252 500 663 486 1,024 1 2 11 48 136 298 539 532 17 28 309 593 868 1,024 1 2 1 48 136 298 539 539 1,024 1 2 1 48 136 298 539 539 1,024 1,204 1,			4011	15 7 23	21 26 63 48	65 69	143 131 152 71	221 191 256 185	139 189 288	1411	co ↔ 1 1	0479	16 17 8 21	88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	103 135 142 67	199 249 229 252	172 282 233
29 98 252 500 663 1,024 1 2 11 6 55 134 305 532							Mali	gnant ne			(ICD No						
186 911 3,017 4,781 3,431 1,389 1 7 53 159 338 502 556 145 1,324 5,045 3,310 3 8 54 206 397 603 647 6,469 5,185 2,871 37 296 557 865 336 1,149 3,944 6,042 5,185 2,871 - - 37 296 557 865 336 1,149 3,944 6,042 5,185 2,871 - - 37 296 557 865 336 1,858 1,295 1,858 1,981 1,083 1,295 1,858 1,981 1,081 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,002 1,261 1,2	1 1 1 1		3 119	29 17 23 17	98 98 72	252 244 309 190	500 500 593 601	663 880 868 1,296	1,024 1,204	1 1 1	322	111 115	55 63 77	134 136 168 88	305 298 356 233	532 539 592 420	733 803 718
186 911 3,017 4,781 3,431 1,389 1 7 53 159 338 502 556 145 833 2,827 5,234 5,045 3,310 3 8 54 206 397 603 647 485 1,526 4,277 6,469 5,185 2,871 - - 156 275 511 706 673 215 1,149 3,944 6,042 5,185 2,871 - - 37 296 557 865 336 Amignant neoplasm of breast (ICD No. 170) Amignant neoplasm of breast (ICD No. 170) 1 3 16 26 20 2 41 217 568 800 1,002 1,380 1 3 16 26 40 35 - 27 250 457 768 849 1,261					. 2	la]ignant					Jung	ICD Nos	. 162,	163)			
Malignant neoplasm of breast (ICD No. 170) 2 6 13 15 21 - 36 244 743 1,083 1,295 1,858 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,380 1,002 1,261 1,	w 10 1 1		17	186 145 485 215	911 833 1,526 1,149	3,017 2,827 4,277 3,944	4, 781 5, 234 6, 469 6, 042	3, 431 5, 045 5, 185 5, 185	1,389 3,310 2,871	→ m * *	F 00 + +	53 54 156 37	159 206 275 296	338 397 511 557	502 603 706 865	556 647 673 336	554 477 504
2 6 13 15 21 - - 36 244 743 1,083 1,295 1,858 1 3 9 16 26 20 2 41 217 568 800 1,002 1,380 - - 11 26 40 35 - 32 393 617 827 1,016 1,457 - - 22 - - 27 250 457 768 849 1,261							Ma E	ignant		breast (
	2 6 9 0		1111	NH+1	ν m + +	113	116	21 26 40	3.00	. 0	36 41 32 27	217 217 393 250	743 568 617 457		1,295 1,002 1,016 849	1,858 1,380 1,457 1,261	2,348 2,234 2,227 4,000

	164 477 365		203 195 209		374 390 322				562 456 486		250 390 273 2,000		257 152 166
	115 289 332 504		224 174 215 252		497 392 326 504				324 266 321 672		233 239 256 588		82 77 93 252
	1111 218 296 416		219 174 169 166		482 377 379 233		1 1 1 1		137 132 158 83		119 133 143 150		104 65 73 133
	94 192 258 374		162 95 106 88	No. 175)	423 296 307 306		B 9 8 B	.81)	55 47 69 75		79 76 81 68		\$6 4 4 9 6 4 4 9
	87 190 281 291		63 45 52	(100	291 203 237 187		8 8 8 8	D No. 181)	24 16 28 31		38 46 21		35 37 50 67
No. 171)	53 92 193 207	0. 172)	222	igament	87 61 74 49	177)	6 8 0 6	organs (ICD	373	()	34 27 15 67	210-239	33 18 18
(ICD N	100	(1CD No.	· - · ·	broad ligament	111	(ICD No.	0 0 0			No. 204)	15 18 32 27	D Nos.	∞ ∞ · ·
ix uteri) 	us uteri	1 1 1	tube, and	n 4 + +	prostate (1 1 1 1	other urinary	0 0 0	mia (1CD	15	asms (1CD	יומט
asm of cervix	, , , ,	asm of corpus	• • • •	fallopian tu			2, 326 5, 070 5, 367 3, 333	Malignant neoplasm of bladder and ot	1,322 1,603 1,667	and aleukaemia	208	ified neoplasms	69 169 241
nt neoplasm	, , , ,	nt neoplasm	0 0 0	ovary, f	1 1 1 1	Malignant neoplasm of	1,626 2,753 3,232 1,667	m of bla	728 1,082 1,187	Leukaemia	321 393 404 556	d unspecifi	114 116 101 -
Malignant	1 1 1	Malignant	0 0 1	of	9 5 6 5	Malig	679 790 999 883	neoplas	562 728 459	Ļ	194 235 296 283	Benign and	1113 89 1113 212
				nt neoplasm			118 152 204 123	lignant	196 201 344 101		109 112 63 67	ŭ	88 70 93 134
	9 9 9 9		0 9 4 4	Malignant	* * * *		23 8 8	₩	55 77 56		30 82 45 64 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		40 33 21 24
	8 0 1 8		8 8 8	_	* * * * *		4 1 1 1		15 9 23 17		37 28 46 34		25 13 46 9
	8 8 8 8		* * * *								500		11 6
	b b a a		0 0 0		8 8 8		1 1 1 1		9 9 9		23		00 m 1 1
	Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced

Table C82(b) - (continued)

	85 and over		70 87 89 2,000		679 1,020 987 2,000		905 803 902 2,000		803 542 755 2,000		211 174 258		9,992 9,978 10,402 24,000
	75-84		95 105 97		530 845 949 420		342 328 423 84		244 177 231 252		316 316 303 504		5,545 5,278 5,961 4,118
	65-74		110 87 92 67		297 410 502 200		120 109 127 50		39 33		262 256 295 166		2,063 2,037 2,403 1,631
Females	55-64		77 77 888		127 109 167 68		24 32 14		ν 4 +		194 203 210 211		760 640 850 381
Fem	45-54		70 55 81 57		47 24 38 31		22 11 11 15				153 137 170 171		243 187 270 223
	35-44		56 37 73		33 8 22 18		13		, , , ,	(0	81 66 89 55		48 35 119 49
	25-34		32 39	260)	22 6 32 18	3)	<u></u>	304)		(1CD No. 330)	22 32 64	331)	13
	15-24	10. 241)	20 27 -	ICD No.		3. 290-293)	<u>ен</u>	(ICD No.	1 1 1	gae (1CD	8 111 208	(ICD No. 3)	m m + +
	85 and over	Asthma (ICD No.	109 59	s mellitus (ICD	590 1,044 957	ias (ICD Nos.	868 666 916	psychosis	556 477 658	id haemorrhage	104	Cerebral haemorrhage (10	5,521 9,046 11,738 11,667
	75-84	¥	107 107 95 185	Diabetes	592 652 821 741	Anaemias	314 268 463 556	Senile	228 168 288 185	Subarachnoid	78 172 224 370	bral hae	5,064 5,300 6,861 5,296
	65-74		89 98 129 177		322 283 404 389		95 86 93 106		32 67 106	Su	176 180 232 71	Cere	2,739 2,395 3,488 2,686
Males	55-64		54 72 98 22		149 92 180 112		55 22 26 67		4 ∺ ∞ ।		169 158 211 179		1,123 798 1,295 1,341
Ma	45-54		62 39 77 80		83 31 63 40		111 8 7 .		1 8 9 4		130 98 133 161		379 221 490 337
	35-44		54 26 115 17		39 20 23 60		10 m 1 O		1 1 1 1		51 54 60		93
	25-34		43 119 28		11 6		1.84		1 1 1 1		22 23 238 288		177
	15-24		112		m m · ·				1 1 1 1		110		1100
,	status		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced

	21,934 19,002 21,810 42,000		8,877 7,419 8,320 22,000		476 629 356		811 716 718 2,000		24,080 24,165 25,080 34,000		1,131 889 1,010 4,000		8 43 11
	8,060 7,114 8,721 6,303		2,319 1,676 2,279 2,269		404 351 344 420		719 543 608 336		13,423 13,453 15,249 12,689		472 411 511 420		18 6 7 -
	2,051 1,810 2,322 1,181	334)	439 304 414 316		160 115 152 50		515 415 455 333		5,603 5,872 7,201 4,676		199 163 215 133		12 11 10 33
	429 309 462 279	CD No.	62 40 55 27		40 20 30 27		337 319 373 197	(1,729 1,659 2,371 1,502		55 4 5 60 20		2 0 -
	79 50 78 62	stem (1	10 20 30 40		₩ w w w		250 192 294 176	No. 420)	434 373 551 374		24 15 26 5		∞ 4 rv rv
332)	25 12 22 12	nervous system (ICD			m · · ·	410-416	156 86 163 110	901)	98 87 178 97		10 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	422)	mm
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thrombosis (1011	ing central		(ICD No.	1 1 1 1	disease (1CD	VD 00 6 6	including o	→ m + +	s (ICD No.		ation (1CD	HH 1 1
ism and thro	13,472 20,040 25,056 5,000	vascular lesions affecting	6,597 7,823 10,863 6,667	agitans	278 457 376	heart	174 477 570	disease, in	22, 292 34,006 41,039 11,667	endocarditis	521 686 928	ial degeneration	24,826 28,539 42,772 20,000
embol	8,081 8,548 11,518 6,481	ular les	2,846 2,429 3,522 1,667	Paralysis	371 462 412 370	rheumatic	378 355 485 370		19,608 24,099 29,146 20,000	Chronic	435 510 614 370	myocardial	9,479 7,288 11,596 8,704
Cerebral	3,245 2,619 3,955 2,297	ned vasc	685 513 825 777		170 167 241 141	Chronic	316 263 409 283	Arteriosclerotic heart	12,703 14,167 17,937 14,099		265 279 424 353	Other	2,269 1,164 2,328 1,519
	787 529 978 670	ill-defined	124 79 135 67		27 66		288 199 330 201	Arterio	6,386 6,600 9,056 6,536		139 125 196 179		415 168 304 190
	134 69 189 145	and	20 14 24		111		169 123 280 153		2,463 2,352 3,520 2,450		39 449 64		105 37 98 56
	25 10 162 34	Other	4411				108 59 46 129		736 605 1,039 767		13		31 11 11 34 34
	4 2 - 4		8 1 1 1		1 1 1		22 28 28 28 28		76 62 476 28		1119		10 4 4 14
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	Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced

Table C82(b) - (continued)

G mag	25-34 35-44 45-5	D Nos. 430-434)	6 17 35 98 252 889 2,860 7,410 4 9 18 44 155 672 2,634 6,941 - 59 71 272 970 3,229 7,985 - 18 52 136 699 2,101 24,000	CD Nos. 440-443)	- 1 10 38 133 560 1,497 2,629 - 2 6 27 130 553 1,620 3,210 - 32 3 38 178 708 1,910 3,201 - 6 52 102 416 1,597 4,000	CD Nos. μμμ-μμ7)	1 2 17 31 65 211 665 1,318 2 4 11 28 63 194 641 1,236 - - 15 51 102 279 778 1,529 - 9 18 36 41 233 252 2,000	(ICD No. 450)	- 1 9 46 379 2,627 11,248 - 5 29 267 1,927 8,677 - 8 63 420 2,883 11,636 - 5 41 300 1,681 20,000	secting aneurysm (ICD No. 451)	1 6 3 10 70 170 475 663 1 1 3 14 54 163 449 586 - - 26 78 204 527 846 - - 6 26 54 116 840 2,000	10s. 460-466)	1 7 39 75 192 486 909 1,459 6 8 24 48 124 350 762 1,302 - - 45 69 182 476 1,014 1,483 - 27 18 73 150 449 1,008 4,000
Homo I	34 35-44 45-54 55-64 6	(ICD Nos.	17 35 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 9	(ICD Nos.	- 10 38 2 6 27 32 3 38 - 6 52		2 17 31 - 15 51 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(ICD No.	σινη ∞ νη 	No.	6 3 10 26 26 26 26	(ICD Nos. 460-466)	7 39 75 8 24 48 - 45 69 27 18 73
o d	45-54 55-64 65-74 75-84 and over	Other diseases of heart	177 478 1,435 3,780 6,146 68 294 1,049 3,238 7,922 182 605 1,920 5,071 10,217 104 536 1,378 3,519 1,667	Hypertensive heart disease	111 324 774 1,341 1,424 49 210 688 1,506 2,167 182 447 999 2,083 2,889 48 369 636 926 -	Other hypertensive disease (ICD Nos.	120 220 423 735 972 66 148 285 677 1,451 126 256 462 1,016 1,879 177 246 459 556 6,667	General arteriosclerosis	12 142 854 3,295 8,229 10 68 507 2,773 10,895 7 161 953 4,634 15,684 16 123 636 2,778 10,000	Aortic aneurysm, non syphilitic, and	46 146 372 499 486 40 164 487 934 1,113 56 241 647 1,029 904 40 168 495 741 -	Diseases of veins (1	82 215 473 842 590 46 158 394 815 1,272 74 275 579 1,075 1,515 56 223 389 185 1,667
	15-24 25-34 35-44 4		1,667 - 121		3 4 4 6		2 12 54 21 21 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		1 1 1 1		1 1 2 1 10 4 6 4 6		2 9 34 3 4 114 • 119 • • 14 26
4	Marital status		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced	٠	Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced

	897 694 1,045		22,551 16,659 20,555 44,000		4,626 4,165 5,510 10,000		1,700 954 1,568 2,000		1,154 803 1,051 4,000		967 1,041 1,064		796 868 870
	335 296 334 168		6,397 4,476 6,362 5,714		1,965 2,005 2,678 2,269		406 323 440 504		537 388 514 252		490 407 553 504	, 572)	388 405 461 588
	87 76 83 116		1,716 1,006 1,543 1,248		870 790 1,145 532		158 137 171 83		181 128 178 150		230 155 216 116	543, 571	130 159 180 283
	24 28 -		538 228 424 442		349 268 427 306		106 58 90 61		79 43 79		64 47 73 48	Nos.	55 50 60 61
	24 7 7 1 2 2		306 76 131 171		159 88 172 114	(72	81 33 43 26		34 16 33 16	570)	34 15 30 21	7n (1CD	35 19 31 21
	4 4 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		176 29 82 79		61 26 74 37	510-527)	18 22 37	541)	21 6 6), 561,	20 6 6	newborn	122
83)	9 6	(66:	75 11 32 27	(05)	22 6	470-475,	20 5	.s. 540,	40.0	Nos. 560,	- 1 1 1 7 7	hoea of	13
Nos. 480-483)	(7) 1 1 1	s. 490-493)	19	s. 500-502)	ψη ι ι	Nos.	98	(1CD Nos	i i i i	(100	84	ng diarrhoea	N 4 1 1
(100	1,042 895 1,456	onia (ICD Nos.	18,993 22,614 31,908 15,000	itis (ICD Nos.	8,160 12,087 16,624 6,667	diseases (1CD	2,068	and duodenum	1,181 1,998 2,179 1,667	on and hernia	694 1,034 1,568 1,667	itis, excluding	417 567 752
Influenza	549 341 541 185	Pneumonia	10,136 6,817 11,910 7,778	Bronchitis	7,532 8,718 12,445 8,148	respiratory	1,113 1,129 1,643 1,481	stomach	1,170 1,014 1,433 1,111	obstruction	247 847 185 185	and coli	321 269 411 185
	229 109 208 141		3,698 1,750 3,721 2,756		5,073 4,733 8,162 5,689	Other resp	717 648 1,026 989	Ulcer,	834 428 850 565	Intestinal o	366 192 350 318	enteritis	122 122 218 212
	37		1,305 412 1,108 950		2,210 1,584 3,547 2,056	Ŏ.	339 260 489 369		397 160 407 235	Inte	170 61 127 56	 w	82 82 84 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85
	45 12 14 24		472 109 364 386		594 295 805 450		156 70 161 72		139 45 1119 88		59 19 42 32	duodeni	37 15 28 40
	18		31 31 162 138		127 36 115 103		166		13		29	Gastritis,	27 7 9
	10 2 - 14		64 111 119 42		23		21		12		<u> </u>	Gast	119
	m → 1 1		26		r m , ,		ψ m + 1		1,667		m + + +		D W
	Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced

Table C82(b) - (continued)

Stein Stei					M	Males							Fe	Females			
20 37 68 102 165 250 155 1128 149 12 1 1 2 118 29 58 65 58 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	Marital	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	15-24	25-34	35-44	10	55-64	65-74	75-84	
1								Cirrho		- (ICD N							
19 22 33 68 102 169 250 364 596 10 11 21 38 63 150 266	ingle arried idowed ivorced	8 1 1 1	4011	39 112 115 43	38 77 88	102 74 156 201	155 108 177 247	100 128 132 185	35 149 135	7 + 1 +	4010	118 111 122 122	29 31 46 52	58 48 68 82	96 98 100	58 93 105 84	108
20 37 68 102 169 250 364 521 10 11 24 39 65 150 150 265 10 11 21 38 65 110 286 110 286 110 111 21 33 65 110 286 110 286 110 111 25 11 38 65 110 286 110 286 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 11							X G	hritis an				-594)					
13 29 23 115 259 156 1.007 5 19 18 33 76 196 495		20 119	37 22 119 56	33	102 61 140 104	169 109 127 235	250 203 249 247	364 399 511 556	521 666 922	10 10	24 111 32 9	24 24 24	38 43	80 63 44 41	150 121 139 83	266 258 286 252	554 564 547
3 13 29 52 115 259 556 1,007 5 19 26 58 99 187 523								Infection									
Hyperplasia of prostate (ICD No. 610)	Single Married Widowed Divorced	mm , ,	13	29 23 443	23 23 32	115 58 77 22	259 171 322 212	556 558 799 1,111	1,007 1,511 1,961 1,667	rv 4 1 1	19 9 32 9	26 18 30 6	333	99 76 96 102	187 196 240 183	523 495 614 672	1,240 998 1,251 2,000
Rheumatoid arthritis, osteo arthritis, and allied conditions (ICD Nos. 722, 723)							Í	yperplas	of		°°	0)					
Rheumatoid arthritis, osteo arthritis, and allied conditions (ICD Nos. 722, 723) - 2 8 19 31 89 114 174 - 5 7 7 25 70 161 281 - 2 3 - 2 9 64 124 288 - 1 15 23 60 113 301 - 2 3 - 2 9 67 105 187 311 - 6 5 23 60 113 301 Symptoms, senility and ill-defined conditions (ICD Nos. 780-795) - 2 1 2 3 9 41 542 5,298 1 1 1 1 1 2 5 5 21 442 - 14 - 2 1 19 95 1,225 9,742 - 2 1 10 9 55 872 - 14 - 2 1 19 370 1,667 2 1 14 33 840	ingle arried idowed ivorced	, , , ,		H	4010	69 32 42 22	381 262 385 318	1,555 1,302 1,858 926	2,778 4,523 5,373 1,667	1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	
- 2 8 19 31 89 114 174 - 5 7 7 25 70 161 281 23 - 29 105 187 311 - 6 57					Rheumat			osteo ar		d allied			CD Nos.		(53)		
3 4 7 18 24 86 1,163 5,451 1 1 3 4 6 7 64 745 21 442 2 1 2 3 9 41 542 5,298 1 1 1 2 5 21 442 2 2 1 4 5 106 370 1,667 - 2 21 14 33 840	ingle arried idowed ivorced	1 1 1	0111	23	10 10 10	31 23 29 67	89 64 105	114 124 187 370	174 288 311	1 1 1 1	ro ⊶ • •	15	25 23	70 42 60 27	161 103 113 83	281 241 301 84	629
3 4 7 18 24 86 1,163 5,451 1 1 3 4 6 7 64 745 2 1 2 3 9 41 542 5,298 1 1 1 2 5 21 442 - - 2 21 19 95 1,225 9,742 - - - 10 9 55 872 - - 45 106 370 1,667 - - - 21 14 33 840						Symptor		lity and		d condit				5)			
	ingle arried idowed ivorced	m 01 1 1	41 - 41	1011	18 3 21	24 9 119 45	86 41 95 106	1,163 542 1,225 370	5, 451 5, 298 9, 742 1, 667		м н н	4	6 10 21	7804	***	745 442 872 840	7,746 4,279 7,914 16,000

	351 239 223 2,000		62 - 49 -		437 217 307		5,289 4,295 4,823 10,000		304 239 189		242 87 153		94 65 90 2,000	
	370 165 310 420		4 4 4 4 6		224 82 192 252		1,423 972 1,353 1,176		137 59 113 168		109 74 95		113 100 183 84	
	180 95 187 183		28 42 41 50		100 37 120 50		269 158 258 200		1881		91 83		166 110 265 300	
	95 90 88		45 45 34 45		61 32 83 122		32 32 75 75	. E916)	15 9 25 41		77 24 25 61		179 123 296 211	
E812)	32 20 55 52	35)	42 38 96 26		43 30 66 88		30	(ICD No	15 5 22 31		52 16 31 67	(62	209 112 293 389	
NO.	100 10 18	E810-E835	34 178 37	95)	22 126 79		3 4 4	terial	22 24 24	965)	43 43 43	E970-E979)	194 78 327 286	
ian (1CD	14 3 130 18	Rem	58 25 487 91	E870-E895)	111 322 73	E900-E90#	3 1 3	ible ma	3 3 18	E800-E965)	65 9	0 N	150 44 519 238	
to pedestrian	19 4	(ICD Nos.	3,333	ICD Nos. E	9 7 1 177	NO SO	м н · ·	compust	208	No. Rem	208 88	injury (1CD	29 30 265	
accident t	660 547 1,045	accidents	109	poisoning (1	208	falls (1CD	2,465 2,406 3,829 1,667	explosion of	243 70 276 -	All other accidents (ICD No. Rem	139 89 329	nflicted	347 209 346 1,667	
traffic	613 367 742 556	vehicl	50 115 120	Accidental p	228 88 341 556	Accidental	1,170 636 1,149	e and e	136 36 163	her acc	264 120 232 556	d self-;	292 154 497 370	
vehicle	372 126 319 318	er motor	80 103 174 35	Accid	101 44 183 177	Acc	286 138 327 353	d by fir	80 111 777 35	All ot	268 87 164 106	Suicide and	455 161 661 459	
Motor	217 59 143 78	Other	125 130 180 112		103 36 167 134		152 59 135 235	nt caused	22 7 4 5 8 9		260 99 222 190	Su	466 171 738 536	
	151 31 84 153		146 117 201 153		95 203 137		33 34 54	Acciden	18 7 7 4 7 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4		194 81 168 145		358 130 651 643	
	87 17 92 60		123 109 439 138		64 22 139 164		69 69 86		16 5 23 34		174 70 139 207		321 102 855 534	
	140		246 140 714 253		46 9 119 42		36		5 4 4 6 .		145 67 357 42		208 66 1,667 323	
	255		408 213 11,667 345		100		21 21 1,667		4 1 1 1		105 79 1,667		59 66 345	
	Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Single Married Widowed Divorced		Signle Married Widowed Divorced	

Deaths for selected cause groups as percentage of all causes by sex, certain age-groups and marital status, 1965-1967, England and Wales Table C83.

			,				
	Not betated	435	100	36	13	26	23
	Divorced	443	100	68	4 0	10	18 16
4	bewobiW	253	100	70	∞ v ₂	9 8	17
35-44	Married	16,912	100	8 8 90 90	w 0	א מ	Q
	əlgniz	4,631	100	79	ო ⊣	o n	00
	Not betated	329	100	16	- 26	30	21 10
	Divorced	106	100	50	8	∞ φ	25
25-34	bewobiW	43	100	35	24	11	35
25.	bəirisM	5,724	100	83	17 4	33	100
	Single	3,243	100	56	15	4 2	15
	Not	451	100	23	41 23	26	10 23
	Divorced	12	100	25	88	25	75
15-24	bəwobiW	15	100	20	84	11	- 50
15	Married	1,146	100	36	32	20	11
	Single	9,146	100	36	21	16	~ 8
	Sex	Z L	ΣĿ	Z (H	Z L	≥ ⊭	Ħ
	Cause of death	Number of deaths from all causes	All causes	All diseases	All motor vehicle accidents, excluding traffic accident to pedestrian (E812)	All other accidents, excluding accidental poisoning (E870-E895)	Accidental poisoning, suicide and self inflicted injury
	IG %.	/		001-795	E810, E811 E813-E835	E800-E809, E840-E869 and E896-E935	E870-E895 E970-E979

	Cause of death	All diseases	All malignant neoplasms	Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	Arteriosclerotic heart disease including coronary	Diseases of the respiratory system, including asthma	All other diseases
	e e th		plasms	affecting system	heart disease Iry	espiratory ng asthma	69
	N ×	MH	×F	Z iz	ΣH	×	ΣĿ
	Single	100	27	4 4	10	17	52
	beiriaM	100	34	∞ ७	4 =	11	54
15-24	bawobiW	100	1 4	100	B 5	8 8	100
	Divorced	100	33	1 1	0 1	1 1	- 67
	Not betate	100	27	10	8 8	100	60
	Single	100	19	vo vo	ω N	17	50
	Married	100	36	7.	133	110	37
25-34	Widowed	100	35	13	27	13	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	Divorced	100	23	9	4	11	5. 7.
	loV betate	100	18	7 1	6 +	12	67
	Single	100	32	9 9	23	13	37
8	bei 118M	100	29 48	φ ∞	8 9	r «	30
35-44	Widowed	100	27	10	25	10	33
	Divorced	100	20	2	30	111	32
	Not betated	100	31	no +	8 8	13	62

Therapeutic misadventures and other complications of medical care

If a patient dies after operation or treatment the cause of death is normally assigned to the underlying condition which necessitated the treatment, provided that the condition is stated on the death entry or can be presumed from other information available. Only if the condition requiring treatment cannot be discovered is the death assigned to ICD (VII)* E950-E959, 'Therapeutic misadventures and late complications of therapeutic procedures'. The numbers recorded in these categories are therefore obviously related to inadequacies in completion of death certificates either from doctors or coroners.

The numbers in the past three years have been:

1965	1966	1967
54	46	47

The searching of death entries to detect references which might bring deaths within the ambit of therapeutic misadventures which have been coded to categories other than E950-E959 is a highly subjective task, and the assessment of the intention of certifiers and coroners is not always easy. Certifying doctors are only asked to record facts contributing to or accelerating death, but in some coroners' certificates the nature of anaesthetics used is entered with no indication whether or not they were relevant to the occurrence of death. On comparing one year with another it seems possible to detect differences in outlook of those selecting and classifying the deaths; thus anaesthetic misadventures tend to be found one year among the drug misadventures, and another year among the misadventures in technique.

Certificates with mention of anaesthesia

Deaths in which the administration of anaesthetics was mentioned are analysed annually in Appendix Table H3, Registrar General's Statistical Review Part I, which before 1965 appeared as a table in the Commentary Volume (Part III). The decline in numbers illustrated by serial Table C85 is pronounced and may reflect endeavours in recent years to improve the quality of anaesthetic services. However, attention should be drawn to the limited value of these figures since it is not always clear whether, or to what extent, any particular death was connected with or due to the use of anaesthetics. In 1967, all except 13 per cent of such deaths were based upon Coroners' Certificates in which the mention of anaesthesia may have been only a routine entry. The reason for the sudden drop from 226 in 1966 to 147 in 1967 is not clear. Comparison of the figures for 1966 and 1967 by cause of death shows that for most causes the numbers in 1967 were about 50 per cent lower than those for 1966, the outstanding exception being Diseases of Arteries in which deaths with mention of anaesthesia increased from five in 1966 to ten in 1967.

^{*} International Classification of Diseases based on Seventh Revision

Table C85. Deaths in which anaesthesia was mentioned, England and Wales, 1950 to 1967

V	A11	ages	0-4	4	70	14	15-	24	25-	34	35-44	44	45-	54	55-64	64	65 and	dover
Icai	M	[14	M	ম	M	H	M	H	M	Ţ	M	Ħ	M	F	M	ম	M	H
1956	256	254	24	15	12	9	œ	7	rv	24	00	24	34	39	09	38	105	101
1957	241	209	18	10	9	7	4	12	6	13	13	26	35	23	20	9	106	78
1958	205	204	18	7	10	11	co	11	9	17	12	26	27	19	36	25	93	88
1959	212	202	13	00	11	9	9	Ŋ	ıv.	15	18	13	28	29	41	36	06	06
1960	165	179	00	9	6	14	2	4	က	11	n	15	18	18	40	30	82	81
1961	167	156	00	w	9	2	4	Ŋ	∞	00	11	12	20	10	37	23	73	91
1962	161	125	9	9	12	7	4	9	w	6	∞	00	21	12	42	20	63	57
1963	118	112	00	2	7	7	3	3	rv	6	7	10	18	11	27	17	43	53
1964	115	138	6	7	Ŋ	3	3	ນ	N	6	9	12	13	17	24	20	50	65
1965	112	105	7	9	00	-	N	ທ	rv	10	12	7	10	6	22	14	43	53
1966	114	112	00	4	∞	2	က	7	4	12	00	14	11	10	31	14	41	49
1967	29	80	-	က	rv.	H	7	N	က	00	9	10	9	7	13	12	31	34
Yearly																		
Average																		
1950-52	339	286	32	23	16	12	10	12	16	20	26	88	43	41	78	51	117	89
1953-55	311	284	26	12	13	16	10	10	13	27	23	27	42	44	63	20	122	66
1956-58	234	222	20	11	6	∞	N	10	_	18	11	25	32	27	49	34	101	89
1959-61	181	179	10	9	6	7	4	Ŋ	N	11	11	13	22	19	39	30	82	87
1962-64	131	125	<u>∞</u>	S	00	9	3	N	S	6	7	10	17	13	31	19	52	58
1965-67	86	66	Ŋ	4	7	-	3	9	4	10	6	10	6	6	22	13	38	45

The improvement over a period of 15 years, comparing the past three years (1965-1967) with the first three years (1950-1952) (Table C85) shows a reduction to only 32 per cent of the original number. This reduction has not been equal at all ages, and if changes in population are taken into account the rates are found to have decreased considerably more for children under the age of 15 years.

	Age:	All ages	0-14	15-64	65 and over
Rate per million population	1965-1967	4.1	1.6	3.1	14.1
annually	1950-1952	14.3	8.8	7.1	42.8

Comparison is more properly made with the number of operations performed, than with total population. The number of operations performed in 1961 can be used to compare the average number of deaths in the three years 1960-1962, and similarly the average number of deaths in the three years 1965-1967 have also been compared with the number of operations performed in 1966, as recorded in the ten per cent sample of discharges from NHS hospitals recorded in the Hospital In-Patient Enquiry, as follows:

		Average annual deaths	Estimated annual average number of operations performed	Rate per 100,000 operations
All ages:				
(m	mean date)			
1960-1962	(1961)	318	1,550,200	20.5
1965-1967	(1966)	196	1,631,900	12.1
According to	age:			
(1965-1967)				
0-14 years		18	339,500	5.3
15-64 years		95	1,062,200	8.9
65 years and	over	84	230, 200	36.4

It is not possible to correlate these deaths with the number of specific operations performed, as the nature of the operation is not abstracted for this purpose. For children under the age of 15 years the major assigned causes for the deaths occurring during the years from 1960 to 1962 and 1965 to 1967 were as shown in Table C86.

[/] Ministry of Health and General Register Office. Report on Hospital In-Patient Enquiry for the year 1966, Part I. HMSO, 1968

Table C86. Deaths of children under 15 years by cause, in which anaesthesia was mentioned, 1960 to 1962, 1965 to 1967, England and Wales

ICD No.	Cause of death	1960	1961	1962	1965	1966	1967
210-239	Benign and unspecified neoplasms	-	-	1	-	3	-
530 - 539	Diseases of buccal cavity and oesophagus	-	2	-	-	2	1
550-553	Appendicitis	2	3	4		3	2
570	Intestinal obstruction	3	1	1	2	-	-
750-759	Congenital malformations	10	8	9	10	6	1
	All other diseases	19	5	14	9	4	5
E800-E999	Accidents and violence	3	2	2	1	4	1
	All causes	37	21	31	22	22	10

It is useful to compare the experience in this country with that of other countries. Gebbie in 1966 (quote by Meyler L. and Herxheimer A. 'Side effects of drugs', Amsterdam, 1968) reports the experience of an 800-bed general hospital over a period of seven years, where a ratio of 1:6158 died within 10 days of operation or delivery entirely or partially as a result of anaesthesia. In England and Wales during 1965-1967 the ratio was 1:8260, but the method of calculation and nature of the cases are not strictly comparable.

Anaesthetic misadventures

Anaesthesia as a misadventure may be reported either as a misadventure of technique or of drug administration, and the numbers recorded in each group for the past three years have been:

	1965	1966	1967
Misadventure in technique	1	-	9
Adverse reaction to drug	9	14	17
Mistake in drug administration	1	1	-

The estimated number of operations performed was 1.76 millions in 1966 and 1.83 millions in 1967. This increase in misadventures, based on specific comment on the death certificates, contrasts with the decline registered by all mentions of anaesthesia; this probably depends upon greater attention being given to all possible factors affecting the well-being of patients during operation. It is instructive to look at the reasons given for adverse effects:

	1965	1966	1967
Adverse effects of anaesthetic:			
Inhalation of vomit, blood	•	1	2
Respiratory failure	1	2	-
Cerebral anoxia, brain damage	1	1	4
Cardiac arrest (or specified form)	3	3	5
Pulmonary oedema	2	2	1
Hepatic necrosis	_	2	3
Other effects	2	3	2

It is not known whether the increased mention of hepatic necrosis is due to greater awareness of its occurrence after anaesthesia, or whether it is the result of the greater employment of halothane, which was specifically mentioned in two out of the three occurrences. A study in America (The National Halothane Study, 1969, Bethesda, Md) reports the earlier views that deaths attributable to massive hepatic necrosis were thought to be very small (sic), perhaps one in ten thousand operations; but their own careful study found 'the incidence of massive hepatic necrosis after administration of halothane was virtually the same as that after administration of nitrous-oxide barbiturate or 'Other' anaesthetics, slightly more than after ether, and considerably less than after cyclopropane'. One important factor appears to be repeated anaesthesia.

A comparatively new feature among the anaesthetic misadventures is the emergence of a group of deaths connected with endotracheal anaesthesia, or perhaps more accurately, attempted endotracheal anaesthesia which resulted in unfortunate consequences. The tube may pass into the stomach, and rupture that viscus; it may be kinked or otherwise obstructed, resulting in asphyxia or cardiac arrest. Even if this is only a temporary arrest, later sequelae, such as pulmonary oedema or cerebral anoxia, may contribute to death.

Misadventures other than those due to anaesthetics

Apart from the increased number of misadventures attributed to anaesthetic agents, no other group of therapeutic agents shows any marked increase. The largest groups (shown in Table C88 and included in Table C93) are:

- (a) corticosteroids: steroids nos 24
- (b) antirheumatic drugs: phenylbutazone 14 with gold 2
- (c) anticoagulants: phenindione 4
 'anticoagulants' nos 11
- (d) analgesics: phenacetin 6 aspirin 3

Therapeutic agents are also listed as causing misadventures due to overdose (Table C89). Increases over the number during 1966 were noted for:

	1966	1967
Tuinal alone (in combination)	33 (6)	39 (25)
Nembutal alone (in combination)	11 (1)	12 (1)
Phenobarbitone alone (in combination)	5 (2)	6 (7)

but this may be nothing more than a reflection of changes in the usage of these drugs. Other forms of barbiturates showed decreases, and the total misadventures ascribed to overdosage declined by one sixth from 221 to 184.

Misadventures due to accidents in technique during 1967 increased by 25 per cent over the number in 1966. The numbers in the various branches of surgery were:

	1966	1967
Neurosurgery	1	3
Endocrine glands	-	2
Eye surgery	-	1
Ear, nose and throat surgery	2	4
Upper alimentary tract	7	7
Thoracic surgery	22	17
Abdominal surgery	15	16
Genito-urinary surgery	5	9
Gynaecological operations	4	4
Obstetric surgery	2	2
Orthopaedic surgery	2	6
Surgery of vessels	2	_
Other procedures	9	17
Total misadventures	71	88

The biggest increase was for 'other procedures' among which the increase for blood transfusion, from four in 1966 to fourteen in 1967, is the outstanding change. Other smaller increases are for genito-urinary surgery, from five to nine, and orthopaedic surgery, from two to six.

It is necessary to take into account, when considering the serial tables, that deaths as a result of misadventure following irradiation are not included in the figures for 1967.

Table C87. Deaths connected with administration of anaesthetics for major groups of diseases requiring operation, 1961 to 1967, England and Wales

	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Malignant neoplasm	70	59	44	48	44	48	21
Other neoplasms	11	5	1	12	4	9	2
Disease of teeth and supporting structures	6	3	11	6	4	6	5
Peptic ulcer	16	15	16	9	4	13	4
Appendicitis	11	11	8	7		6	3
Intestinal obstruction and hernia	34	30	19	16	19	13	8
Chronic enteritis and ulcerative colitis	10	3	4	4	4	3	2
Hyperplasia of prostate	10	17	10	6	10	13	4

Note: These are deaths in which anaesthesia was noted on the death certificate or coroner's report; they are not necessarily to be considered 'therapeutic misadventures'.

Table C88. Fatal therapeutic misadventures, England and Wales, 1967, due to adverse reaction to drug or therapy

Drug or therapy	No. of cases	Sex and age	Adverse reaction	Notes
Amphetamine	1	F 14	Aplastic anaemia	Septicaemia, intestinal haemorrhage
Ampicillin	1	M 74	Purpuric eruption	Renal disease, anaemia, cardiac failure, chronic bronchitis and emphysema
Angesthesia:	17			
Anaesthesia NOS*		M 17	Cerebral anoxia	Teeth extraction
		F 36	Cerebral anoxia, cardiac arrest	Prior to electro-convulsive treatment
		F 27	Prolonged cerebral anoxia	
		M 5	Cerebral degeneration, cardiac arrest	Operation for removing small gland biopsy
		M 25	Cerebral haemorrhage, cerebral oedema	Cosmetic surgery for bat ears
		M 13	Acute necrosis of liver	Skin graft
Dental anaesthetic NOS*		M 8	Cerebral necrosis	
General anaesthetic NOS*		F 29	Anoxia	Ascites and pleural effusions, subacute hepatic necrosis, fluids in abdomen
		F 5	Inhalation of vomit	Undetected Haemophilus influenzal pneumonia, extraction of four teeth

^{*}NOS: - Not otherwise specified

Table C88 - (continued)

Drug or therapy	No. of cases	Sex and age	Adverse reaction	Notes
Anaesthesia (continued)				
Halothane				
Fluorethane (sic)		F 64	Hepatic necrosis	Hiatus hernia
Fluothane		м 35	Vagal inhibition	For dental extractions, acute left ventricular failure, sub-clinical virus myocarditis
Halothane (repetitive)		F 42	Hepatorenal failure	Pes cavus
Halothane		F 66	Massive necrosis of liver	Carcinoma of vagina
Nitrous oxide, oxygen, halothane		F 21	Cardiac arrest	Dental extraction
Nupercaine		M 78	Acute cardiac failure, hypotension	Enlarge prostate gland
Pentothal, relaxant, gas, oxygen		F 28	Acute oedema of lungs, inhalation of gastric contents	Caesarean section
Thiopentone, halothane		M 25	Brain damage, ventricular fibrillation	Removal of dental roots
Analgesics	1	M 77	Anaemia	Osteo-arthritis right leg, myocardial infarction
Anticoagulant NOS*	11	M 53	Cerebral haemorrhage	Pulmonary emboli
		F 52	Cerebral oedema, intracranial haemorrhage	Following mitral valvotomy
		M 67	Gastro-intestinal haemorrhage, intestinal obstruction	Pulmonary embolus
		F 66	Gastro-intestinal haemorrhage, cardiovascular collapse	Aortic embolus, cardiac failure, mitral stenosis
		F 73	Gastro-intestinal haemorrhage	Arterial embolus
		M 76	Haematemesis, melaena	Deep vein thrombosis, carcinoma of prostate
		F 56	Haematomas	Hemiplegia, diabetes mellitus
		F 66	Haematuria	Previous embolus, venous thrombosis (femoral), pulmonary embolism
		M 69	Haemorrhage	Thrombo-embolic disease, pulmonary embolism and thrombosis
,		F 62	Haemorrhage into transverse colon	Mitral stenosis, atrial fibrillation

^{*}NOS: - Not otherwise specified

Table C88 - (continued)

Drug or therapy	No. of cases	Sex and age	Adverse reaction	Notes
Anticoagulant NOS* (continued)				
		F 62	Retroperitoneal haemorrhage	Deep vein thrombosis, varicose veins
Aspirin	3	F 73	Gastric erosion, haematemesis	Hypotension, cerebral infarction
		F 71	Gastric haemorrhage, haematemesis	Bilateral basal pneumonia, rheumatoid arthritis
		F 86	Repeated haemorrhage from stomach (melaena)	Gross osteo-arthritis of hips and knees
Biligrafin Forte	1	F 53	Anaphylactic reaction, cardiac arrest, pulmonary oedema	Gallbladder investigation
Busulphan (1 Myleran)	2	M 40	Bone marrow depression, haematemesis, melaena, exsanguination	Myelo-proliferative disorder
		F 69	Aplastic anaemia	Polycythaemia rubra vera
Carbimazole	1	F 13	Aplastic anaemia	Thyrotoxicosis
Chloramphenicol (1 Chloromycetin)	2	F 53	Pancytopenia, haematemesis, melaena	Bronchial asthma, septicaemia
		F 80	Aplastic anaemia	Bronchopneumonia
Chlorpromazine (2 Largactil)	3	M 76	Cholestatic jaundice, pulmonary embolus	Generalised arteriosclerosis, senility
		F 44	Hepatocellular jaundice	Haemorrhage from diagnostic wedge vesection of liver, mental condition, chronic bronchitis and pulmonary emphysema
		F 49	Necrosis of liver	Presenile dementia
Chlorpromazine, chlorpropamide, pericyazine, halothane	1	F 79	Severe jaundice, hepatic failure	Fractured femur, diabetes
Codeine	1	M 76	Haematemesis, anaemia, left ventricular failure	Rheumatoid arthritis
Colchimide (sic)	1	M 68	Aplastic anaemia	Basal cell carcinoma
Contraceptive pill (1 Serial 28)	2	F 28	Femoral thrombosis, pulmonary embolus, pulmonary infarction	
		F 29	Thrombosis of pelvic veins, pulmonary embolism	

^{*}NOS: - Not otherwise specified

Table C88 (continued)

Drug or therapy	No. of cases	Sex and age	Adverse reaction	Notes
Corticosteroids	2	F 41	Acute adrenal cortical failure	Bronchitis and asthma, respiratory tract infection
		M 63	Multiple gastric ulcers, haematemesis, melaena	Chronic bronchitis, emphysema
Cortisone	2	F 11 mths.	Adrenal crisis	Adrenogenital syndrome
		M 61	Multiple peptic ulceration, haematemesis	Rheumatoid arthritis, diabetes mellitus
Daptazole	1	F 63	Agranulocytosis	
Dartelan	1	F 66	Hepatorenal failure	Depression, Parkinson's disease
Digoxin, diuretics	1	M 77	Haematemesis	Respiratory and congestive heart failure
Electro-convulsive	5	F 32	Asphyxia	
therapy		F 34	Cardiac arrest	Hypomania
		F 73	Cerebral hypoxia, myocarditis, pericarditis	Senile depressive illness
		F 69	Pulmonary oedema	Mental depression, myocardial fibrosis and hypertension
		M 52	Shock	Myocardial degeneration, aortic incompetence, arteriosclerosis
Epanutin	2	M 64	Aplastic anaemia	Grand mal epilepsy
		F 45	Aplastic anaemia	Epilepsy, bronchopneumonia
Fluorouracil	1	F 65	Bone marrow dygenesis	Carcinoma of the breast
Gold, Butazolidin	2	F 65	Aplastic anaemia	Rheumatoid arthritis
		F 71	Aplastic anaemia, pulmonary infarction	Rheumatoid arthritis
Heparin	2	M 67	Haemorrhage	Chronic bronchitis and emphysema
		F 47	Haemorrhage	Femoral vein thrombosis
Hydrosaluric K	2	F 71	Ulceration and perforation of small intestine, peritonitis, pulmonary embolism	Hypertension, congestive cardiac failure
		M 62	Ileal ulceration, clostridial septicaemia	

Table C88 (continued)

Drug or therapy	No. of cases	Sex and age	Adverse reaction	Notes
Hypaque	1	M 72	Anaphylactic shock	
Indomethacin	2	F 67	Acute necrotising enteritis, peritonitis	Arthritis
		F 72	Peptic ulceration, gastro- intestinal haemorrhage	Rheumatoid arthritis
Isoprenaline	1	F 18	Acute cardiac failure	Asthma (aerosol spray)
Librium, sodium amytal, paraldehyde	1	M 18	Acute narcotic poisoning	During treatment for withdrawal of drugs
Marevan	1	M 58	Haemorrhage	Arteriosclerosis, cerebrovascular accidents
Marplan	1	M 52	Hyperthermia	Chronic schizophrenia
Methotrexate	2	F 70	Aplastic anaemia	Psoriasis
		F 88	Thrombocytopenia, haematemesis, recurrent gastro-intestinal bleeding	Massive basal cell carcinoma of face
Oxyphenbutazone	1	F 50	Agranulocytosis	Rheumatoid arthritis, acute tonsillitis, acute appendicitis, peritonitis, toxaemia, bronchopneumonia, cardiac failure
Parazolidin	1	F 76	Aplastic anaemia	Disease of the joints
Penicillin	1	F 4	Anaphylactic reaction	Acute laryngo-tracheo bronchitis
Penicillin, Sulphonomide	1	F 72	Agranulocytosis	Meningococcal meningitis
Phenacetin	б	F 68	Nephritis, chronic renal failure	Rheumatoid arthritis
		F 53	Papillary necrosis of kidney, uraemia	Rheumatoid arthritis
		M 63	Nephropathy, renal failure	Rheumatoid arthritis
		M 66	Renal papillary necrosis, uraemia	Over a prolonged period for relief of pain
		F 66	Uraemia	Chronic intake
		F 42	Nephropathy, uraemia	Rheumatoid arthritis, anaemia
Phenindione (3 Dindevan)	4	F 63	Gastro-intestinal haemorrhage	Myocardial infarction, coronary occlusion
		M 67	Haemorrhage	Myocardial fibrosis, heart failure

Table C88 (continued)

Drug or therapy	No. of	Sex and	Adverse reaction	Notes
	cases	age		
Phenindione (3 Dindevan)		M 59	Cerebral haemorrhage	Fibrillation with emboli
(continued)		M 62	Essential hypertension, cerebellar haemorrhage	Coronary thrombosis
Phenylbutazone (13 Butazolidin)	14	F 70	Aplastic anaemia, thrombocytopenia	
		F 63	Agranulocytosis, cellulitis of neck	Rheumatoid arthritis
		F 67	Aplastic anaemia	Arthritis
		F 52.	Aplastic anaemia	Repeated blood transfusions
		F 60	Aplastic anaemia	Arthritis
		M 80	Aplastic anaemia	Arthritis
		M 76	Aplastic anaemia, bronchopneumonia	Gout
		F 62	Aplastic anaemia, cerebral haemorrhage	
		M 77	Aplastic anaemia, mid-brain haemorrhage	
		F 79	Aplastic anaemia, multiple haemorrhage	Arthritis, diabetes
		F 80	Aplastic anaemia, severe anaemia	Osteo-arthritis, diabetes mellitus
		M 60	Aplastic anaemia, toxaemia	Thrombophlebitis
		F 65	Thrombocytopenia, cerebral haemorrhage	Arthritis
		F 47	Toxic epidermal necrolysis staphylococcal endocarditis	Arthritis
Potaba (para-amino benzoate)	1	F 4	Acute pancreatitis, hypoglycaemia, cerebral oedema	Scleroderma
Rubidomycin	1	м 70	Massive pulmonary necrosis, grain negative bacteraemia	Acute promyelocytic leukaemia
Steroids	24	F 64	Acute adrenocortical insufficiency	Rheumatoid arthritis
		M 8	Acute adrenocortical insufficiency, infarction of left adrenal	Severe bronchial asthma

Table C88 (continued)

Drug or therapy	No. of cases	Sex and age	Adverse reaction	Notes
Steroids (continued)		F 43	Acute gastric ulceration (peptic), gastro-intestinal haemorrhage	Post operative stress - total colectomy for ulcerative colities
		F 59	Acute peptic ulceration (stomach), haematemesis	Rheumatoid arthritis
		F 62	Acute steroid shock, pneumonia	Rheumatoid arthritis, confusional psychosis
		F 62	Addisonian crisis, acute pulmonary oedema	Rheumatoid arthritis
		F 6	Adrenal cortical atrophy	Acute leukaemia, tracheo- bronchitis and broncho- pneumonia, toxaemia and myocardial failure
		M 64	Adrenal failure, myocardial disease, bronchopneumonia	Rheumatoid arthritis
		F 64	Chronic duodenal ulcer, gastro- intestinal bleeding	Carcinoma of breast, carcinomatosis
		F 74	Cushingoid state	Rheumatoid arthritis, hypostatic pneumonia
		М 57	Cushing's syndrome, epilepsy	Rheumatoid arthritis
		M 50	Duodenal ulcer, gastro- intestinal haemorrhage	
		M 66	Gastric erosion, massive haematemesis	Cor pulmonale, chronic bronchitis
		F 64	Giant benign gastric ulcer gastro-intestinal haemorrhage	Chronic rheumatoid arthritis, pulmonary embolism
		F 71	Haemorrhage from mesenteric artery, acute renal failure	Rheumatoid arthritis, chronic pyelonephritis
		F 72	Hypertension, cardiac failure	Chronic rheumatoid arthritis
		F 55	Intestinal haemorrhage	Rheumatoid arthritis, 1eft ventricular failure, broncho- pneumonia
		F 62	Peptic ulcer, haematemesis and melaena	Rheumatoid arthritis
		M 64	Peptic ulcer, haemorrhage	Dermatomyositis, staphylococcal septicaemia
		M 70	Perforated peptic ulcer	Multiple myelomatosis
		M 62	Perforated stomach, pulmonary embolus	Rheumatoid arthritis with peripheral neuropathy

Table C88 (continued)

Drug or therapy	No. of cases	Sex and age	Adverse reaction	Notes
Steroids (continued)		M 63	Septicaemia	Rheumatoid arthritis
(continued)		F 54	Small bowel perforation, peritonitis	Cancer of sigmoid colon, hemicolectomy
		M 46	Staphylococcal septicaemia, bacterial endocarditis	Asthma
Steroids, salicylates	1	F 63	Gastric haemorrhage	Rheumatoid arthritis, ischaemic heart disease
Surmontil	1	M 61	Hypertension, paralysis of large intestine, heart failure	
Testosterone	1	F 58	Perforation of lower end of oesophagus, shock	Carcinoma of breast, and carcinoma of body of uterus
Thio-Tepa	1	M 62	Thrombocytopenia, haemorrhage	Carcinoma of right lung
Tofranil, Nardil	1	F 66	Central respiratory failure, hyperpyrexia	
Tridione	1	м 58	Nephritis	Epilepsy, schizophrenia
Trifluoperazine, orphenodrine, chlorpromazine	1	М 37	Agranulocytosis	Schizophrenia
Uracil Mustard	1	M 61	Agranulocytosis, broncho- pneumonia	Chronic lymphatic leukaemia, Hodgkin's disease
Vinb1astine	1	M 24	Agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia	Hodgkin's disease
Drug NOS*	4	M 32	Acute tubular necrosis, acute renal failure	Schizophrenia
		M 62	Myxoedema	Arteriosclerosis, coronary artery disease, left ventricular failure
		M 67	Thrombocytopenia, subdural and intrapulmonary haemorrhage	Recurrent carcinoma of lung (mediastinal glands) excised
		M 39	Toxic myocarditis	Persecutory psychosis
Other therapy	1			
Premedication for electra-convulsive treatment		м 20	Respiratory failure	

Table C89. Fatal therapeutic	m i s	adventures, E	England	and Wales, 1967, due to ov	overdose of d	drug	
		Cases				Cases	
Drug or combination of drugs	Medically administered	Self administered	Adminis- tration not stated	Drug or combination of drugs	Medically administered	Self administered	Adminis. tration not stated
Amitriptyline and quinalbarbitone				Mandrax			
Amylobarbitone and ohenobarbitone		N (N	+ 4	Meprobamate			4
Amylozine, Sodium Amytal and				Narcotic			1
			1			w	7
Amytal		7	ru .				C1 +
Antabuse and alcohol		-	-	Nembutal and Juinal Nitrazepam and Salicylate			→ ⊷
Aspirin		ı 					
Aspirin, codeine and Tuinal		Ħ		Paracetamol			Į,
Aspirin and phenobarbitone				Parstelin			
Barbiturate		7	10	Pentobarbitone and alcohol		1	4
Barbiturate and alcohol		ı	2	Pentobarbitone and pethidine		Ŧ	
Barbiturate, bromide and alcohol		H				1	
Butobarbitone, phenobarbitone and			•	Phenergan, Tuinal and alcohol		∺ (•
alcohol			-1	Phenobarbitone and alcohol		٧	+ +-
Carbrital		7	က	and		-	•
Carbrital and alcohol			2				
Cerebral depressant		H		Salicylate			ဗ
Chlordiazepoxide and alcohol			-				7
Cocaine, heroin and morphine		** 1		Seconal and alcohol			-
Cyclobarbitone		#		Seconal and Tuinal		α	~ ℃
Dextropropoxyphrene, Sodium Amytal				Sodium amytal and alcohol		o 61	o ro
			***	Sodium amytal and ethyl alcohol		1	
Digoxin		-1		Sodium amytal and Tuinal		1	
Digoxin and Franol				Soneryl		w (m v
Doriden and alcohol			-	Soneryl and alcohol		6	
Durophet		4		Tofranil		ო	₩
Ephedrine, isoprenaline and				Tuinal		22	17
orciprenaline			⊣,	Tuinal and alcohol		เก	
Ergometrine, Lomotil and Metrulen-M			-	Drug not stated			c
Hypnotic			1				4
Imipramine and perphenazine	,		1				
Insulin	-1	1	+				
Largactil		H		Total	+ +	₹8	66

Table C90. Fatal therapeutic misadventures, England and Wales, 1967, due to mistake in drug administration

Sex	Age	Nature of misadventure	Nature of illness
M	74	'Given injection of morphia unintentionally. Previous dosage now too great'.	Terminal illiness carcinoma of the prostate, myocardial infarction, coronary atheroma.
F	47	'Hypernatraemia due to inadvertent administration of intravenous infusions of sodium chloride'.	Patient with achalasia of the cardia, purulent bronchitis and bronchopneumonia.

Table C91. Fatal therapeutic misadventures, England and Wales, 1967, due to accident in technique

Operation or surgical procedure	No.	Sex and age	Misadventure	Other sequelae	Other conditions
Neurosurgery	3				
Intracranial aneurysm		F53	Brain damage	Dysphagia, bronchopneumonia	Bilateral Berry aneurysms of circle o Willis
Intervertebral disc		M17	Cardiac arrest	Cerebral anoxia	Prolapsed inter- vertebral disc
Lumbar sympathectomy		M63	Gas gangrene infection		Generalised arterio÷ sclerosis
Endocrine glands	2				
Thyroidectomy		F42	Infection, perforation of trachea	Secondary haemorrhage, asphyxia by inhaled blood	Thyrotoxicosis
Thyroidectomy		F49	Inhalation of blood		Old pneumonectomy
Eye surgery	1				
Eye muscles		F 1	Vagal inhibition by endotracheal tube, cardiac arrest	Cerebral oedema, bronchopneumonia	Lazy left eye
Ear, Nose and Throat Surgery	4				
Bilateral antral puncture and washout, submucous resection, Polypectomy		F41	Anaphylactic shock		Nasal polypi
(1) Polypectomy (2) Attempted intra cardiac adrenaline		M20	(1) Cocaine hyper- sensitivity (2) Left haemothorax, collapse of left lung	(1) Cardiac arrest (2) Air embolism, acute right heart failure	Nasal polypi

Table C91 (continued)

Table (9) (continued)				
Operation or surgical procedure	No.	Sex and age	Misadventure	Other sequelae	Other conditions
Ear, Nose and Throat surgery (continued)					
Tracheotomy		M38	Air embolism		Acute bacterial endo- carditis Pyogenic meningitis
Tracheostomy		M10	Haemorrhage		Fracture of skull
Upper alimentary tract surgery	7				
Lower jaw		M35	Surgical emphysema	Pneumothorax	Congenital malformation of lower jaw
Repair of cleft palate		F10 mths	Inhalation of blood	Cardiac arrest	Cleft palate
Dilatation of oesophageal structure		F55	Rupture of pharynx	Atelectasis of lungs and pneumothorax	Constriction of oeso-
Resection of pharyngeal pouch		M64	Perforation of oesophagus, left pleurisy	Pulmonary emboli in right lung from prostatic venous thrombosis, purvlent bronchitis, emphysema	Pharyngeal pouch
Diagnostic oesophagoscopy		M63	Perforated oeso- phagus (small perforation before oesophagoscopy)	Pneumonitis	Carcinoma of left lung, left pneumonectomy
Oesophagoscopy		F26	Rupture of oesophagus	Acute generalised peritonitis and sub-phrenic abscess	Oesophageal stricture
Bougienage		M77	Ruptured oesophagus	Bilateral pleurisy and mediastinitis	Stricture of oesophagus
Thoracic surgery	17				
Prosthetic replacement of valve		F58	Dissection of aorta detachment of right coronary artery	Myocardial infarction	Mitral valve disease
Cardiac catheterisation		M50	Intravenous injection of oxygen	Cerebral and cardiac oxygen emboli	Rheumatic mitral valve stenosis
Aortic valve replacement and repair of mitral valve		M51	Kinking of endo- tracheal tube	Asphyxia	Aortic and mitral incompetence, subacute bacterial endocarditis
For mitral valve disease		M50	Instrumental perforation of aorta	Haemopericardium	Rheumatic mitral valve disease
Correction of mitral stenosis		M52	Air embolus		Severe mitral stenosis due to rheumatic heart disease
Insertion of Abram's prosthesis		F48	Tear in left ventricle	Left haemothorax	Mitral incompetence

Table C91 (continued)

Operation or surgical procedure	No.	and	Misadventure	Other sequelae	Other conditions
Thoracic surgery (continued)					
Insertion of prosthesis for mitral valve		M36	Left haemothorax	Congestive cardiac failure	Mitral incompetence due to chronic rheumatic heart disease
Mitral valvotomy		F52	Laceration of calcified pulmonary vein	Intrathoracic haemorrhage	Stenosis of mitral valve due to old rheumatic carditis
Insertion of prosthesis for acrtic valve		F20	Cerebral and coronary air emboli		Aortic incompetence and mitral stenosis
Open heart surgery		M34	Air embolus	Myocardial infarction	Aortic valve disease
Cardiac catheterisation		F 5 dys.	Perforation of right atrium		Cyanotic congenital heart disease (trans- position of aorta and atrial septal defect)
Aortic replacement graft		M73	Haemorrhage from upper end		Impaired coagulation
Cardiac catheterisation		M58	Haemopericardium and haemoperitoneum		
Cardiac catheterisation		M1 mth.	Perforation of right atrium	Haemopericardium	Transposition of great
Thoracotomy		M56	Rupture of pulmonary artery	Acute pulmonary oedema	Anthracosilicosis
Needling of pleural cavity		F56	Puncture of liver	Intraperitoneal haemorrhage	Hypoplastic anaemia, infection pneumonia, necrotic pressure ulcer of hip
Lung biopsy		F55	Haemopneumothorax		Nephritis and pulmonar lesions
Abdominal surgery	16				
Celestin tube insertion		F86	Haematemesis		Benign oesophageal stricture with hiatus hernia
Partial gastrectomy		M66	Slipping of suture between stomach and duodenum	Leak into peritoneal cavity, peritonitis	Gastric ulcer
Insertion of Ryle's tube		M45	Acute benign gastric ulcer	Gastro-intestinal haemorrhage	Traumatic injuries to intestine and stomach in road traffic accident

Table C91 (continued)

Operation or surgical procedure	No.	Sex and age	Misadventure	Other sequelae	Other conditions
Abdominal surgery (continued)					
Oxygenation by catheter		M 3 dys.	Catheter inadvertently placed in stomach	Rupture of stomach due to gaseous distention	Bronchopneumonia and prematurity, sub-acute intestinal obstruction
Sigmoidoscopy		F74	Perforation of rectum	Localised peritonitis	Left ventricular failure, chronic myo-cardial fibrosis, Coronary artery disease
Sigmoid resection		F77	Perforation of small gut, anastomosis leaking, peritonitis	Pulmonary embolism, thrombosis of inferior vena cava	
Barium enema		F76	Perforation of stercoralulcer	Peritonitis	Stercoral ulcer of rectum, granular proctocolitis, constipation
Fletcher's enema		F15	Entry of fluid into peritoneal cavity through para-rectal tissues	Peritonitis	
General anaesthetic in preparation for operation		M69	Introduction of endotracheal tube into oesophagus	Cardiac arrest due to anoxia	Fistula in ano. Anaesthetic: thiopen- tone, nitrous oxide and Alloferin
For cholelithiasis and chronic cholecystitis		F67	Reactionary haemorrhage	Cholaemia	Cholelithiasis and chronic cholecystitis
On common bile duct		F63	Haemorrhage from rupture of portal vein during operation		Massive obstruction by gallstones
For gallstones		F23	Anoxia, reflex failure of circulation to brain	Suppurative broncho- pneumonia, prolonged coma	Gallstones
Cholecystectomy		F64	Laceration of liver	Haemorrhage	Recurrent calculus, cholecystitis
Vagotomy and oesophago- gastrectomy		M39	Perforation of oeso- phagus	Bronchopneumonia	
Vagotomy		M29	Perforation of oeso- phagus	Septicaemia bilateral empyemata and peritonitis	Duodenal ulcer
Repair of burst abdomen after hysterotomy and sterilization		F37	Pulmonary hypertension reversal of blood flow, myocardial failure	Cardiac arrest	Inter-atrial septal defect

Table C91 (continued)

		,	,			
Operation or surgical procedure	No.	Sex and age	Misadventure	Other sequelae	Other conditions	
Genito-urinary surgery	9					
For hydronephrosis		F 4	Inhalation of stomach contents into lung	Cardiac arrest,	Hydronephrosis right kidney	
For hydronephrosis		M57	Carbon dioxide machine fully on (colour of bobbin same metallic colour as machine)	Cardiac arrest	Old myocardial infarc- tion, hydronephrosis both kidneys	
Cystoscopy		F78	Air embolism		Bleeding	
Bougie dilation of urethra		M68	Trauma to bladder	Retroperitoneal haemorrhage	Urethral stricture	
Dilatation of urethra		M72	Rupture of penile urethra	Extravasation	Diabetic coma and uraemia, enlarged prostate	
Periurethral resection of prostate		M83	Perforation of bladder, rupture of aneurysm of common iliac artery	Haemoperitoneum	Benign nodular enlarge- ment of the prostate	
Prostatectomy		M83	Ruptured bladder		Benign prostatic hypertrophy	
For prostate		M75	Perforation of urethra	Shock	Hypertrophy of prostate	
For acute urinary obstruction		M69	Perforation of bladder		Benign prostatic hypertrophy	
Gynaecological operations	4					
Vaginal.hysterectomy		F40	Endotracheal tube inserted into oesophagus	Cardio-respiratory failure, pulmonary oedema, coma following cardiac arrest		
Bladder drainage during vaginal-hysterectomy		F77	Perforation of small intestine by trocar	Peritonitis	Procidentia	
Vaginal-hysterectomy		F54	Perforation of small bowel	Pelvic, peritoneal and extraperitoneal sepsis	Prolapse	
Hysterectomy		F54	Haemorrhage from uterine vessels		Prolapse	
Obstetric surgery	2					
Caesarean section		F42	Puncture of left lung in attempt to revive	Collapse of lung pneumothorax	Hydramnios and dis- proportion	
Evacuation of uterus		F21	Perforation of uterus and rectum	Peritonitis	Incomplete abortion	

Table C91 (continued)

Operation or surgical procedure	No.	Sex and age	Misadventure	Other sequelae	Other conditions
Orthopaedic surgery	6				
Above knee amputation		M68	Infection by gas gangrene		Gravitational ulcer
Amputation of right leg		F68	Gas gangrene		Arteriosclerosis
Amputation of leg		M62	Gas gangrene	Septicaemia pulmonary emboli	Ischaemic gangrene of leg; myocardial fibrosis due to coronary atheroma
Amputation		M64	Gas gangrene locally		Arteriosclerotic gangrene
For fracture of neck of left femur		M80	Wound infection (gas gangrene)	Bronchial pneumonia	Fracture neck of left femur, infarcts of brain and heart
Therapeutic sternal puncture		F45	Needle penetrated heart	Cardiac inhibition	Hypoplastic anaemia, back pains
Other surgical procedures	17				
(1) Hysterectomy (2) Blood transfusion		F39	(1) Haemorrhage accelerated by (2) Incompatability		
Blood transfusion at operation		M76	Serum homologous jaundice		Prostatectomy
Blood transfusion prior to operation		F75	Transfusion reaction, infected bottle of blood	Renal suppression	Ulcerative colitis
Blood transfusion		F46	Incompatible blood	Pulmonary oedema, haemoglobinuria	Stomach trouble
Blood transfusion		M75	Serum hepatitis	Hepatic coma	
Blood transfusion		F52	Transfusion reaction, wrong blood		Removal of carcinoma of tongue
Replacement transfusion		M16 hrs.	Air embolism		Mother was rhesus negative
Exchange transfusion		M 7	Cardiac arrest		Rhesus incompatability
Exchange transfusion		M 5 dys.	Use of haemolysed blood	Acute haemoglobinaemia	
Transfusion		M71	Homologous serum jaundice		Haematemesis, Ischaemic heart disease
Transfusion		M74	Haemosiderosis		Aplastic anaemia, multiple kidney abscesses

Table C91 (continued)

Operation or surgical procedure	No.	Sex and age	Misadventure	Other sequelae	Other conditions
Other surgical procedures (continued) Transfusion (inferred)		M46	Serum hepatitis		Operation for infected
Transfusion (Interred)		III PO	Solum nepatitio		fracture of left femur
Transfusion (inferred)		F41	Homologous serum jaundice, hepatic failure, respiratory and cardiovascular failure		
Transfusion (inferred)	,	F61	Serum hepatitis		
Artificial respiration		M54	Ruptured emphysematous bulla	Pneumothorax	Bleeding from duodenal ulcer, emphysema
Endo•tracheal oxygen		F 1	Ruptured lungs, through oxygen blown into trachea	Traumatic mediastinal emphysema	Subdural haemorrhage, fall from chair at home
Therapeutic injection		F46	Massive pulmonary embolism, left leg vein thrombosis		Varicose veins

Table C92. Therapeutic misadventures, England and Wales, 1962 to 1967

Fatal misadventure due to:		Number of deaths						
		1963	1964	1965	1966	1967		
Adverse reaction to drug or therapy	220	181	103	235	183	146		
Mistake in drug administration		1	1	1	1	2		
Overdose of drug		166	176	215	221	184		
Accident in technique	96	95	74	98	71	88		

Table C93. Therapeutic misadventures, summary of adverse reactions to drug or therapy, 1962 to 1967, England and Wales

Drug or therapy	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
Anaesthetic agents	1	1	2	9	14	17
Analgesics	15½	5	4	8½	9	11½
Antibiotics n.e.c.	19½	16½	7½	12½	10	41/2
Anti-cancer-leukaemia	18	16	4	15½	131/2	9
Anti-coagulant	21	16	10½	18	11	18
Anti-convulsant	2	2	-	2	21/2	3
Anti-rheumatic	14	12	8	20½	21½	21
Anti-tuberculosis	1½	•	1	-	1	•
Barbiturate and other hypnotics	3½	. •	-	1/2	**	1
Corticosteroids and related drugs	40	25	18½	50½	35	31½
Contrast media	3	*	-	3	1	2
Diuretics	-	2	•	-	1	21/2
Endocrine, hormones, nutritional						
and metabolic agents	8	3	•	7	8	1
Hypotensives	1	-		-	1	-
Metals and compounds	1	1/2	1	1	•	-
Psychiatric, tranquillisers	10	18	5	11½	13	9
Sulphonamides	2½	. 3	1½	1/2	-	*
Mixed responsibility		_		1		
Drug n.e.c.	2½		2	6½	-6	6
Cerebral stimulant	1	_	-	1	_	2
Spasmolytic	1	1	_	1		1
Drug unknown	2	1	3	4	2	_
Electro-convulsive therapy	3	6	-	3	1	6
Other procedures	-	3	. •	3	1	•
Total	171	131	68	179½	1511	146
Radiation	41	47	32	451/2	30½	
Transfusion*	10	6	. 6	13	5	14

Note. If two drugs or other forms of therapeutic misadventure are reported as being jointly responsible for the immediate causation of death, each is counted as one half in assessing comparative results.

*Details of cases are given in tables of Fatal therapeutic misadventure due to either:

- (1) adverse reaction to drug or therapy
 - (2) accident in technique

Registrar General's Statistical Review, Part III, for the years 1962 to 1966. For 1967 see page 170

^{..} Not available

UNITED KINGDOM

Vital Statistics

Table C94. Vital Statistics: 1938 and 1946 - 1967, United Kingdom

	Year	United Kingdom	England	Wales	Scot land	Northern Ireland
Estimated mid-year home population (in thousands)	1967 M F	54,978 26,681 28,297	45,588* 22,144* 23,443*	2,713* 1,321* 1,392*	5,187 2,489 2,698	1,491 727 764
Marriages Live births(1) Deaths Deaths of infants	1967	439,092 961,800 616,710	365,303 788,458 509,356	20,749 43,706 33,160	42,116 96,221 59,523	10,924 33,415 14,671
under 1 year of age		18,075	14,453	813	2,024	785
Persons marrying, rates(2) per 1,000 living	1938 1946-50 1951-55 1956-60 1961-65 1966 1967	17.2 17.5 15.9 15.3 15.1 16.0	17.6 17.7 15.9 15.3 15.1 16.1 16.0	16.2 17.4 15.7 15.0 14.8 15.3	15.5 16.9 16.3 16.2 15.5 16.1	13.4 13.9 13.5 13.5 14.1 14.5 14.7
Live births, rates per(2) 1,000 living	1938 1946-50 1951-55 1956-60 1961-65 1966 1967	15.5 18.3 15.7 16.8 18.3 17.9	15.1 18.0 15.3 16.4 18.1 17.8 17.3	15.3 17.9 15.7 16.2 17.4 16.6 16.1	17.7 19.8 17.9 19.2 19.7 18.6 18.6	20.0 22.0 20.8 21.7 23.0 22.5 22.4
Death rates per(4) 1,000 living	1931-38 ⁽³⁾ 1946-50 1951-55 1956-60 1961-65 1966 1967	12.2 11.6 11.7 11.6 11.8 11.8	12.0 11.4 11.3 11.5 11.7 11.7	12.9 12.6 12.7 12.4 12.6 12.8 12.2	13.2 12.3 12.1 12.0 12.2 12.3 11.5	14.4 11.8 11.3 10.8 10.8 11.1 9.8
Infant mortality rates(5) (under 1 year) per 1,000 live births	1938 1946-50 1951-55 1956-60 1961-65 1966 1967	56 38 28 23 21 20	53 36 27 22 21 19 18	57 42 33 27 24 20 19	70 47 33 28 25 23 21	75 48 37 28 26 26 26 23

^{*} Revised in the light of the 1966 Sample Census.

⁽¹⁾ England and Wales: occurrences. Remainder: registrations.

⁽²⁾ The marriage and birth rates for 1938 and from 1951 are based on home population, but the 1946-50 aggregates are based on total population.

⁽³⁾ Here the 1931-38 aggregate is given, since crude death rates in the year 1938 were rather lower than in adjacent years.

⁽⁴⁾ The death rates are based on total deaths and home populations, except that the 1946-49 element in the 1946-50 aggregate is based on civilian deaths and civilian populations.

⁽⁵⁾ England and Wales: for 1957 onwards based on deaths per thousand live birth occurrences; for earlier years based on deaths per thousand related live births. Remainder: based on deaths per thousand births registered.

Appendix A

The Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases

The new classification

Since its inception the International Classification of Diseases has been subject to revision at approximately decennial intervals by international conferences, convened in recent years by the World Health Organisation. The latest (Eighth Revision) conference for this purpose took place in Geneva in 1965, and the new classification was adopted in England and Wales with effect from 1st January, 1968 - the recommended date.

Successive revisions of the classification have varied in extent and effect according to current needs. For example, the Eighth Revision shows considerable rearrangement of the sections for infectious diseases, circulatory diseases and violence, and most of the age distinctions in the previous version have been removed. Stillbirths are no longer given a separate classification but are classified in the same way as infant deaths in a new section for perinatal mortality.

Provision of a bridge between the Seventh and Eighth Revision classifications

If current statistics based on the new classification are to be compared with those for earlier years some kind of bridge is necessary between the two systems. At past revisions it became the practice to dual code the death records for a selected period according to both the old and the new methods in order to provide comparative tables, and this practice has been repeated on this occasion. Death records for the year 1967 were first coded by the normal team of coders according to the Seventh Revision classification, and were then passed to a second team for coding according to the Eighth Revision classification.

Bridge tables

The deaths in 1967 have been tabulated by detail of cause (Eighth Revision), sex and age, and the results are presented in Table C95 in a format similar to that of Table 17 in Part I of the *Statistical Review* for 1968, including all three-digit cause categories and selected fourth-digit sub-divisions.

Table C96 shows for each Eighth Revision category the equivalent Seventh Revision categories from which its deaths were found to be derived, with the relevant proportions. The latter can be used as factors for converting serial tables from Seventh to Eighth Revision classification, subject to the limitations mentioned below.

The dual coding and tabulations have been undertaken for death records only. They have not been repeated for stillbirths. For infant deaths, bridge tabulations have been prepared only so far as is necessary for the limited amount of cause detail required in Tables 11 and 12 in Part I of the Statistical Review. This information can be made available on request.

Features and limitations of the bridge tables

Examination of the original cross-tabulated figures and comparison of the Eighth Revision figures for 1967 with those available for later years showed some discrepancies which called for further investigation before the results were used or published. Coding of suspect categories was re-examined, and the following explanations were found to account for most of the real or apparent discrepancies:

- (i) In the normal course of coding it is the practice of cause-of-death coders to send out specific medical enquiries to certifiers where further information is required for accurate classification. This was done during the Seventh Revision coding of the 1967 records, but when the second team came later to undertake the Eighth Revision coding it was found that a considerable amount of additional information was required. It was considered that a second round of enquiries to certifiers, particularly in view of the then longer interval since the original certification, would be undesirable. The Eighth Revision coding of 1967 records was therefore based on incomplete information compared with that for 1968, and resulted, for example, in the more frequent assignment of deaths to some of the 'unspecified' categories.
- (ii) The Eighth Revision coding team were obliged to begin coding before the first volume (Manual) had been finalised and without the benefit of the second volume (Index) of the International Classification. Lack of the latter instrument in particular an essential tool for coding affected the accuracy of some of the 1967 coding compared with 1968.
- (iii) As experience was gained in the use of the new classification, certain problems were met which required office rulings to coding staff. These altered the assignment of certain causes of death, and affected comparability of 1967 data with later years.
 - (iv) The fact that it was impossible, because of staff movements, to use identical teams of Eighth Revision coders for 1967 and 1968 resulted in certain variations in individual interpretations of the coding rules between those years.

Wherever possible, the records have been recoded to eliminate the effects of these changes, and elsewhere explanatory or warning notes have been added to the bridge tables. However, even where specific notes are not appended, comparability of data between 1967 and later years should be viewed with caution. Some degree of approximation in compilation of the bridge tables has also resulted from the fact that differences in coding which were apparently random and which were infrequent contributing less than 0.1 per cent to any particular Seventh Revision category - were ignored. In some cases where exact comparability between old and new classifications could be assumed, but where no deaths were assigned in 1967, or only extremely small numbers of suspect derivation, then details for the relevant Seventh Revision categories have been substituted against the comparable Eighth Revision categories in Table C96, and a symbol (*) has been used to indicate where this has been done. In other cases, where no deaths, or only insignificant numbers of deaths, were assigned to a category in 1967 and derivation was uncertain, the symbol 'NA' (not available) has been substituted in that table. The same symbol has also been used for a few categories where there are special problems of comparability which throw doubt on the validity of factors for earlier years.

The bridge table conversion factors in Table C96 have been applied to Tables 7, 8 and 9 of Part I of the Statistical Review for 1968 and on, except where otherwise stated, in order to convert them to the new classification. It should be borne in mind, however, that ratios derived from 1967 experience may not necessarily be of comparable accuracy when applied to earlier years. They provide no more than the best estimate at present available from these sources for 'conversion' of the data for those years.

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Deaths by cause, sex and age-group, 1967, classified according to the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, England and Wales Table C95.

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Table C95 (Continued)

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× 14	MF	Z L	×	MA	M H	ΣLL	M R S	Z fi	N Fr	× Fi	Z ii
Streptococcal sore throat and scarlet fever	Erysipelas	Meningo- coccal infection	Tetanus	Septicaemia	Other bacterial diseases	Poliomyelitis and other enterovirus diseases of central nervous system	Acute paralytic poliomyelitis specified as bulbar	Acute polio- myelitis with other paralysis	Acute non- paralytic poliomyelitis	Acute M poliomyelitis F unspecified	Late effects of acute poliomyelitis
034	035	036	037	038	039	9110	040	041	042	043	044

Table C95 (Continued)

									Age	Age at death	ath										
Cause of death									,	Years											
		All u	under 1	1-4	5-9 1	10-14 1	5-19 20	20-24 25	25-29 30	30-34 3	35-39 4	40-44	45-49 5	50-54 5	5-59	60-64	62-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and over
Aspetic meningitis due to enterovirus	Z i	<del></del>	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	3 8	, ,	1 1	9 1	9 8	, ,		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
Other entero- virus diseases of central nervous system	MH	ा स		1 f	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	f 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	• •	
Viral diseases accompanied by exanthem	ΣIL	106	9	34	111	ıο <del>⊣</del>	w ı	0.0	ਜਜ	0 1	1 %	91	ਜ ਜ	1 1	40	W +1	N #	w ro	0 0	13	22
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Соwрож	MH	1 1		1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1		1 1	1 1	• •	• •
Chickenpox	MF	17 14	99	0.4	0.4	H 1	, ,	7 1		<b>→</b> 1	1 61	7 '	H 1	1 1	1 1	- 2	<del></del>	1 1	• =	• #	H 1
Herpes zoster	- Z i	19	1 1	1 1		1 1	, ,	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	<del>rd 1</del>	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	3 1	നന	4	4	22
Herpes simplex	M	10 Q	1 #4	1 =1		1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 9	m 1	1 1	1 1	3 11	- #		8 8	ı <del></del>	٠ 🕶	• •
Measles	M	39	12 6	31	0.4	4	භ I	1 #	* *	<del>H</del> 1	1 1	1 1	• =	1 1	1 1	т.		1 1		• •	4 1
Rube 11a	M F	<b>≠</b> 1	က i	<del></del>	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	• •	• •	
Other viral exanthem	ME	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	, ,	, ,	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		t 1	• •	1 1	• •	• •	
Arthropod-borne viral diseases	ΣLL	64 56	ω <i>κ</i> /	0, 00	- #	7 7	200	1 -	22	1 1	1 00	1 7	8 7	118	10	10	77	n w	m u	1 1	1 1
060 Yellow fever	MF	1 1		, ,		1 1		1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	ŧ I	9 2	8 8	• •	ŧ s		8 6	• •
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rne	Tick-borne viral encephalitis	iral encephalitis transmitted by other arthropods	s T	Late effects of viral encephalitis	Arthropod-borne haemorrhagic fever	Other arthropod- borne viral diseases						ue kie	00 •=1 60	Trachoma, active
-bo	liti	lit. ttec	lit	ect	d-b	ther arthroborne viral	ral	ous is			os i s	pecific diseases due to cocksackie virus	nfectious mononucleosis	eg .
ıita ıl ipha	-bor	l epha ismi er	pha peci	eff 11 3pha	norr	r ar	r vi	ctic	su o	Ø	tac	ific ease cock	ctic	home
Mosquito-borne viral encephalitis	ick-borne vir encephalitis	Viral encephalitis transmitted other arthropods	Viral encephalitis unspecified	ate effects viral encephalitis	orthropod-borr haemorrhagic fever	other arth borne vis diseases	Other viral diseases	Infectious hepatitis	Rabies	Mumps	Psittacosis	Specific diseases to cocks	Infectious	Frac
062 M	063 T	V 490	065 V	T 990	067 A	0 890	0 -070 0	070 I	071 R	072 N	073 F	074 S	075 I	076 T
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Table C95 (Continued)

											Age at	Age at death										1
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No	death	स	All u	under 1	1-4	5-9 10-14		15-19 20-	-24 25-	29	30-34 35	-39	40-44 45	45-49 50-	- 54 55	-59	60-64 65	62-69 70	70-74 75	5-79 8(	80-84	85 ard over
07.2	Late effects of trachoma	Z II	1 1		1 1	, ,			1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	9 9		0 1	9 8	, ,	0 0	1 1		, ,	
078	Other viral diseases of the conjunctiva	Z iu	1 =	1 ==1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	. ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	
019	Other viral diseases	MF	14 24	7	1 1	ė s	<b>—</b> .	1 ==1	1 1		1 1	н.	1 1	1 ↔	2 1	. 4		7 1	H 1	- 2	- 8	
080	Rickettsioses and other arthropod-borne diseases	ΣL	ו מו	1 1	1 1	1-1	1 1	t I	1 1	1-1	1 1	<b>ч</b> і	स ।	1 1	<del></del>	1 1	<del></del>	<del>ન</del> 1	1 1	1.1	1 1	1 1
080	Epidemic louse- borne typhus	M F	1 (		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1				
196	Other typhus	MH	1 1	ş †	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			
082	Tick-borne rickettsiosis	E E	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			
083	Other rickettsioses	×	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1				, ,	
084	Malaria	MH	<b>≓</b> 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 -	1 1	1 1	<b>.</b>	1 1	<b>H</b> 1	т.	1 1	1 1		
085	Leishmaniasis	Σíμ	स ।	1 1	\$ I	1 1	1 1	1 1	2 1		1 1	1 1	<b>⊢</b> ,		, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			
086	American trypanosomiasis	E E	. 1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	l t	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1			
087	Other trypanosomiasis	N Fr	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		, ,		1 1		1 1	. ,		
088	Relapsing fever	MH	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1		, ,	1 )	1 1			
089	Other arthropod- borne diseases	E E	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	ŧ I	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	9 8				

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Table C95 (Continued)

										7	Age at	at death									
											Years	rs									
₽°.	Cause of death	All	under 1	1-4	5-9 10	10-14 15	15-19 20-24	25	-29 30-	34	35-39 4	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	62-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and over
110	Dermatophytosis M F	1 1	<b>5 5</b>	9 0	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	9 1	1 1	1 1	9 7	8 8	1 1	1 1	1 *	, ,
111	Dermatomycosis, M other and F unspecified	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	T 5	1 1	. 1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	. • •	1 1		1 1	1 1
112	Moniliasis M	00 70	7	1 1	pri 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	3 1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	- 2	2	• •	<b>H</b> ,	1 1
113	Actinomycosis M F	1 1	1 1	3 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	ê 1	1 1	3 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	\$ I	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	, ,
114	Coccidioidomycosis M F	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1		1 1	F 1	1 1	7 1	7 1	1 1	9 9	, ,		, ,
115	Histoplasmosis M F	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1		8 1		1 1	1 1	, ,		1 1	• •	• •	1 ,
116	Blastomycosis M F	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	P 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	<b>9 1</b>	1 1	4 1	, ,
117	Other systemic M mycosis F	6,0	, ,	1 1	1 1	2 2	1 1	1 1		1 🕶	1 6		<b>~</b> 1	(C) 1	7 '	7 1	H 1	88	, ,	<b>₩</b> 3	1 1
120-	Helminthiases M	ιο <del>τι</del>	1 1	1 1	1.1	1 1	1.1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 🗝	1 2	1 1	<del></del>	1 1	1 1	# 1	1 1	<del>4</del> 1
120	Schistosomiasis M (bilharziasis) F	7 1	f 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	2 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	7 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	• •	1 1	, ,
121	Other trematode M infection F	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	8 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	. ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	, ,
122	Hydatidosis M	w 41	' '	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1		1 1	,	1 1	1 1	ज्ल <b>ा</b>	1 1	1 1	yed g		# 1
123	Other cestode M infection F	1 1	1 )	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
124	Trichiniasis M	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	s 9	1 1	
125	Filarial M infection F	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	t 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1

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TH FM	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	च ।	<del>H</del> 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		N 1	1 1	1 1
a sand	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	<b>⇒</b> 6	7 -		1 1	• •	1 1	1 1	66	35	1-1	• •	1 1
a sand	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	33 74	⇒ 2	1 1	I 1	1 1	1 1	26	WN	50, 404 51, 268	973	9	215
Ancylostomiasis Other intestinal helminthiasis Other and unspecified helminthiasis Intestinal parasitism, unspecified and parasitic diseases Irichomoniasis rediculosis Acariasis Other and unspeci- fied infective an parasitic disease II NEOPLASMS and pharynx lip tongue	ME	Z H	Z L	N H	ΣLL	M H	Z i	ΣĿ	ΣĿ	Z ii	MH	70 W	ΣL	<b>∑</b> ¼	ZE	五年
	Ancylostomiasis	Other intestinal helminthiasis	Other and unspecified helminthiasis	Intestinal parasitism, unspecified	Other infective and parasitic diseases	Toxoplasmosis	Trichomoniasis urogenitalis	Pediculosis	Acariasis	Other infestation	Sarcoidosis	Other and unspeci- fied infective and parasitic disease	II NEOPLASMS	Malignant neoplasms of buccal cavity and pharynx	lip	tongue
126 127 128 130 130 131 133 134 136 136 140 140 140													140-	140-	140	141

Table C95 (Continued)

											Age	Age at death	eath									
5	Cause of											Years										
No.	death	Allages		under 1	1-4 5	5-9 10-14	-14 15	-19	20-24 2	25-29 3	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69 7	70-74 7	75-79 8	80-84	85 and over
142 8	salivary gland	MF	71	1 1		, ,	1 1	, ,	1 1		1	<b>#</b> 1	7	7	9.0	13	12 5	14	13	15	111	3
o pg	parotid gland	ZE	55			1 1	1 1	e 9	, ,		1 ल	ed i	H 1	4 1	3 1	12 7	111	0.4	10	11	ω ₍	3
8	8 other specified salivary gland	M FI	20 14	1 1	1 1		t 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	9 6	1.61	က i	<del>-</del> 1	7 7	3 1	4 1	ოო	4 m	m +	
m o	9 unspecified salivary gland	FM	22	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	· -	ł I	<b>-</b>	9 8	H 1	٠	, ,
143 gu	mng	Z E	75 3g	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,		I 1	1 1	1 1	Η.	81	ъ <del>н</del>	Ħ 1	4 '	70 H	2 7	w 4	1 0	0.4	H 60
144 f	floor of mouth	F	26	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	, ,			1 1	1 1	77 1	7	4 1	9 4	14	0 4	11	15	10	9.61
145 01	other and unspecified parts of mouth	Z ii	6 tr	, ,	1 1	1 1	· H	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 🗝	7	4 4	∞ <b>%</b>	10	11 9	π ω ω	15	20	r 4
146 01	oropharynx	M H	154 49	1 1	- 1	, ,	1 1		1 1	<del>el 1</del>	1 1	е Н	4.0	e ⊠	0.4	12	22 6	26 10	24	23	12 5	14
147 ns	nasopharynx	F	94 20	1 1	1 1	. 2					<b>←</b> 1	m ı	9 %	9 19	12	111	122	15	O IV	10	4 (4	nn
148 hy	hypopharynx	H H	128 173	1 1	1 1	<b>)</b> (	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 0	4	11	40	16	12 23	17	<b>25</b> 26	23	20	10	4 00
149 pt	pharynx, unspecified	MH	50 ##	1 1	1 1	1 1	1		1 1	<del>-</del>	8 6	Ħ 1		4 κ	7 4	8	0.4	∞ 4	10	10	H 4	3
150- Ma 159 ne	Malignant neoplasm of digestive organs and peritoneum	М 19,349 F 18,530	61130	<b>≠</b> 0	m vo	<b># 6</b>	ਜਜ	<b>о</b> <del>н</del>	12	21 28	#6 22 25	127	311 219	153 153	1,111,	2,112 2 1,372 1	2,937 3	2,389 3	3,166 2 3,129 3	2,705 1,3,302 2,	2,567	1,013
150 06	oes ophagus	M 1,539 F 1,241	141		1 1	, ,	1 1		1 1	7 =	3 yel	20 03	31	54	96	162	214	254	261	227	147	86 118
151 81	stomach	M 7,445 F 5,495	26:	1 1	1 1	·	<del>-</del> +	1 1	4 m	10	20	22	533	210	433	846 1 359	523	743	,274	1,011	822	305

0 cardia	1 pylorus	8 other speci- fied parts	9 part unspecified	small intestine including duodenum	large intestine, M except rectum F	caecum, appendix M and ascending F colon	1 transverse M colon, includ- F ing hepatic and splenic flexures	descending	sigmoid colon	large intes- tine (includ- ing colon) part unspecified	intestinal tract, part unspecified	rectum and rectosigmoid junction	liver and intrahepatic bile ducts, specified as primary
F	MH	X L	M	ne M F	ne, M m F	dix M	M id - F and	M	M H	Z L	Z H	E E	Z E
63	103	52 34	7,227 5,340	109	3,863	836 1,344	879	488 841	1,277	633	57	3,045	292 158
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e +	22	7 1	203	4 9	118	33	32	20	32 47	16	٠ 🗝	74 82	4 4
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ro H	16	ייי מו	820 1 351	18	370	84	54	35	121	73	e o	289	22
10	22	0.61	,167	13	535	121	85	82	188	104	2 0	429	16
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13	20	10	1,230	17	620	120	136	72	209	109	14	501	23
∞ <del>4</del>	14 20	7 20	982	12 22	581	132 270	84 142	73	194	93	ທທ	444	24
ו מו	15.5	ကဖ	612 801	99	417	237	53 131	64	127	110	10	350	11
		88	296 595	w 64	261 680	168	31	32	89	43	<i>ო</i> თ	310	4 ∞

Table C95 (Continued)

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		80-84	36	193	20	44	972	ທທ	yel 3		ю <del>4</del>	• •	τ •	47	н т
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		under 1	1 1	1 1	8 8	1 1	l 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	7 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
		Allages	413 712	2,458	138	47	24,309 4,977	117	17	###	71 62	113	1 5	577	12
			MF	ЖĦ	MF	MF	ΣLL	<b>≥</b> 14	Z i	Z i	MA	MF	Z L	E E	Z i
	Cause of	death	gallbladder and bile ducts	pancreas	peritoneum and retroperitoneal tissue	unspecified digestive organs	Malignant neoplasm of respiratory system	nose, nasal cavities, middle ear and accessory sinuses	O nose (internal) and nasal cavities	1 custachian tube and middle ear	maxillary sinus	8 other sinus	unspecified sinus	larynx	O glottis, true vocal cord
	5	No.	156	157	158	159	169	160	0	94	2	90	on .	161	0

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<b>⊣</b> 6	45	292	915		914	10 G	74 863	18	11	17	34	11 780
ro H	71	,336	,328	ו מו	2,323	∞ 4	1,145	26	12	12	39	1,057
88	23	3,799 2	3,782 2	41	3,778 2	17	1.274 1	37	17	32	29	1, 172
2.4	111	5, 136 3 816	5,117 3	10	5,111 3	90	1,377	45	21 8	30	30	1,288 1
m m	18	756	4,793	90	4,787	111	1,436	36	119	21 24	24	1,367
1 1	64	3,254	3,236 4	( v	3,230 4	88	115	29	22	28	25	1, 290
7 7	32	1,736	1,725	77	1,724	111	1,134	16	111	33	10	1,083
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9 . 4	4 0	124	122	f 1	122	99	36	10	o vo	18	<b>~</b> +	211
1 1	- 1	13	28	<b>i</b> i	28	9 1	23 124	n o	9 9	100	4 1	- 46
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, ,	<del></del>	124	111	8 6	11.	<del></del>	# Z # Z	14	m <del></del>	r 00	8 9	1 10
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20	545	23,615	23,512 4,679	33	23, 479 4,662	103 54	1,010	313 242	152	225	235	10,231
8 other M specified parts F	9 part unspecified M	trachea, bronchus, M lung, pleura, F mediastinum and unspecified respiratory site	trachea, bronchus, M lung	0 trachea M	1 bronchus and M lung F	other and Muspecified Frespiratory organs	Malignant neoplasm M of bone, connec- F tive tissue, skin and breast	bone	connective and M other soft F	malignant M melanoma of F skin	other malignant M neoplasm of skin F	breast M
		162.	162			163	170- 174	170	171	172	173	174

Table C95 (Continued)

										Age	at	death										
O I	Cause of										Years											
No.			Ailages	under	1-4	5-9 10	10-14 15	-19 20-	24 25-	-29 30-	34 35	-39	40-44 45	-49	50-54 55	-59	60-64 6	62-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and over
189	- Malignant neoplasm of genito-urinary organs	<b>Σ</b> ΓΓ	7,658	त्रच	20 22	<b>ω</b> Φ	ਜੜ	51	9	37	36 43 1	36 144	961	119 653	217 920 1,	467 122 1	832	1,241 1,334 1	1,354 1,247	1,430	1,051	702 476
180	Cervix uteri	দি	2, 459	1	-		i	1		13	19	67	175	296	334	297	278	290	241	204	152	06
181	Chorionepithe- lioma	[24	7	,	•	1			-	7	ო		<del></del>	1	1	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
182	Other malignant neoplasm of uterus	[F4	1,387	1	-		ı	,	=	-	1	7	17	52	83	166	210	261	236	172	113	67
183	Ovary, fallopian tube, and broad ligament	[74	3,308	•	-	ო	m	Ŋ	ιυ	7	80	80	138	258	409	200	478	491	397	312	142	88
004	0 ovary	Ē	3,285	,	-4	7	8	ro	יט	7	18	57	136	256	408	496	475	486	395	311	142	82
	1 fallopian tube and broad ligament	Ţ	22	1	Ť	<b>F</b> 4	1		1	,			7	7	=	4	m	w	8	1	,	H
	9 part unspecified	Ŀ	<b>ન</b>	•	ŧ		•		1	,	1	Ħ	1	1	•		•	•	1	•	•	•
184	Other and unspecified female genital organs	Í-te	566	1	7	-	1	1	1	•	.01	m	00	10	16	40	25.	80	87	103	% %	74
	O vagina	[X4	151	٠	-	1	•	1	1	,	-	г	rv	ທ	4	15	11	17	19	25	24	22
	1 vulva	Ĭ4	403	•			,			,	<del></del>	7	m	4	12	23	41	61	29	75	61	52
	8 other speci- fied sites	Í4	വ	,	1		1	,	,		1	1	•	н	1	•	7	н	-	•	1	,
	9 site unspecified	Ē	7	•	1	,	1		1		1	1	1	,	ŧ	7	-	Ħ		က	1	•
185	Prostate	×	3,900	,	,	1	1		,	,	<b>H</b>	1	7	12	80	116	280	527	767	949	698	808
186	Testis	Z	205	•	<b>=</b>	н		12	25	33	28	21	10	13	10	6	0	œ	6	Ŋ	<b>-</b>	-

Standard   Standard																
Other unid         M         CST         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td>on .</td><td>169</td><td>14 23</td><td>13</td><td>· #</td><td><del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del></td><td>1 m</td><td>183</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>• •</td><td>23</td><td></td><td>' '</td><td>25</td><td>1 3</td></t<>	on .	169	14 23	13	· #	<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	1 m	183	1		• •	23		' '	25	1 3
Unspecified mate M 2.552 - 1 1 1 - 2 - 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11	302	39	32	4 m	7 1		140	י מ	4 w		31	<b></b> 4	3 17	9 46	2 70
Blunder   M.   2512	6	380	900	81 79	e 2	1 2	<b>64</b>	336	4 0	16	m rυ	13	m 4	ri m	21 54	20.01
Blander   March   Ma	12	184	119	111	3.2	4 m	77	399	11 8	33	- m	18	· H	। ज्ल	22 41	7.2
State   Stat	18	500	188	177	κ 4	rv 4	e 9	400 407	11	96	12 8	14	ω 4	<b>H</b> 1	37	ww
Unspecified male M 2.512 - 1 1 - 2 - 1 1 1 2 3 4 6 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 36 19 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	0	353	181	167	r +	10 Cl	0 9	483	10	194	17	15	വര	ന്ന	13	12
Manager fixed male   Manager fixed   Man	Ø	193	140	130	4 1	7 1	4 ε	384	9	166	19	8 24	∞ o₁	7	16	r w
Bladder	4	36	42	74	7 ,	٠ ٦		232	13	133	12	21	7 73	n w	111	r w
Other and unpecified male         87	7	52	18	37	-88	н.	t 1	168	1 2	87	14	9 9	. 4	14	<b>4</b> ∞	ω ⊣
Stander and unspecified male   No. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10		00 00	14	21 13	g - E		1 1	112 82	77	76	7 %	- v	0.0	77		- 0
Other and unspecified male         M         2,512         1         1         2         1           Bladder         M         2,512         1         1         2         1           Other and unspecified         M         994         4         18         5         1         1         2           Uninspecified         M         994         4         18         5         1         1         2         3           Unispecified         M         529         1         14         5         1         1         2         3           Unspecified         F         529         1         14         5         1         1         2         3           Unspecified sites         M         2         2         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - </td <td>1</td> <td>ωıν</td> <td>0 4</td> <td>9 4</td> <td>1 1</td> <td></td> <td>1 1</td> <td>72 58</td> <td><del>-</del> -</td> <td>47</td> <td>8 8</td> <td>9.19</td> <td>4 H</td> <td><b>ო</b> 1</td> <td>- 8</td> <td>m 01</td>	1	ωıν	0 4	9 4	1 1		1 1	72 58	<del>-</del> -	47	8 8	9.19	4 H	<b>ო</b> 1	- 8	m 01
Standard   Standard	1	1 1	<u></u>	7	ş • †	1 1	1 1	10 6/ 10 6/	2 100	36	9 %			9 8	e <u>⊣</u>	<del></del>
State   Stat		1 1	m 0	p 2	1 1	, ,	1 1	32 32	+ +	24	w rv	1 =1	14	. =	7 = 7	1 1
Other and unspecified male genital organs M 2.512	1	1 1	7 7	1	1 +	1 1	1 1	12,3	1 1	13		1 1	ю <del>н</del>		ო ∺	1 1
Other and unspecified male genital organs M 2.512 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7	1 1	<del>-</del> -	H 1	1 (	1 1	1 1	25	1 1	14	ru co	1 1	H 1	1 1	e =	
Other and unspecified male genital organs M 2,512 - 1	•	1 1			8 7	t 1	1 1	27 24	1 1	19	מי מי	1 1	7 7	1 =	1 ==	1 1
Other and unspecified male Bladder F 1,036 - Other and unspecified F 529 1	,	₩ '	ນນ	רט גט	, ,		1 1	32	1	23	12					1 1
Other and unspecified male genital organs M 2,512  Bladder M 2,512  Other and M 954  unspecified F 529  unspecified F 529  unspecified F 724  other and M 1,017  neoplasm of other F 56  Brain F 724  Other parts of M 1,017  Brain F 724  Other endocrine M 28  Other endocrine M 28  Other endocrine M 28  Secondary and M 28  Secondary and M 57  unspecified F 53  Ulti defined F 53  Secondary and M 57  unspecified F 53  Ulti defined F 53  Ulti defined F 53  Secondary and M 57  unspecified F 53  Ulti defined F 53  Secondary and M 143	,	H &	18	18	1 1	1 1	1 1	52	ю <del>н</del>	20	23	1 1	N 4	n 4	7	1 1
Other and  unspecified male  Bladder  Other and  unspecified  uninary organs  kidney except  pelvis of kidney M  unspecified  unspecified  pelvis of kidney M  unspecified  M  unspecified  R  F  Cureter  M  and  unspecified  R  Brain  Thyroid gland  Cher parts of  nervous system  Thyroid gland  Cher endocrine  R  Secondary and  unspecified  sites  Secondary and  unspecified  F  Secondary and  unspecified  F  Secondary and  unspecified  F  Ill defined  Sites  Secondary and  unspecified  malignant  nodes		1 1	4 -	4 1		1 1	1 1	13		7	4 ′	1 1	H 1	1 1	ş t	1 1
Other and  unspecified male  Bladder  Other and  unspecified  Uninary organs  kidney except  pelvis  other and  unspecified  F  Unreter  Malignant  neoplasm of other  F  Brain  Thyroid gland  Other endocrine  R  Other endocrine  R  Other endocrine  Brain  Other endocrine  R  Secondary and  unspecified  F  Secondary and  unspecified  F  Ill defined  Sites  Secondary and  unspecified  F  Ill defined  Sites  Secondary and  unspecified  F  Ill defined  F  Ill defined  B  Sleben  Shands	87	2,512	954	890	27	22	15	2,995	72	1,017 724	147	94 275	43 53	35	143	25
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Table C95 (Continued)

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200-	Neoplasms of lymphatic and haematoporetic tissues	Σ IT	3, 571	14 14	51	8 24	60	51	7 2	87	51	109	125 98	119	258	334 262	484 361	516 368	412 434	327	167	
200	Lymphosarcoma and reticulum-cell sarcoma	P F	718	- 2	7 60	111	12 6	24	13	15	14	25	24	45 44	38	71 54	104	123	74	59	48	
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Diseases of pituitary gland	Diseases of thymus gland	Diseases of adrenal glands	Ovarian dysfunction	Testicular dysfunction	Polyglandular dysfunction and other diseases of endocrine glands	Avitaminoses and other nutritional deficiency	Vitamin A deficiency	Thiamine deficiency	Niacin deficiency	Other vitamin B deficiency	Ascorbic acid deficiency	Vitamin D deficiency	Other vitamin deficiency states	Protein malnutrition	Nutritional marasmus	Other nutri- tional deficiency
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Table C95 (Continued)

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IV DISEASES OF BLOOD AND BLOOD-FORMING ORGANS	Iron deficiency anaemias	Other deficiency anaemias	pernicious anaemia	1-9 other and unspecified deficiency anaemias	Hereditary haemolytic anaemias	Acquired haemolyticM anaemias	Aplastic anaemia	Other and unspeci- fied anaemias	Coagulation	Purpura and other haemorrhagic conditions	Agranulocytosis	Other diseases of blood and blood- forming organs	V MENTAL DISORDERS M	Psychoses	Senile and pre- senile dementia
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		death	Alcoholic psychosis	Psychosis associated with intracranial infection	Psychosis associated with other cerebral condition	Psychosis associated with other physical condition	Schizophrenia	Affective psychoses	Paranoid states	Other psychoses	Unspecified psychosis	Neuroses, personality disoraers and other non- psychotic mental disoraers	Neuroses	Personality disorders
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e cas (continued)	Cause of	death	VI DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND SENSE ORGANS	Inflammatory diseases of central nervous system	Meningitis	0 H. influenzae	1 pneumococcus	8 due to other specified organism	9 with no organism specified as cause	Phlebitis and thrombo- phlebitis of intracranial venous sinuses	Intracranial and intraspinal abscess	Encephalitis, myelitis, and sencephalomyelitis	Late effects of intracranial abscess or pyogenic infection
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	death	Motor neurone disease	Other diseases of spinal cord	Diseases of nerves and peripheral ganglia	Facial paralysis	Trigeminal neuralgia	Brachial neuritis	Sciatica	Polyneuritis and polyradiculitis	other and unspecified forms of neuralgia and neuritis	Other diseases of cranial nerves	Other diseases of peripheral nerves except autonomic	Diseases of peripheral autonomic nervous system
	No.	348	349	358	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358

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										Age	Age at death	th									
8											Years										
No.	death	All	under 1	1-4	5-9	10-14 15	5-19 20-24	25-	29 30-	34 35-	39	40-44 45	45-49 50-	54	55-59 6	60-64	65-69 7	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and over
375	Glaucoma M	412	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 9	1 1	1 1	8 8	, =		1 01	1 =	
376	Detachment of M retina	w -1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	9 9	2 8		2 1	1 1	7 2	1 1	1 1	7 1		1 1	1 1		1 11	
377	Other diseases M of retina and F optic nerve	1 1	1 1	1 8	1 2	1 1	1 8	1 2	1 1	1 ,	1 1	1 1	J ;	1 1	1 1	1 1	9 9	1 +	8 1	1 1	f 1
378	Other diseases M of eye	42	1 1	1 111	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1	r 1		, ,	1 1	r4 1	1 1	ı =	1 1	1 1
379	Blindness M	l 1	) f	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
380-	Diseases of the M ear and mastoid F process	80 24	27 21	00	नं न	w-1	W I	42	i 1	च च	w 1	<b>차</b> I	7 +	<b>L</b> 4	w ↔	νπ	NO 60	<b>ਜ਼</b> #	न न	WM	ım
380	Otitis externa M	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	3 2	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	• •	• •	, ,
381	Otitis media M without mention F of mastoiditis	65 #8	24 20	<b>&amp; O</b>	<del></del> 1	7 =	m ı	1 81			, ,	m 1	2 -1	10 H	m <del>-1</del>	ທຕ	4 =	1 10	ਜਜ	e н	1 (0)
382	Otitis media M with F mastoiditis	च च	1 74	8 9	9 9	1 1	9 9	1 1	1 1	8 9		F T	1 1	H 1		F 1	1 1	3 Ý	1 1	1 1	1 1
383	Mastoiditis M without mention F of otitis media	<b>6</b> #	w :	<b>-</b> 1	; =	1 1	1 0	<b>=</b> 1	1 1	2 2	9 1	v=1 1	, ,	H 1	• •		t #4		1 0	9 0	1 1
384	Other inflamma- M tory diseases F of ear	<del>+</del> 1	H 1	8 1	1 1	8 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	8 9	, ,	1 1		1 1		1 1	* *		1 1
385	Meniere's M	न न	1 1	f 1		1 1		1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1		1 1	• •	1 1	<b>.</b>	* *	1 1	2 <del>4-1</del>	* *
386	Otosclerosis M	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 7	A 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	* *	* *	1 7		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	• •

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1 1		1 1	21082 1	w 4		m <b>⊣</b>	1 1	230	* *	93	96	44	7 6 7	22 71
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1 1		1 1	3,758 6 1,352 2	4 6	• •	H 69	1 1	214 237		93	54	36	r 00	43
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×	MF	Z i	五年	ΣLL	M	ZH	F	五比	MF	Z i	Z i	<b>Z</b> 4	N K	Z in
Other diseases of ear and mastoid process	Deaf mutism	Other deafness	VII DISEASES OF M THE CIRCULATORY F SYSTEM	Active rheumatic fever	Rheumatic fever without mention of heart involvement	Rheumatic fever with heart involvement	Chorea	Chronic rheumatic heart disease	Diseases of pericardium	Diseases of mitral valve	Diseases of aortic valve	Diseases of mitral and aortic valve	Diseases of other endo-cardial structures	Other heart disease speci- fied as rheumatic
387	388	389	390-	390-	390	391	392	393-	393	394	395	396	397	398

Table C95 (Continued)

											Ā	Age at	death									
Ę	Jo dalle											Years	S									
No.	death		All	unde r	1-4	5-9 10-14	14 15-	.19 20-24	24 25	-29	30-34 3	5-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	69-59	70-74	75-79	0-84	85 and over
#0# -00#	Hypertensive disease	ΣL	4,892	1-1	1 1	1 1	। न	22	3	14	20	17 11	78	149	240 131	435 193	597 352	739	973	782 1,348 1	580	397
400	Malignant hypertension	FE	461 193	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 ==	1 6	7	12	15	26	15	73	32	30	23	34	20	ന വ	8 9	. =
401	Essential benign hypertension	F	524 602	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	<b>→</b> :		1 1	ו מו	7	12	24	43	33	73	99	74 139	71	50
402	Hypertensive heart disease	E K	3,553 5,124	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	7 1	1	<b>↔</b> 1	N 4	0 10	29	32	116	275 140	442	596 598	635	635	1,105	280
403	Hypertensive renal disease	Z i	300	2 1	1 1		1 1			1 1	2 100	7 7	4 0	r 00	18	3	26	27	39	58	30	63 95
404	Hypertensive heart and renal disease	M H	# 69 63	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	ŧ 1	1 1	ИН	1 =	9.0	ro 61	L 4	0 0	0 1	10	10	16
410- 414	Ischaemic heart disease	ΣL	74,874 54,342	स ।	1.1	1 4	1 1	1.1	13	# m	153	499 1	1, 417	2,741 2	4, 465	7,740 1 1,824 3	3,792	1235# 1 6, 223 9	11824 9,124	10365 7	7,275 5 10479 1	5,250
410	Acute myocardial infarction	Z L	56, 462 34, 570	<b>-</b>	1 1	2 1	. 1		10	32	137	418 1 55	,204	2,312 3	3,830	6,515 8	8,846	9,869 8	8,961	7,163 4 6,916 5	5,735 4	2,635
411	Other acute and sub-acute forms of ischaemic heart disease	Z ii	1,044 680	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	m ı	ro ⊷	1 0	60 H H	လွ	50	23	53	15. 85. 85.	160	136	125	131
412	Chronic ischaemic hear't disease	Z L	17,274 18,998	1 1	3 9	1 =4	1 1	1 1	67 I	Ø H	111	75	35	367	579	1,103 1	1,717	2,306 21,293 2	2, 686	3,046 23,626 4	2,649 24,600 5	2,541
413	Angina pectoris	MF	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	1 1	8 8	3 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 🗝	4 1	9 1	m 64	7 7	21 11	17	20	19	8 Z .
414	Asymptomatic ischaemic heart disease	Z L	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	f t	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	• •	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	9 0	1 1		
420- 429	Other forms of heart disease	ΣL	12,369 19,999	24 20	10	97	P 10	11	28	33	29	54 26	89	118 85	229	466 265	811	1,233 1,081 2	2,005	2,264 2 3,437 4	2,545 2 4,827 7	2,790 7,456
420	Acute pericarditis non-	MH	23	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	2 1		<del></del>	+ +	, 🛏	1 1	1 0	1 2	2	9 8	(C) 8	5 3	24	, 2

No.   No.																							
No.   No.	19	12	13	13	w 61	74	N 4	n m	4 %	22	7 1	1 0	y-1 ;	41	m 1	<b>H</b> 1	• •	p=1 1		0.00	24	ned	Ill-defined heart disease
No.   No.	1,944 5,444	515	,146	653	365	182	82	255	12	0.10	r r	4 11	4 m	4 =	m 01	2 9~4		- 4		5,991	Z L	ther myocardial insufficiency	Other myocardial insufficie
N	304	123	147	126	92	73 33	33	110	ທທ	1 64	m 1	m 1	ज्ञा ज्ञा	<del>=1 )</del>	1 2	1 \$	1 1	1 ==		1,335	Z i	ther dis- orders of heart rhythm	other dis- orders of heart rhy
N	32	31 26	27	18	19	00 O1	70	4 1	10 CI	77	1 6	) <del></del>	1 1	1 1	t ref	<del></del>	1 1	1 1		165	ΣĿ	block	heart block
N	63	73	108	& & & &	52	0 % 0 %	30	7	r 4	e н	۳ i	<b>ল</b> ক	1 1	<del>√</del> 1	क्त क्त	1 1	1 1	1 1		503	ZF	left ventri- cular failure	left v cular
F M 71 5 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 4 2 7 10 10 34 26 19 23 12 2 2 8 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			592 920	435	351	198	102	19	11	11 10	<b>⊣</b> છ	2 7	<b>≠</b> 1	4 1		2 7	1			2,947	ZH	ongestive heart failure	congestive heart fai
F			874	898	521	324	173	34	28	16	V V	4 rv	C1 ==	9 1	0 m	<del></del>	t +=1	7		4,319	Z i	ymptomatic heart disease	Symptomatic heart dise
F M 171 1 - 2 - 1 - 2 2 6 6 7 7 7 10 10 34 26 19 23 12 2 6 7 7 10 10 10 10 10 11 15 13 11 12 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	36	76	106	147	186	138	80	19	16	Ø 00	w w	1 (7)	01 m	7 7	ਜਜ	ਜਜ	H 1			386	M	Pulmonary heart disease	ulmonary
For Mark 1771 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ທທ	H 4	w 4	ω (N	10	10	28	17	24 10	15	66	IO ed	10	4 60	4 0	9.10	7 1	7	ı m	168	ZH	Cardiomyopathy	ardiom
Fig. 17.1   1.   2.   2.   2.   4   7   7   7   10   10   34   26   19   23   12   2   2   2   4   3   1   15   13   13   13   12   6   2   3   3   4   2   2   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3	35	17 26	,13 56	30	22	10	16	4 10	es ro	1 4	m 61	prof. g	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	H I	1 =	102	Z Ŀ	rdial	9 other endocardial structures
F 90 2 2 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 11 15 13 11 12 6 5 7 7 10 10 34 26 19 23 112 2 8 6 7 7 7 10 10 34 26 19 23 112 2 6 6 7 7 10 10 34 26 19 23 112 12 6 6 7 8 8 8 11 18 16 16 8 8 13 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	38	52	78	63	50	19	30	24	9 79	4	7 =	21	н .	\$ 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	449 481	Z H	ortic valve non-rheumatic	aortic valve non-rheumat
M     171     1     2     2     4     7     7     10     10     34     26     19     23     12     2       F     90     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -	255	33 00	23	16	111	0.1	17		H 1	g gred	Ħ 1	1 t	H 1	P 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	<del></del>	1 1	45 124	Z H	fitral valve non-rheumatic	O Mitral valve non-rheumat
M     171     1     2     2     4     2     4     2     4     11     15     13     11     12     2       F     90     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -	189	161	98	91	100	80	47	29	10	4 0	ဖက	е <del>г</del>	7 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	7 1	, 44	596 824	ZE	Chronic disease of endocardium	ronic f
M     171     1     2     2     -     2     8     6     7     7     10     10     34     26     19     23     12     2       F     90     -     -     -     -     -     1     2     4     2     4     2     4     11     15     13     11     12     6       M     71     5     2     1     -     4     7     2     5     9     4     3     1     5     7     3     5     1     4       F     48     3     -     1     5     7     3     5     1     4     1     5     3     4     2	H W	10	13 8	16	16	18	111 6	∞ ∞	7 7	7 =	m 1	ਜਜ	1 7	i =	• •	1 1	• •	1 <del></del>	1 🖶	73	Z ii	Ohronic disease of pericardium, non-rheumatic	hronic disease of pericardiun
M 171 1 - 2 2 2 - 2 8 6 7 7 10 10 34 26 19 23 12 2 F 90 - 1 2 2 4 2 4 2 4 11 15 13 11 12 6	e 0	4.0	H 4	ທຕ	m m	<b>L</b> M	n 4		w 4	4 73	6 6	70 CI	4	7 7	4 0	1 1		81	ທຕ	71	Z f4	. t	Acute myocarditis
		6 12	12.	23	113	15	34	10	10	r4	7.7	04	ω N	77	) <del>  </del>	77 1	6 1	1 1	₩.	171	ZH	d sub-	Acute and sub- acute endocarditis

Table C95 (Continued)

											A	Age at	death									
10	Cause of											Year	rs.									
No.	death		All	under 1	1-4 5	- 9 1	0-14 15	-19 20-	24 2	5-29 3	0-34 3	5-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	69-59	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and over
430- Cerebrov 438 disease	Cerebrovascular disease	Z IL	30,615	15	11 7	2 #	91	24 19	36.33	38	85	136	241 228	400 441	854 841	1,599	2,869	4, 161 4, 195	5,209 6,541	5,699	4,978 9,929	4,237 10,843
430 Subara haemo	Subarachnoid haemorrhage	ZH	1,4742,2,547		7 1	<b>∺</b> €	10	18	27	28	5 CZ	87	114	137	174	217	214	159	124	79	38	15
431 Cerebral	erebral haemorrhage	ZH	8,266	26	4 1		1 10	ທຕ	E 00 ~3	n Q	23	53	65	168	399	672	1,027	1,314	1,467	1,333	990	683
432 Occlusion cerebral arteries	Occlusion of pre- cerebral arteries	ZH	226	1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	7 1		1 1	1 5-1	00 01	11 4	13	10	41 22	45	23	35	17	∞ <del>0</del> 0
433 Cerebral thrombo	erebral thrombosis	×	12,777	4 1	24	1 1	9 8	1 61	1 (7)	1 1	900	4 00	9 0	42	132	404	970	1,679	2,261	2,745	2,419	2,089
434 Cerebral embolism	a 1 i sm	Z Ł	146 194		1 1		1 1	1 1	* *	1 1	1 1	ਜਜ	7 7	m 61	7.4	12	15	27	31	24	18	16 39
435 Transient cerebral ischaemia	ent ral emia	Z F	2 2	1 1	9 9	* *	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	9 8	1 1	1 1	0 0	H 1	H !	-9 - 9	<del></del>	1 1	1 1	8 8
436 Acute defin vascu	Acute but ill- defined cerebro- vascular disease	×	3,716	1 1	f yes		1 1	1 1	1	14	1 8	יט יט	111	33	107	204	417	586	704	668	560	421 954
437 Generalized ischaemic brovascula disease	eneralized ischaemic cere- brovascular disease	ZE	3,552	1 01	9 9	1 1	f 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	<del>v</del> 4 1	t v-l	w 4	12 10	43	135	287	526 488	739	852 1,458	954 2,234
438 Other and defined brovascu disease	Other and ill- defined cere- brovascular disease	Z L	450	24	w 4	1 1	3 2	vel t	1 77	1 1	ო ∺	0 m	24	ოო	10	24	19	64	87 87	126	148	163
446 Diseases of 448 arteries arterioles capillaries	iseases of arteries arterioles and capillaries	ΣLL	7,758	N 01	W 1	1 🖶	ਜਜ	r-w	IO #	01	11	21	722	76	147	323 131	594 267	873 469	1,206	1,394	1,470 2,470	1,563 3,543
440 Arteri	Arteriosclerosis	Z L	3,947		1 1	1 1	1 7	t t	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	4 14	7	10	49	126	254	533	745	1,010	1,267
441 Aortic (non-	Aortic aneurysm (non-syphilitic)	×	2,410 1,698		1 1	1 1	2 2	4	24	г <del>г</del>	70.64	111	27	39	27	190	323	431	487	438	335	128

9	15	39	103	1 10	ro 4	1 ==	172 444	95	18	1 1	230	12		<i>m m</i>
111	26	65	112	n o	<b>60</b>		244 531	118	11 24	•	106	15	1 100	7 7
20	12 24	80	103	4 0	7	1 6	345	170	21 51	7	138	3 27		9
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Other aneurysm	Other peripheral	Arterial and thr	Gangrene	Polyarteritis nodosa and allied conditions	Other diseases arteries and arterioles	Diseases of capillaries	450- Diseases of 458 and lymphat and other diseases of circulatory system	Pulmonary embolism an infarction	Phlebitis and thrombophleb	Portal vein thrombosis	Other venous embolism an thrombosis	Varicose vei of lower extremities	Haemorrhoids	Varicose veins of other site

Table C95 (Continued)

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	Cause of	death	Non-infective disease of lymphatic channels	Other diseases circulatory system	VIII DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	Acute respiratory infections (except influenza)	Acute nasopharyngitis (common cold)	Acute sinusitis	Acute pharyngitis	Acute tonsillitis	Acute laryngitis and tracheitis	Acute upper respiratory infection of multiple or un- specified sites	Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	470- influenza 474

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ied	With pneumonia	ith other respiratory manifestations	With digestive manifestations	lith nervous manifestations	n i a	pneumonia	Pheumococcal pneumonia	Other bacterial pneumonia	Pheumonia due to other specified organism	Acute interstitial pneumonia	Bronchopneumonia, unspecified	Pheumonia, unspecified	Bronchitis, emphysema and asthma	Bronchitis, unqualified	hronic bronchitis	sema
Unqualified	With pn	With other respirato manifesta	With d	With nervous manifestati	Pneumonia	Viral	Pheumococc pneumonia	Other	Pheum othe	Acute	Br onc	Pheumuns	90- Bronchi 493 emphys	Bronc	Chronic	Emphysema

Table C95 (Continued)

											<b>V</b>	Age at death	death									
8	Cause of											Years	89									
° ON	death		All Lages	under 1	1-4 5	5-9 10	10-14 15	-19	20-24 25	-29	30-34 3	35-39 4	40-44	45-49 5	50-54 5	55-59 6	60-64 6	62-69	70-74 7:	5-79 80	80-84 85 ov	5 and
493 A	Asthma	M	702	<del></del>	11	21 8	40	29	30	37	33	36	40	55	84	71	78	98	51	31 54	17	6
500- 0	Other diseases of upper respiratory tract	ΣLL	38 22	w m	98	9 <del>1</del>	च च	N 01	w I	ਜਜ	1 1	40	40	w w	कां का	2.2	W 44	4 4	W 61	<b># 0</b>	। #	1 62
500 н	Hypertrophy of tonsils and adenoids	Min	w w	1 1		H 2	1 1	1 1	1 1		4 1	• •	+ +	• •	1 1	• •	1 1	, ,	1 1			
501 F	Peritonsillar abscess	F	22	5 5	H 1	, ,		1 t	1 1	1 1	1 1	* *	1 1	1 ==	1 1	1 111	Ħ I	, ,	1 1	9 8	• •	• •
502 C	Chronic pharyn- gitis and naso- pharyngitis	×F	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1, 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	* *	1 1	1 1	1 1	• •	1 1		• •	1 1
503 C	Chronic sinusitis	F	9 6	<b>#</b> 1	1 1	<b>H</b> )		ღ ∓	<b>H</b> 1	1 ==	j f	<del>H</del> 1	1 1	7 7	<b>H</b> 1	7 =	H 1	₩ 1	00	8 8		, ,
504 D	Deflected nasal septum	MF	1 1	9 1	1 1	, ,	<b>,</b> ,	1 1	1 1	) t	3 f	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	<b>† 1</b>	+ 1	1 1	1 1			1 1
S05 N	Nasal polyp	MF	7 7	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 +	<del></del>	1 1	1 1	. 4	1 =	1 1	1 (	• •	1 1		1 1	* *		• •
2 90S	Chronic laryngitis	E E	1 🕶	1 1	1 1		1 1	ŧ 1	1 1	\$ 8	F F	-	f t	* 1	1 1	1 1	1,1	1 1	1 1	, ,	• •	
507 H	Hay fever	MF	1 1		1 1		1 1		1 1	, ,	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1		1 1		1 1	1 1		• •
208 0	Other diseases of upper res- piratory tract	×	30	n m	7 80	eo 1	1 1	7 -	H 1	<del></del> 1	1 1	5 g	<del>इन्ते इन्ते</del> 	81	1	1 1	<del></del>		vel 1	4 0	1 (7)	1 61
510- 0	Other diseases of respira- tory system	ΣL	2,014	ក ភាព	1110	~ ₹	ਜ ਜ	<b>⊢</b> 10	<b>⇒</b> ►	က က	∞ ≈	12	23	58	53	195	265	323 94	285	290 176	205	189 358
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Table C95 (Continued)

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		60-64	756 534	1 1		• •	1 1		g /3		1 1	8 8	• •
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		50-54	333	1 1	4 1	9 9	9 9	1 1	9 9	1 1	9 9	1 1	• •
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Age at death	Years	35-39	8t 21	8 1	s +	• •	• •	• •	94 3	ant a	• •		• •
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	44		VE VE	iseases of oral cavity, salivary glands and jaws	-do	hard	pulp		c	es ons h ing	the	iseases of the salivary glands	iseases of the oral soft tissues, excluding gingiva and tongue
	Cause of	death	EST	of	s of	of har	ofiapi	tal	es ng ng ision	seas diti teet port res	Jo	of v g1	of ft exc giva
	Can	de	IX DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	ty, and de	isorders of tooth develop- ment and eruption	iseases tissues teeth	diseases of puland and periapical tissues	Periodont	ento-facial anomalies including malocclusion	ther diseases and conditions of the teeth and supporting structures	S. C.	var	iseases of oral soft tissues, exing gingiv tongue
					A	Diseases of hard tissues of the teeth	Diseases of pulp and periapical tissues	Periodontal diseases	Dento-facial anomalies including malocclusio	Other diseases and conditions of the teeth and supporting structures	Diseases of the jaws	Diseases of the salivary gland	Diseases of the oral soft tissues, excluding gingiva antongue
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		Diseases of oesophagus, stomach and duodenum	Diseases of oesophagus	Ulcer of stomach	Ulcer of duodenum	Peptic ulcer, site unspecified	Gastrojejunal ulcer	Gastritis and duodenitis	Disorders of function of	Other diseases of stomach and duodenum		Acute appendicitis	) with peritonitis	without mention of peritonitis	Appendicitis, unqualified	Other appendicitis
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Table C95 (Continued)

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551	Other hernia of M abdominal F cavity without mention of obstruction	277		44	<b>–</b>	1 1	8 8	4 1	1 1	ŧ 1		N N	1 PM	N M	4 10	10 W	13	11 25	33	48	44 44	22.12
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Table C95 (Continued)

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Cause of death    All   under   1-4   5-9   10-     Liver   E   684   3   1   1     Liver   E   684   3   3   2     Liver   E   684   3   3   3   2     Liver   E   684   3   3   3   3     Liver   E   E   111   1   1   1   1     Cholelithiasis   M   100   1   1   1   1     Cholelithiasis   M   100   1   1   1     Cholelithiasis   M   100   1   1   1     Cholelithiasis   M   100   1   1   1     Cholelithiasis   E   111   1   1   1     Authout mention   E   111   1   1   1     Cholelithiasis   E   111   1   1     Cholelithiasis   E   111   1   1     Cholecystitis   E   111   1   1     Cholecystitis   E   111   1   1     Cholecystitis   E   1   1   1     Cholecystitis   1   1     Cholecystitis   1   1     Cholecystiti		15-19 20-24 25-2	64	+ +	- 7	· =	1 1	1 1	·	, ,	1 1	0 0	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	31 33	, <del>н</del> -
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		Cause of death		pur			nolecystitis M and cholangitis, F without mention of calculus	L		reatitis	atitis		≿		cute nephritis M

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602	Other diseases of prostate	×	16	1	1	1	1		1	ŧ	1	ı	1	•	1	1	H	1	n	9	ო	7
603	Hydrocele	M	4	1	'		1	,	1	1	1	1	ı	•	*	•	1	1	•	•	•	•
604	Orchitis and epididymitis	×	=	•	•	1	4	•	1	1	*	*	ŧ	•	6	•	1	*	ŧ	•	1	•
605	Redundant prepuce and phimosis	×	•	•	1	1	1	yel	*	•	+	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	73		H	7
909	Sterility, male	M	ı	•	1	1		,	ŧ	•	t	*	9	•	8	•		•	1	1	ı	•
607	Other diseases of male genital organs	■ _	12	<b>H</b>	•	•	ı	•	1	•		1	1	<b>H</b>	,	•	7	7	H	m	•	ч
610-	Diseases of breast, ovary, fallopian tube and parametrium	ΣL	28	1 1	1 1	1.1	1.1	1 1	1 44	1 m	1 1	1 🖶	। <del>व</del>	। ≓	I <del></del>	1 60	1 1	l IO	1 0	। स	। स	1 %
610	Chronic cystic disease of breast	MH	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1		5 8	1 1	1 1	• •	1 1	• •	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	B B	• •	• •	
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ther diseases of ovary and fallopian tube	iseases of parametrium and pelvic perito- neum (female)	iseases of uterus and oth female genital organs	infective diseases of cervix uteri	seas	Infective diseases of uterus (except cervix), vagina and vulva	inal	ion	seas	Disorders of menstruation	sal	ty,	Other diseases of female genital organs
r di ovar lopi	ases amet 7ic	TUS TUS TO TUS	ctiv	ther dises of cervix	nfective diseases ( uterus (ex cervix), vg	   prolapse	Malposit uterus	of uterus	rder	denopausa symptoms	sterilit female	Other disea of female genital or
Other diseases of ovary and fallopian tub	Diseases of parametrium pelvic per neum (fema	Diseases of uterus and female gen organs	Infective diseases cervix ut	Other diseases of cervix	Infective diseases uterus (ecervix), vand vulve	Uterovaginal prolapse	Malposition of uterus	Other diseases of uterus	Disorders of menstruation	Menopausal symptoms	Sterility, female	Othe of gen
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Hyperemesis gravidarum	Other toxaemias of pregnancy an the puerperium	Abortion	Induced for medical indications	Induced for other legal indications	Induced for other reasons	Spontaneous	Not specified as induced or spontaneous	Other abortion	Delivery	Without mention of complication	Complicated by placenta praevor antepartum haemorrhage	Complicated by retained placenta	Complicated by other postpar haemorrhage	Complicated by abnormality of bony pelvis	Complicated by foetopelvic disproportion
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	Puerperal pulmonary embolism	Cerebral haemorrhage in the puerperium F	Ruerperal blood dyserasias	Anaemia of puerperium	Other and unspecified complications of the puerperium	Mastitis and other disorders of lactation	XII DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	80- Infections of 686 skin and subcutaneous tissue	Boil and carbuncle	Cellulitis of finger and toe	Other cellu- lities and abscess	Acute Iymphadenitis	Impetigo	Pilonidal cyst	
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Other diseases to skin and subcutaneous tissue	Corns and callosities	Other hyper- trophic and atrophic conditions of skin	Other dermatoses	Diseases of nail	Diseases of hair and hair follicles	Diseases of sweat glands	Diseases of sebaceous glands	Chronic ulcer of skin	Urticaria	Other diseases of skin	XIII DISEASES M OF THE MUSCULO-F SKELETAL SYSTEM AND CONNECTIVE TISSUE	Arthritis and rheumatism, except rheumatic fever	Acute arthritis due to pyoge- nic organisms	Acute non- pyogenic arthritis
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Table C95 (Continued)

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Cause of death Rheumatoid M 222 allied conditions Osteo-arthritis M 100 and allied F 238 Conditions Other specified M 16 and allied F 238 Arthritis, M 10 and allied F 27 forms of arthritis, M 16 Arthritis, M 27 and other non-articular Rheumatism, M 2 and other Osteomyelitis M 145 and other Gsteomyelitis M 24 osteomyelitis M 24 and other Osteomyelitis M 24 and other Osteomyelitis M 24 osteomyelitis Osteomyelitis Osteomyelitis Osteomorpinis Osteochondrosis M 56 Osteochondrosis M 21 Apperiostitis Osteochondrosis M 17 O			0	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 4			8 1	+- 1	1 1		yel
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Table C95 (Continued)

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Table C95 (Continued)

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Table C95 (Continued)

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		death	1 cystic kidney disease	Clubfoot (congenital)	Other congenital anomalies of limbs	Other congenital anomalies of musculoskeletal system	Congenital anomalies of skin, hair and nails	Other and unspecified congenital anomalies	Congenital syndromes affecting mul- tiple system	3 Down's disease	760- XV CERTAIN 779 CAUSES OF PERI- NATAL MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY	Chronic circula- M tory and genito- F urinary diseases in mother	Other maternal conditions unrelated to pregnancy
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Toxaemia of pregnancy	Maternal ante- and intrapartum infection	Difficult labour N with abnormal- F ity of bones, organs or tissues of pelvis	Difficult labour with dispropertion, but no mention of abnormality of pelvis	Difficult labour M with malposition F of foetus	Difficult labour with abnormality of forces of labour	Difficult labour with other and unspecified complications	Other complica- tions of pregnancy and childbirth	Conditions of placenta	Conditions of umbilical co	Birth injury without mention of cause	Termination of pregnancy	Haemolytic disease of new- born with kernicterus
762 7	763 N	764 I	765 1	766 1	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774

Table C95 (Continued)

4.1 Model 1.4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70-74 75-79 80-64 1.356 1.356 -											Age a	Age at death									
1.056											Ye	ars									
1.356	-	टा		under 1	1-4			15-19	20-24		35-		45-	50-54	-59			70-74	5-79	84	85 and over
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Symptoms referable to cardiovascular and lymphatic system	Symptoms refer- able to respira- tory system	Symptoms referable to upper gastro-intestinal tract	Symptoms referable to abdomen and lower gastro-intestinal tract	Symptoms refer- able to genito- urinary system	Symptoms referable to limbs and joints	Other general symptoms	Abnormal urinary constituents of unspecified cause	Senility and ill-defined diseases	Nervousness and debility	Headache	Uraemia
782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790-	790	791	792

Table C95 (Continued)

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	01100	death	Observation without need for further medical care	Senility without mention of psychosis	Sudden death (cause unknown)	Other ill-defined and unknown causes of mor- bidity and mortality	EXVII ACCIDENTS, POISONINGS AND VIOLENCE (EXTERNAL CAUSE)	Railway accidents	involving collision with rolling stock	involving collision with other object	involving derailment without antecedent collision
	Ē	No.	793	794	795	796	E800-	E800-	E800	E801	E802

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involving explosion, fire, burning	Fall in, on, or from train	Hit by rolling stock	Other specified	of unspecified nature	Motor vehicle traffic accidents	involving collision with train	involving collision with street car	involving collision with another motor vehicle	involving collision with other vehicle	involving collision with pedestrian	Other accident involving collision	Non-collision accident due to loss of control
E803	E804 1	E805 1	E806 (E807	E810- 1	E810	E811	E812	E813	E814	E815	E816

Table C95 (Continued)

												Age a	at death	, c								
												Ye	Years									
No.	Cause of death		All	under 1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	69-59	70-74	75-79 8	80-84	85 and over
E817	Non-collision accident while boarding or alighting	MH	17	1 1	1 1	0 0	1 1	1 1	* *			1	1 1	9 8	H H	H 6	0.0	yel t	1 1	⊢ 4	1 4	* m
E818	Other non- collision accident	Z ii	35	1 🖶	7 1	ო ⊣		30	912	n w	NO I	P 61	L 1	6 #	ωm	9 #	10	ოო	⊣ 10	m 01	1.4	1 1
E819	of unspecified nature	E E	78	1 1		, 4	ਜਜ	13	19	00 10	1 5	2 4	rs 1	70 4	00 4	m 64	4 4	m 61	1 2	10 61	1 5	
E820-	Motor vehicle non-traffic accidents	ΣL	11	1 1	NW	-1 1	1 1	्राच्या	11 2		v 1	9 I	स ।	차 I	। स	1 12	∞ ↔	24	ल ल	1 1	44 I	1 🖶
E820	involving collision with moving object	Z £	N N	8 B	0.0		£ 0	₩ 3		7 1	eri I	H 1	ns I	7 1	1 +-1	7 1	9 :	61	- 1	8 0	8 9	. 4
E821	involving collision with stationary object	Z H	₩ ₩	1 1	1 1	t t	* T	ਜ਼ਿਜ਼	₩ ;	1 1	1 1	m 1	1 1	0 1		1 1	v-l I		9 9	8 8 -		1 1
E822	while boarding or alighting	M	1 0	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	, ,	• •		4 1	f 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	,	1 1		1 1
E823	of other and unspecified nature	Z L	73 8		1 H	* *	\$ E	7 1	6 4	10 t	ו מו	~ .	H 1	8 1		\$ \$. #	+ I	1 1	ert 1	
E825-	Other road vehicle accidents	ΣLL	28	₩ 1	च च	mm	W +1	m m	4 %	1 1	≒ 1	N 1	ਜ ਜ	코 ન	ef	<i>m</i> ≠	<i>≠ m</i>	9 ₽	מא	# ન	w ×	7 7
E825	Street car accident	Z F	7 1	1 1	-	1 1	0 0	' '	1 1	1 1		1 1		1 1	1 1		0 0	8 9	8 1	• •	1 1	sed t
E826	Pedal car accident	≥ (±	42	, ,	+ =	7 = 7	N I	8 4			(r) •			4 11		w 4	4 m	ਨ ਜ	20 -4	e -4	24	ਜ਼ਜ਼

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Other non-motor road vehicle accident	Water transport accidents	Accident to watercraft causing submersion	Accident to watercraft causing other injury	Other accidental submersion or drowning in water transport	Fall on stairs or ladders in water transpo	Other fall from one level to another in water transpor	Other and unspecified fain water transport	Machinery accident water tra	Explosion, fire, burning, in water transport	Other and un- specified wa transport ° accident
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Table C95 (Continued)

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	4	death	Air and space transport accidents	Accident to powered air-craft at take-off or landing	Accident to powered air-craft, other and unspecified	Accident to unpowered aircraft	Fall in, on, or from aircraft	Other specified air transport accidents	Accident involving spacecraft	Accidental poisoning by drugs and medicaments	antibiotics and other anti- infectives	hormones and synthetic substitutes
	ξ	No.	E840-	E840	E841	E842	E843	E844	E845	E850-	E850	E851

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and	analgesics and antipyretics	other sedatives and hypnotics	untonomic nervous system and psychothera- peutic drugs	other central nervous system depressants and stimulants	cardi ovascular drugs	-	other and un- specified drugs and medicaments	ccidental poisoning by other solid and liquid substances		cleansing and polishing agents	disinfectants
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primarily systemic and haematologic agents	nalgesics and antipyretics	er s	autonomic nervous syst and psychoth peutic drugs	other central nervous syste depressants stimulants	ardiov	gastro- intestinal drugs	other and un- specified dra and medicaments	Accidental poisoning other soli liquid substances	alcohol	leansing polishing agents	sinf
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Table C95 (Continued)

											Age	at death	ath									
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	death	Allages	under 1	1-4	5-9	10-14	5-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	4 35-3	39 40-44	45	-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and over
E863	paints and M	1 +1	9 1	1 1	1 1	9 9	, 4	1 1	2 1			, ,	1 1	1 1	0 8	1 1	1 1	, ,	. ,	, ,		• •
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E865	pesticides, M fertilizers or F plant foods	च ।	, ,	9 9	1 1	0 0	1 1	9 9	1 1		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	0 0		1 9	, ,		₩ 1
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E867	corrosives and M caustics not F elsewhere classified	24	1 1	ŧ I	1 1	9 8	1 1	t i	t t		1 1	٠.	9 9	H 1	9 9	• •	9 9	• •		• •	• •	1 1
E868	noxious food- M stuffs and F poisonous plants	1 1	1 1	1 1		9 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	2 8	8 9	1 1	7 7	1 1	9 9	• •	9 9	1 2		1 1
	Accidental poisoning by other solid and liquid substances	,																				
E869	other and un- M specified solid F and liquid substances	w 1	P P	1 1		9 8	H 1	1 +			1 1	-	1 1	H 1	1 1	• •	1 1	• •	1 1	1 1	• •	• •
E870-	Accidental M poisoning by F gases and vapours	315	N N	W 34	1 79	対い	r &	9 0	7 2		ເດ ≭	~ H	o ←	5 2	7	24 11	13	26	16	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	63	90
E870	gas distributed M by pipe-line F	204	1 2	==	1 61	p 0	3	7	4 6		4 4	4 .	1	00 LO	13	15	18	13	39	37	26 59	27 54.

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liquefied petro- leum gas dis- tributed in mobile	other utility gas	motor vehicle exhaust gas	carbon monoxide from incomplete combustion of domestic fuels	other carbon monoxide	other gases and vapours	unspecified gases and vapours	Accidental falls	Fall on or from stairs or steps	Fall on or from ladders or scaffolding	Fall from or out of building or other structure	Fall into hole or other opening in surface	Other fall from one level to another
E871	E872 c	E873	E874	E875	E876	E877	E880-	E880	E881	E882	E883	E884

Table C95 (Continued)

									Age at death	death						Ш			
									Years	87									
Allages	- 8	under 1	1-4	5-9 10-14	15-19	10-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and
	145	, ,	₩ .		1 1	8 9	1 1	9 9	, ,	2 2	s 	1 1 2		w 4	4 5	18	7 29	31	12 55
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controlled fire in private dwelling	controlled fire in other building or structure	controlled fire M not in building F or structure	other specified fires or flames	unspecified fire M	Accidents due to natural and environmental factors	Excessive heat	Excessive cold	High and low air pressure	Effects of travel and motion	Hunger, thirst, exposure and neglect	Bites and stings of venomous animals and insects	Other accidents caused by animals
E895 0	E896	E897 o	E898	E899	E900-	E900	E901	E902	E903	E904	E905	906 3

Table C95 (Continued)

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		cause of death	Lightning	Cataclysm	Accident due to other natural and environmental factors	E910- Other accidents M E929	Accidental drowning and submersion	Inhalation and ingestion of food causing obstruction or suffocation	Inhalation and ingestion of other object causing obstruction or suffocation	Accidental mechanical suffocation	Foreign body accidentally entering eye and adnexa
		No.	E907	E908	E909	E910-	E910	E911	E912	E913	E914
							264				

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oreign body accidentally entering other orifice	1y	- id 29	aught acci- dentally in or between objects	sno	Accident caused M by cutting or F piercing instruments	Accident caused by explosion of pressure vessel	Accident caused by firearm missiles	Accident caused by explosive material	Accident caused by hot sub- stance, corrosive liquid, and steam	Accident caused by electric current
Oreign body accidentally entering oth orifice	truck accidentally by falling object	triking against or struck acci- dentally by	Caught accidentally in between obje	Over-exertion and strenuous movements	occident cause by cutting or piercing instruments	ccident cause by explosion of pressure vessel	ccident cau by firearm missiles	ccident cause by explosive material	by hot sub- stance, corrosive liquid, and	occident cau by electric current
oreign acciden enterin orifice	truck acciden by fall object	triking against or struck acc dentally by	tal.	Wer-exert and stren movements	ccident cby cuttir	ccident by exp of pres	ccident by firea missiles	ccident oby exploramaterial	by hot sul stance, corrosive liquid, an	ccident by elect
Foreign body accidentally entering oth	Struck accide by fal	Striking against struck a dentally	Caug den bet	Over	Acc i by pie ins	Acci by of	Acc by mi	Acc by ma	Acc by st	Acc
E915	E916	E917	E918	E919	E920	E921	E922	E923	E924	E925
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Table C95 (Continued)

											Age	at death	ath									
											Y	Years	İ									
No.	Cause of death	Allages	under	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-	39 40-	44 45-	49 50	0-54 5	5-59 6	60-64	69-59	70-74	75-79	80-84	85 and over
E926	Accident caused M by radiation F	1 1		1 1	4 •	1 1		1 8	1 1	• •		1 1			1 1	1 1	8 9	• •	1 1	1 1	9 P	
E927	Vehicle Maccidents not Felsewhere classifiable	- 50		1 1		6 0	m ,	H 1	7 -	m ·		1 1	8 1	H :		m ,	м і	H 1	1 1	1 1	• •	
E928	Machinery M accidents not F elsewhere classifiable	62	6 2		1 2	4 1	en i	rv ı	4 1	rv ı		ıΩ ı	и і	9 1	0 1	00 1	N 1	7 1	1 1		1 1	• •
E929	Other and Muspecified Faccidents	36	0 0	m ₩	1 1		₩ 1	ν ₀ +	00 i	• •		m 64	4 1	ın ı	ro H	∞ •	4 m	ທທ	0.4	ω 4	5 6	111
E930-	Surgical and M medical com- F plications and misadventures	35	Μ ↔	ਜ ਜ	1 1	1 1	। च	1 7	1 1	1 11/		7 7	el el	4 6	0 m	N 4	o م	w w	m =	<i>w</i> ↔	ਜ ਜ	1 4
E930	in operative M therapeutic F procedures	<i>m</i>	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	• •		= 1	1 1	1 1	1 =	• •	8 9-4	₩ 1	: H	1 1	• •	
E931	in other and M unspecified F therapeutic procedures	25	H H	1	1 1	1 1		1 72	1 1	1 1				ਜ ਜ	0.0	8 1	4 w	0 m	0 %	1 3		
E932	in diagnostic M procedures F	2 1	H :	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	, ,	, ,		1 1	1 1	, ,	1 1		1 1		y-mi 8	1 1	1 1	• •
E933	in prophylaxis M with bacterial F vaccines	7 1	H 1	H 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	• •	• •			1 1	1 1	8 9	• •	9 9		B 8	, ,	• •	• •
E934	in prophylaxis M with other vaccines	ı 		1 1		• •		1 =		• •		1 1	1 1	1 1	9 2	• •	1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	, ;

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in other prophylactic procedures	in other non- therapeutic procedures	Late effects of accidental injury	motor vehicle accident	other transport accident	accidental poisoning	accidental fall	accident caused by fire	accident due to natural and environmental factors	other accidents	surgical operation	irradiation	other surgical and medical procedures	Suicide and self-inflicted injury	poisoning by solid or liquid E substances
E935	E936	E940-	E940	E941	E942	E943	E944	E945	E946	E947	E948	E949	E950-	E950

Table C95 (Continued)

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		69-59	71 58		12	22 14	15	12	0.4	ဖက	• •	# ID	• •
		60-64	85	15	15	27	18	6 6	מ נס	10	• •	7	* *
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		50-54	87	∞ ⊣	41	15	14	<i>ოო</i>	4 4	6 9	1 1	₽	• •
		45-49	75	15	35	13	13	25	9	14	• •	7 11	+4 1
at death	Ø	40-44	28	23	30	40	13	κ +	3 7	10		#T	• •
Age at	Years	35-39	23	15	8 4	4	12	3	10 Cd	111	, 4	9	• •
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			M	Z H	×	# Z	N M	F	M	MF	M	A T De Si	M F4
		Cause of death	poisoning by gases in domestic use	poisoning by other gases	E953 by hanging, strangulation and suffocation	by submersion (drowning)	by firearms and explosives	by cutting and piercing instruments	by jumping from high place	by other and unspecified means	Late effect of self-inflicted injury	Homicide and injury pur- posely inflicted by other persons	Fight, brawl, rape
		8°.	E951	E952	E953	E954	E955	E956	E957	E958	E959	E960-	E960

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Assault by corrosive or caustic sub-stance, except poisoning	Assault by poisoning	Assault by hanging and strangulation	Assault by submersion (drowning)	Assault by firearms and explosives	Assault by cutting and piercing instruments	Assault by pushing from high place	Assault by other and unspecified means	late effect of injury pur- posely inflicted by other person	Legal intervention	Injury due to legal inter- vention by firearms	Injury due to legal inter- vention by explosives
E961	E962	E963	E964	E965	E966	E967	E968	696ञ	E970-	E970	E971

Table C95 (Continued)

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	(cause of death	Injury due to legal inter- vention by gas	Injury due to legal inter- vention by blunt object	Injury due to legal inter- vention by cutting and piercing instruments	Injury due to legal inter- vention by other speci- fied means	Injury due to legal inter- vention by unspecified means	Late effect of injuries due to legal intervention	Legal execution M	Injury undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted
		No.	E972	E973	E974	E975	E976]	E977 I	E978 I	E980- 1

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Poisoning by solid or liquid substances	Poisoning by gases in domestic use	Poisoning by other gases	Hanging and strangulation	Submersion (drowning)	Injury by firearms and explosives	Injury by cutting and piercing instruments	Falling from high place	Injury by other and unspeci- fied means	Late effect of injury	Injury resulting from operations of war	by fires and M conflagrations F
086 3	E981	E982	E983	E984	E985	E986	E987	至63	E989	E990-	E990

Table C95 (Continued)

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	(death	by bullets and fragments	by explosion of marine weapons	by other explosion	by destruction of aircraft	by other and unspecified forms of conventional	by nuclear weapons	by other forms of unconven- tional warfare	occurring after cessation of hostilities	Late effect
		No.	E991	E992	E993	E994	E995	E996	E997	E998	E9999

Table C96. Comparison of the Eighth and Seventh Revisions of the International Classification of Diseases, based on deaths in England and Wales in 1967 dual coded according to both classifications

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	S		
		Whole		Part			
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Proportion		- Notes	
NOS.		Nos.	Nos.	М	F		
000	Cholera	043*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes	
001	Typhoid fever	040					
002	Paratyphoid fever	041*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes	
003	Other Salmonella infections	042					
004	Bacillary dysentry	045					
005	Food poisoning (bacterial)	049(M)	049(F)		0.750		
006	Amoebiasis	046					
007	Other protozoal intestinal diseases	N.A.					
008	Enteritis due to other specified organism		571 764(M)	0.053 0.031	0.026	Further medical enquiries inst tuted in 1968 coupled with a change in coding rules had th	
009	Diarrhoeal disease	764/5	049(F) 063(F) 571 573(F)	0.902	0.250 0.167 0.907 0.077	effect of transferring deaths from 009 to 008 and 561. It recommended that 008 and 009 bracketed together for years upto 1966	
		764(F)	764(M) 768(F)	0.938	0.043	upto 1900	
010	Silicotuberculosis	001(F)	001(M)	0.886			
011	Pulmonary tuberculosis	008	001(M) 002	0.080 0.860	0.841	Coding changes between 1967 an 1969 have affected the distri bution of deaths between 011 019	
012	Other respiratory tuberculosis	003(F) 007(F)	003(M)	0.933			
		337(2)	015(F) 519	0.024	0.091		
013	Tuberculosis of meninges and central nervous system	010	012(F) 019 795(M)	0.042 0.018	0.040 0.045		
014	Tuberculosis of intestines, peritoneum and mesenteric glands	011(M)	011(F)		0.889		
015	Tuberculosis of bones and joints		012 013 019(M)	0.900 0.200 0.042	0.960 0.250		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision (Categorie	s	
		Whole		Part		News
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes Notes
Nos.		Nos.	Nos.	· M	F	
016	Tuberculosis of genito- urinary system		016	0.923	0.920	
017	Tuberculosis of other organs	015 017 018	015(F)		0.636	
			018(M)	0.667		
018	Disseminated tuberculosis		015(M) 017(F) 019	0.917	0.091 0.125 0.909	
019	Late effects of tuberculosis		001(M) 002	0.034	0.148	Coding changes between 1967 and 1969 have affected distribution of deaths between 019 and 011
019.2-019.9	Late effects of other tuberculosis		011(F) 012(M) 013 015(F) 016	0.111 0.800 0.777	0.111 0.750 0.182 0.080	
			018(M)	0.333	0.080	
020	Plague	058*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
021	Tularaemia	059*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
022	Anthrax	062				
023	Brucellosis	044				
024	Glanders	064.2				
025	Melioidosis	064.3				
026	Rat-bite fever	064.0 064.1 074.0				
027	Other zoonotic bacterial diseases	N.A.				
030	Leprosy	060				
031	Other diseases due to mycobacteria	N.A.				
032	Diphtheria	055*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
033	Whooping cough	056				
034	Streptococcal sore throat and scarlet fever	051	472(F)		0.091	
035	Erysipelas	052				

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision Ca	tegorie	s	
		Whole		Part		Notes
ICD Cause of death	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Prop		rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
036	Meningococcal infection	057(F)	025(M) 057(M) 082 274(M) 340(F) 344(F)	0.042 0.976 0.079 0.027	0.043 0.012 0.027	
037	Tetanus	061	344(1)		0.027	
038	Septicaemia	053(F) 767(F)	053(M) 698(M) 715(F)	0.958	0.016	
039	Other bacterial diseases	063(M)	768 063(F)	0.750	0.565	
040	Acute paralytic poliomyelitis specified as balbar	080.0*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
041	Acute poliomyelitis with other paralysis	080.1*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
042	Acute non-paralytic poliomyelitis	080.2*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
043	Acute poliomyelitis, unspecified		080.3(F)		0.125	
044	Late effects of acute poliomyelitis	081(M)	081(F)		0.875	
045	Aseptic meningitis due to enterovirus	N.A.				
046	Other enterovirus diseases of central nervous system	N.A.				
050	Smallpox	084*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
051	Cowpox	096.3*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
052	Chickenpox	087	087(F) 088(F)		0.929	
053	Herpes zoster	088(M)	088(F) 788(M)	0.143	0.920	
054	Herpes simplex		088(F) 096	0.263	0.040	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		N. A
ICD	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
Nos.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
055	Measles	085	344(M)	0.021		
056	Rubella	086	759(M) 769(M)	0.010		
057	Other viral exanthem	N.A.				
060	Yellow fever	091*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
061	Dengue	090*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
062	Mosquito-borne viral encephalitis		083(M)	0.031		
063	Tick-borne viral encephalitis	N.A.				Bracket together for years
064	Viral encephalitis trans- mitted by other arthropods	N.A.	·			prior to 1967
065	Viral encephalitis, unspecified		082 083	0.842	0.717	
066	Late effects of viral encephalitis		083	0.875	0.909	
067	Arthropod-borne haemorrhagic fever	N.A.				
068	Other arthropod-borne viral diseases	N.A.				
070	Infectious hepatitis	092	096(M) 580(F)	0.053	0.015	
071	Rabies	094				
072	Mumps	089				
073	Psittacosis	N.A.				
074	Specific diseases due to Coxsackie virus	N.A.				
075	Infectious mononucleosis	093				
076	Trachoma, active,	095*				*Comparability assumed - see
077	Late effects of trachoma	093*				explanatory notes
078	Other viral diseases of the conjunctiva	N.A.				

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision (Categorie	s		
		Who1e		Part		-	
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	- Notes	
1105.		Nos.	Nos.	М	F		
079	Other viral diseases	N.A.					
080	Epidemic louse-borne typhus						
081	Other typhus	100					
082	Tick-borne rickettsiosis	100-				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes	
083	Other rickettsiosis						
084	Malaria	112 116					
085	Leishmaniasis	120					
086	American trypanosomiasis	N.A.					
087	Other trypanosomiasis	N.A.					
088	Relapsing fever	071*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes	
089	Other arthropod.borne diseases	N.A.					
090	Congenital syphilis	020					
091	Early syphilis, symptomatic	021*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes	
092	Early syphilis, latent	N.A.					
093	Cardiovascular syphilis		022 023 024(F)	0.049	0.139 0.891 0.077		
094	Syphilis of central		023(F)		0.036		
	nervous system	024(M)	024(F)		0.846		
		025(F)	025(M)	0.917			
		026	624(F)		0.111		
095	Other forms of late syphilis, with symptoms		023(M) 027	0.016 0.636	0.667		
096	Late syphilis, latent	N.A.					
097	Other syphilis and not specified	029(F)	027	0.364	0.333		
098	Gonococcal infections	030 035					

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th H	Revision (Categorie	S	
		Whole		Part		Notes
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Proportion		Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
099	Other venereal disease	036-039*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
100	Leptospirosis	072				
101	Vincent's angina	070*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
102	Yaws	073*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
103	Pinta	N.A.				
104	Other spirochaetal infection	N.A.				
110	Dermatophytosis	131*				*Comparability assumed - see
111	Dermatomycosis, other and unspecified	131*				explanatory notes
112	Moniliasis		134	0.364	0.250	
113	Actinomycosis	132*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
114	Coccidioidomycosis	133*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
115	Histoplasmosis	134.2*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
116	Blastomycosis	134.0 134.1*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
117	Other systemic mycosis	134.4 134.5*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
120	Schistosomiasis (bilharziasis)	123				
121	Other trematode infection	124*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
122	Hydatidosis	125				
123	Other cestode infection	126*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
124	Trichiniasis	128*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
125	Filarial infection	127*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
126	Ancylostomiasis	129*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision (Categorie		
		Whole		Part		Notes
ICD Cause of death	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Prop		ortion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
127	Other intestinal helminthiasis					
128	Other and unspecified helminthiasis	130*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
129	Intestinal parasitism, unspecified					
130	Toxoplasmosis	122	769(M)	0.023		
131	Trichomoniasis urogentalis	N.A.				
132	Pediculosis	N.A.				
133	Acariasis	N.A.				
134	Other infestation	N.A.				
135	Sarcoidosis		138	0.963	0.977	
136	Other and unspecified infective and parasitic diseases	N.A.				
	Malignant neoplasm of					
140	lip		140 191(M)	0.900 0.013	0.857	
141	tongue ·	141(F)	141(M)	0.995		
142	salivary gland	142(F)	142(M) 143 198(M)	0.989 0.013 0.020	0.036	
143	gum		143 144	0.013 0.275	0.036 0.342	
144	floor of mouth		143 144(F)	0.975	0.857 0.014	
145	other and unspecified parts of mouth		143(F) 144	0.708	0.036 0.630	
146	oropharynx ~-		145 161(M)	0.985 0.034	0.980	
147	nasopharynx	146	14947		0.030	
148	hypopharynx		148(F) 147 148(M)	0.932 0.024	0.030	
	/					

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th R	Revision Ca	ategories	s	
		Whole		Part		Notes
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Prop		rtion	Notes
Nos.		Nos.	Nos.		F	
149	pharynx, unspecified		145(F) 147 148 161(F)	0.045 0.952	0.020 0.028 0.939 0.021	
150	oesophagus		147 150 159(F)	0.015 0.998	0.011 0.998 0.056	
151	stomach		151 159(M) 160(F)	0.997	0.997	Comparability between 1967 and later years may have been affected by change in medical enquiry practice. (Note 2)
152	small intestine, including duodenum	152(M)	152(F)		0.991	
153	large intestine, except rectum		153 159(M) 453(M) 753 782(F)	0.998 0.040 0.010 0.017	0.997 0.013 0.017	
154	rectum and rectosigmoid junction		154 159(M) 191(F)	0.995	0.995	
155	liver and intrahepatic bile ducts, specified as primary		155 156	0.403 0.031	0.175	
156	gallbladder and bile ducts		155 230(F)	0.584	0.820	
157	pancreas		157 159	0.996	0.998 0.056	
158	peritoneum and retroperitoneal tissue		158 159(F) 211(F)	0.929	0.940 0.028 0.053	
159	unspecified digestive organs		159	0.820	0.861	
160	nose, nasal cavities, middle ear and accessory sinuses	160(M)	160(F) 212(F)		0.990	
161	larynx		161	0.960	0.973	Comparability between 1967 and later years may have been affected by change in medical enquiry practice. (Note 2)
162	trachea, bronchus and lung		142(M) 162 163 165 199(M) 212 795(M)	0.011 0.999 0.992 0.136 0.014 0.027 0.018	0.974 0.176 0.059	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD	Cause of death	TCD	100	Propo	rtion	Notes
Nos.		ICD Nos.	ICD Nos.	M	F	
163	other and unspecified respiratory organs	164(M)	163 164(F) 165(F)	0.005	0.020 0.909 0.059	Comparability between 1967 and 1968 may have been affected by changes in coding and medical enquiry practice. (Note 2)
			197(M) 198(M) 212 227(M)	0.014 0.020 0.649 0.074	0.471	ciquity practice. (Note 2)
170	bone		191(F) 196 197	0.968 0.021	0.010 0.957 0.026	
171	connective and other soft tissue		143(F) 191 196 197 227(M)	0.025 0.010 0.896 0.037	0.036 0.015 0.017 0.877	
172	Malignant melanoma of skin		164(F) 179(M) 190 191 192 195(F)	0.019 0.935 0.059 0.028	0.091 0.978 0.035 0.018 0.020	
173	Other malignant neoplasm of skin		140 179(M) 190(M) 191 197(M) 199(M)	0.100 0.160 0.028 0.807 0.021 0.011	0.143	
174	breast		170 795(F)	0.932	0.998 0.019	
180	cervix uteri		171(F) 174(F) 198(F)		0.994 0.010 0.042	
181	Chorionepithelioma		173(F)		0.389	
182	Other malignant neoplasm of uterus		172(F) 173(F) 174(F)		0.990 0.611 0.987	
183	ovary, fallopian tube and broad ligament		175(F) 216(F)		0.997 0.015	
184	other and unspecified female genital organs		176(F)		0.998	
185	prostate		170(M) 177(M) 609(M) 782(M)	0.068 0.998 0.019 0.018		
186	testis	178(M)	229(M)	0.250		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Nos.	Proportion		Notes
		Nos.		M	F	
187	other and unspecified male genital organs		179(M) 195(M)	0.802 0.022		
188	bladder		181 199(M) 236(F) 293(M)	0.991 0.012 0.011	0.982	
189	other and unspecified urinary organs		180 181(F)	0.996	0.996 0.018	
190	eye		190(M) 192	0.014 0.958	0.947	
191	brain		143(F) 193	0.869	0.036 0.867	
192	other parts of nervous system		192 193 195(M)	0.014 0.124 0.022	0.018 0.116	
193	thyroid gland	194(F)	194(M) 254(F)	0.989	0.062	
194	other endocrine glands		195	0.933	0.980	
195	ill-defined sites		191 192(F) 197 199 228(M) 239(M)	0.046 0.028 0.106 0.056 0.077	0.015 0.018 0.053 0.186	
196	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes		198	0.961	0.917	
197	Secondary malignant neoplasm of respiratory and digestive systems		156 158 165 195(M) 198(F) 199		0.961 0.049 0.765 0.042 0.019	
198	Other secondary malignant neoplasms		196(F) 199 309(F)	0.069	0.013 0.033 0.029	
199	Malignant neoplasm without specification of site		148(M) 199	0.024	0.656	
200	Lymphosarcoma and recticulum-cell sarcoma		200 202(M)	0.936 0.025	0.928	
201	Hodgkin's disease		201	0.986	0.985	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	S	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Propo		rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
202	Other neoplasms of lymphoid tissue	205	134(F) 200 201 202	0.059 0.011 0.926	0.125 0.071 0.018 0.971	
203	Multiple myeloma	203(M)	203(F)		0.989	
204	Lymphatic leukaemia		204	0.387	0.311	
205	Myeloid leukaemia		204	0.413	0.461	These should be grouped
206	Monocytic leukaemia		204	0.056	0.080	together for years prior to 1967
207	other and unspecified leukaemia		204 294(F)	0.142	0.145 0.034	
208	Polycythaemia vera		294 296(M) 602(M)	0.808 0.034 0.013	0.831	
209	Myelofibrosis		292 294 298(M)	0.284 0.014 0.059	0.245 0.017	The distinction between this category and categories 282 to 285 is uncertain, for years prior to 1967, and for these years they should be bracketed together. See 282-285 below.
210	Benign neoplasms of:- buccal cavity and pharynx	210	142(M) 212(M) 228(M)	0.011 0.054 0.056		
211	other parts of digestive system		211 226 227(M) 228(F) 229(M)	0.818 0.500 0.074	0.895 0.500 0.071	
212	respiratory system		211(M) 212 216(F) 227(M)	0.045 0.189 0.037	0.294 0.015	
213	bone and cartilage	225(F)	225(M) 239(F)	0.833	0.036	
214	lipoma		226	0.500	0.500	
215	other benign neoplasm of muscular and connective tissue		211(M) 212(M) 227	0.045 0.027 0.370	0.714	
216	skin	222*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
217	breast	213				

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th F	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD Nos.	ICD	Proportion		Notes
			Nos.	M	F	
218	uterine fibroma		214(F) 216(F)		0.978 0.0 1 5	
219	other benign neoplasm of uterus		214(F) 215(F) 216(F)		0.022 0.800 0.029	
220	ovary		216(F)		0.868	
221	other female genital organs		227(F)		0.071	
222	male genital organs	218				
223	kidney and other urinary organs	219	228(F)		0.071	
224	еуе	N.A.				
225	brain and other parts of nervous system		223 224(F) 225(M) 228 239(M)	0.855 0.167 0.222 0.077	0.932 0.017 0.143	For years prior to 1967 figures estimated for category 225 can be regarded as including 224.
226	endocrine glands		223(F) 224 239 272(M)	0.592 0.077 0.029	0.012 0.586 0.036	
227	Haemangioma and lymphangioma		224(F) 228	0.556	0.017	
228	other and unspecified organs and tissues	229(F)	211(M) 212(M) 227 228	0.045 0.027 0.333 0.111	0.143 0.071	
			229(M)	0.250		
230	Neoplasm of unspecified nature:					
	digestive organs	230(M)	228(F)		0.071	
		230(14)	230(F) 239(M)	0.077	0.935	
231	respiratory organs	231	212 227(M)	0.027 0.037	0.118	
232	skin and musculoskeletal system		191 227(M) 338	0.013 0.037 0.750	0.015	
233	breast	232				
234	uterus	233				

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	s		
		Whole		Part			
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	ICD Propos		Notes	
1105.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	-	
235	ovary	234	216(F)		0.029		
236	other female genital organs		239(F)		0.036		
237	other genito-urinary organs	236(M)	227(F) 236(F)		0.071		
238	eye, brain and other parts of nervous system		223 224 237 238 239(F) 274(M) 305(M)	0.036 0.020 0.996 0.250 0.027 0.019	0.017		
239	other and unspecified organs		144(F) 224(F) 230(F) 239 782(M)	0.692	0.014 0.017 0.032 0.857		
240	Simple goitre	250(F)	250(M)	0.750			
241	Non-toxic nodular goitre	251(M)	251(F)		0.882	For years prior to 1967, ICD (7th) 251 has been regarded as comparable	
242	Thyrotoxicosis with or without goitre		251(F) 252 253(F) 431(M)	0.977	0.118 0.973 0.013		
243	Cretinism of congenital origin		253(M) 254(M)	0.050		For years prior to 1967,	
244	Myxoedema		252 253 314(F)	0.023 0.950	0.023 0.972 0.100	regarded as comparable	
245	Thyroiditis		254	0.333	0.375	These have been bracketed	
246	Other diseases of the thyroid gland		254 271(F)	0.333	0.562 0.143	to 1967	
250	Diabetes mellitus		087(F) 260 270(M) 294(F) 431(F) 792(F) 932(F)	0.998	0.071 0.997 0.017 0.017 0.028 0.034		

	8th Revision	7th E	Revision C	ategorie:	s		
		Whole		Part			
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Реоро	rtion	Notes	
1105.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F		
251	Disorders of pancreatic internal secretion other	27 0(F)	211(M)	0.045			
	than diabetes mellitus		270(M) 274(M) 774(M)	0.923 0.027 0.100			
252	Diseases of parathyroid gland	271(M)	271(F) 289(F)		0.857		
253	Diseases of pituitary	272	224	0.020	0.017		
	granu	212	272(M) 274(F) 277(F)	0.971	0.018		
254	Diseases of the thymus gland	273					
255	Diseases of adrenal		224 274	0.367	0.310		
	granus		277(M) 510(F)	0.111	0.333		
			795(M)	0.018			
256	Ovarian dysfunction	275*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes	
257	Testicular dysfunction	276*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes	
258	Polyglandular dysfunction and other diseases of endocrine glands		224(F) 229(M) 277	0.250 0.556	0.017		
260	Vitamin A deficiency	N.A.					
261	Thiamine deficiency	N.A.					
262	Niacin deficiency	N.A.					
263	Other vitamin B deficiency		286 309(M)	0.037	0.012		
264	Ascorbic acid deficiency	282				Factors should not be used for	
265	Vitamin D deficiency	285				years prior to 1967 except to compile totals for the group	
266	Other vitamin deficiency states		286	0.019	0.012	260-269	
267	Protein malnutrition		286 772(F)	0.019	0.036		
2 68	Nutritional marasmus		609(M) 772(F) 795(F)	0.019	0.250		
2 69	Other nutritional deficiency		286 311(F) 772(F)	0.833	0.880 0.059 0.250		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision					
		Whole		Part		
ICD	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Proportion		Notes
Nos.		ICD Nos.	ICD Nos.	M	F	
270	Congenital disorders of amino-acid metabolism		289 325(F)	0.011	0.034 0.017	
271	Congenital disorders of carbohydrate metabolism	772(M)	286(M) 289	0.019	0.034	
		772(11)	772(F)		0.250	
272	Congenital disorders of lipid metabolism		289 7 1 6(M)	0.056 0.333	0.135	
273	Other and unspecified congenital disorders of metabolism		277 289 355(M) 587 744(F) 759(F)	0.333 0.258 0.015 0.195	0.143 0.112 0.190 0.014 0.012	Factors other than those for
274	Gout	288(F)	288(M) 594(M)	0.952 0.308		categories 274 and 277 shou not be used for years prior 1967 except to compile tota for the group 270-279
275	Plasma protein abnormalities		286 296(M) 299 788(M)	0.019 0.034 0.282 0.143	0.012	
276	Amyloidosis		289	0.348	0.270	
277	Obesity not specified as of endocrine origin	287(M)	287(F)		0.992	
27 8	Other hyperalimentation	N.A.				
279	Other and unspecified metabolic diseases		202 289 771(M)	0.041 0.146 0.010	0.014 0.169	
280	Iron deficiency anaemias		290 291 293(M)	0.028 0.926 0.034	0.023	
281	Other deficiency anaemias		286 290 291(M) 292(F) 293	0.037 0.958 0.011	0.024 0.967 0.029 0.040	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th R	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1103.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
282	Hereditary haemolytic anaemias		292 293(M)	0.105 0.011	0.047	The factors shown indicate the proportions found in 1967, but
283	Acquired haemolytic anaemias		289(M) 292 299	0.011 0.061 0.103	0.112 0.086	for years prior to 1967 it is recommended that these categories should be bracketed together with ICD (8th) 209,
284	Aplastic anaemia		292 293 298(F) 299	0.507 0.126 0.128	0.534 0.093 0.040 0.057	and ICD (7th) 292 and 293 regarded as comparable The deaths assigned to ICD (8th) 285 have increased considerably
285	Other and unspecified anaemias		286(F) 289(M) 291 292 293 296(M) 298(F)	0.011 0.053 0.013 0.770 0.017	0.012 0.034 0.014 0.833 0.040	between 1967 and 1968. No explanation is at present available, and the 1967 figures should therefore be regarded as suspect
286	Coagulation defects	295	296(M) 299	0.034	0.086	
287	Purpura and other haemorrhagic conditions		294(M) 296 299	0.014 0.864 0.051	0.932	
288	Agranulocytosis	297	245(F) 300(M)	0.062	0.100	
289	Other diseases of blood and blood-forming organs		289(M) 294 298 299 468	0.011 0.164 0.647 0.385 0.667	0.102 0.400 0.457 0.429	
290	Senile and pre-senile dementia	205/E	289(F) 304	0.960	0.022	
		305(F)	305(M) 309 792(M)	0.962 0.150 0.022	0.086	
291	Alcoholic psychosis	307(F)	307(M)	0.750		
292	Psychosis associated with intracranial infection	N.A.				
293	Psychosis associated with other cerebral condition	N.A.				
294	Psychosis associated with other physical condition	N.A.				
295	Schizophrenia		300 301(F)	0.938	0.812	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
Nos.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
296	Affective psychoses	301(M) 314(M)	301(F) 309	0.100	0.778 0.057	
		314(M)	314(F)		0.600	
297	Paranoid state	303				
298	Other psychoses	:	309	0.050	0.029	
2 99	Unspecified psychoses		025(M) 300(F) 309	0.042	0.125 0.571	These categories should be combined for years prior to 1967
300	Neuroses	210	301(F)		0.111	
		310	311 314(F)	0.143	0.118 0.300	
301	Personality disorders					
302	Sexual deviation	320*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
303	Alcoholism		307(M) 322	0.250 0.980	0.947	
304	Drug dependence	323				
305	Physical disorders of presumably psychogenic origin	316				
306	Special symptoms not elsewhere classified	303	311	0.857	0.706	
307	Transient situational disturbances	N.A.				
308	Behaviour disorders of childhood	324*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
309	Mental disorders not specified as psychotic associated with physical conditions	N.A.				
310	Borderline mental retardation	N.A.				
311	Mild mental retardation		325(F)		0.017	
312	Moderate mental retardation	N.A.				Factors should not be used for years prior to 1967 except to
313	Severe mental retardation		325	0.109	0.100	compile totals for the group 310-315
314	Profound mental retardation	N.A.				
315	Unspecified mental retardation		325	0.164	0.117	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th Revision Categories				
		Whole		Part		N. c
ICD	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
Nos.	1105.	Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
320	Meningitis		340 344(F) 768(F) 774(M) 782(F)	0.983	0.971 0.027 0.043	
321	Phlebitis and thrombo- phlebitis of intra- cranial venous sinuses	341				
322	Intracranial and intraspinal abscess	342(F)	342(M) 344(M) 351(F) 518(M) 003(M)	0.962 0.021 0.024 0.021	0.022	
323	Encephalitis, myelitis, and encephalomyelitis	343(F)	082 342(M)	0.053 0.019	0.130	
		343(F)	343(M) 344 750(M)	0.982 0.083 0.011	0.027	
324	Late effects of intracranial abscess or pyogenic infection		340(F) 344	0.229	0.012 0.108	
330	Hereditary neuromuscular disorders		356 744	0.032 0.837	0.059	
331	Hereditary diseases of the striato-pallidal system		355	0.236	0.201	
332	Hereditary ataxia		357	0.143	0.214	
333	Other hereditary and familial diseases of nervous system		325 343(F) 355	0.055	0.083 0.020 0.019	
340	Multiple sclerosis		345	0.990	0.984	
341	Other demyelinating diseases of central nervous system		355 368(M)	0.036 0.143	0.014	
342	Paralysis agitans		350 784(M)	0.988 0.050	0.985	
343	Cerebral spastic infantile paralysis		325(F) 351	0.980	0.033	
344	Other cerebral paralysis		344(F) 352 357(M) 455(M) 609(M)	0.949 0.057 0.026 0.019	0.027	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	S	
		Whole		Part		
ICD	Cause of death			Propo	rtion	Notes
Nos.		ICD Nos.	ICD Nos.	M	F	
345	Epilepsy		325(M) 351(F) 353 780(F) 923(M)	0.073 0.992 0.067	0.022 0.992 0.167	
346	Migraine	354				
347	Other diseases of brain		304(M) 305(M) 309(F) 334 342(M) 344 351(F) 355 609(F) 715(F) 774(F)	0.016 0.019 0.002 0.019 0.562 0.441	0.029 0.003 0.703 0.022 0.486 0.011 0.016	
348	Motor neurone disease		356 744(M)	0.962 0.014	0.941	
349	Other diseases of spinal cord		357	0.686	0.738	
350	Facial paralysis	360(M)	367(M)	0.500		
351	Trigeminal neuralgia	361*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
352	Brachial neuritis	362*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
353	Sciatica	363				
354	Polyneuritis and polyradiculitis	364(F)	364(M) 368(M)	0.958 0.143		
355	Other and unspecified forms of neuralgia and neuritis	365 366				
356	Other diseases of cranial nerves	367(F)	367(M)	0.500		
357	Other diseases of peri- pheral nerves except autonomic	368(F)	357(M) 364(M) 368(M)	0.029 0.042 0.714		
358	Diseases of peripheral autonomic nervous system	369				
360	Conjunctivitis and ophthalmia	370 765*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th R	evision Ca	ategories	s	
		Whole		Part		N-4-
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1405.		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
361	Blepharitis	371*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
362	Hordeo1um	372*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
363	Keratitis	374 381*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
364	Iritis	373*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
365	Choroiditis	375*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
366	Other inflammation of uveal tract	376*	٠			*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
367	Inflammation of optic nerve and retina	377*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
368	Inflammation of lacrimal glands and ducts	378*			***	*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
369	Other inflammatory diseases of eye	379				
370	Refractive errors	380*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
371	Corneal opacity	382*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
372	Pterygium	383*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
373	Strabismus	384*				
374	Cataract		385	0.750	0.818	For years prior to 1967 7th Rev 385 taken
375	G1aucoma	387				
376	Detachment of retina	386				
377	Other diseases of retina and optic nerve	N.A.				377 and 378 bracketed together for 1958-1966 and 7th Rev 388
378	Other diseases of eye	388	385(F)		0.091	
379	Blindness	389*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
380	Otitis externa	390*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	es	
		Whole		Part		
ICD	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	ortion	Notes
Nos.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
381	Otitis media without mention of mastoiditis	391(F)	391(M)	0.942		
382	Otitis media with mastoiditis	392(F)	391(M)	0.014		
383	Mastoiditis without mention of otitis media	392 393	391(M)	0.014		
384	Other inflammatory diseases of ear	394				
385	Meniere's disease	395				
386	Otosclerosis	396				
387	Other diseases of ear and mastoid process	390	391(M)	0.014		
388	Deaf mutism	397*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
389	Other deafness	398*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
390	Rheumatic fever without mention of heart involvement	N.A.				
391	Rheumatic fever with heart involvement	N.A.				
392	Chorea	N.A.				
393	Diseases of pericardium		416	0.027	0.017	Categories 393 and 398 should be combined for years prior to 1967
394	Diseases of mitral valve		410 411	0.784 0.014	0.867	Categories 394 and 396 should be combined for years prior to 1967
395	Diseases of aortic valve		401(F) 411 415(M) 421	0.975 0.071 0.542	0.100 0.967 0.389	
396	Diseases of mitral and aortic valves		410 421	0.192 0.028	0.114	See category 394
397	Diseases of other endo- cardial structures	412(M)	412(F)		0.917	
		413	414 415 416	0.877 0.071 0.033	0.933 0.080 0.022	
398	Other heart disease, specified as rheumatic		401(M) 414 415 416 431(F)	0.167 0.062 0.857 0.909	0.052 0.920 0.942 0.017	See category 393

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	S	
		Whole		Part		N. A.
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
400	Malignant hypertension		440(M) 441 445 792(M)	0.029 0.962 0.990 0.022	0.970	
401	Essential benign hyper- tension	447(F)	444	0.391	0.367	
			447(M) 451	0.667	0.013	
402	Hypertensive heart disease		146(F) 432(M) 440 442 443 444 447(M) 782(F) 795(M)	0.038 0.943 0.034 0.933 0.581 0.333	0.021 0.938 0.021 0.937 0.613 0.017	
403	Hypertensive renal disease		442 446 593	0.172 0.917 0.172	0.438 0.916 0.159	The vague terminology sometimes used in these cases has caused the 8th Revision coding to take
404	Hypertensive heart and renal disease		441 442 446 591(F) 593	0.019 0.586 0.049 0.014	0.030 0.500 0.040 0.014 0.017	time to stabilize. There is a tendency for cases formerly coded to 403 now to be coded to 404
410	Acute myocardial infarc- tion		288(M) 420 422 434 440 454 467 470(M)	0.048 0.802 0.024 0.032 0.029 0.015 0.019 0.200	0.746 0.022 0.021 0.021 0.010 0.042	
411	Other acute and sub-acute forms of ischaemic heart disease		420	0.015	0.014	Suspect comparability between 1967 and 1968
412	Chronic ischaemic heart disease		289(F) 414(M) 420 422 433 440(F) 442 443 446(F) 470 784(M) 792(M)	0.015 0.179 0.419 0.051 0.103 0.039 0.200 0.050 0.022	0.011 0.234 0.399 0.042 0.042 0.021 0.044 0.013 0.143	Suspect comparability between 1967 and 1968
413	Angina pectoris		420	0.001	0.002	Suspect comparability between 1967 and 1968
414	Asymptomatic ischaemic heart disease					No deaths assigned

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
Nos.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
420	Acute pericarditis, non-rheumatic		401 432	0.167 0.769	0.100 0.833	
421	Acute and sub-acute endocarditis		414(M) 430	0.015	0.966	
422	Acute myocarditis		431	0.815	0.776	
423	Chronic disease of peri- cardium, non-rheumatic		432 434 442(M)	0.077 0.017 0.036	0.111	
424	Chronic disease of endocardium		411(F) 414(M) 421 430(F)	0.031	0.011 0.501 0.011	
425	Cardiomyopathy	N.A.				
426	Pulmonary heart disease	N.A.				
427	Symptomatic heart disease		003(M) 289(M) 309(F) 325 430(F) 433 434 522(M) 634(F) 784 792(F)	0.067 0.011 0.018 0.631 0.728 0.011 0.050	0.029 0.017 0.011 0.601 0.872 0.125 0.059 0.028	
428	Other myocardial insuffi- ciency		311(F) 422 431 433 467(F) 472(F)	0.537 0.012 0.162	0.118 0.569 0.052 0.194 0.014 0.091	
429	Ill-defined heart disease		434	0.017	0.009	
430	Subarachnoid haemorrhage		330 452 752(M)	0.987 0.013 0.011	0.992	
431	Cerebral haemorrhage		331 430(F) 760	0.677	0.681 0.011 0.020	
432	Occlusion of pre-cerebral arteries	N.A.				
433	Cerebral thrombosis		322(F) 325(F) 332 467(F)	0.955	0.053 0.017 0.964 0.014	
434	Cerebral embolism		332	0.010	0.008	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision Ca	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo		Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
435	Transient cerebral ischaemia	333	355(M)	0.010		For years prior to 1967 7th Rev category 333 taken
436	Acute but ill-defined cerebrovascular disease	N.A.				
437	Generalized ischaemic cerebrovascular disease	N.A.				
438	Other and ill-defined cerebrovascular disease	N.A.				
440	Arteriosclerosis		433 442(F) 446 450 456(M) 705(M) 786(M)	0.115 0.019 0.859 0.019 0.067 0.100	0.124 0.021 0.013 0.889	
441	Aortic aneurysm (non-syphilitic)		022 023(F) 431(M) 451 452(M) 454(F) 786(M)	0.949 0.012 0.970 0.039 0.100	0.853 0.018 0.972 0.010	
442	Other aneurysm		357(M) 451(M) 452 454(M) 467(M) 792(M)	0.029 0.013 0.948 0.015 0.019 0.022	0.960	
443	Other peripheral vascular disease		453 454(M) 455 456(M) 467	0.970 0.015 0.026 0.010 0.037	0.985 0.020 0.042	
444	Arterial embolism and thrombosis		450 454 456(M) 467 570 583(M) 603(F) 774(F)	0.032 0.723 0.014 0.037 0.355 0.016	0.033 0.818 0.056 0.409 0.018 0.125	
'445	Gangrene		450 453(M) 454 455 467(M) 580 (F) 698 (F) 774 (F)	0.093 0.010 0.015 0.949 0.019	0.068 0.020 0.941 0.015 0.222 0.125	For years prior to 1967 categories 445-447 should be bracketed together

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	s		
		Whole		Part			
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	ortion	Notes	
1408.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F		
446	Polyarteritis nodosa and allied conditions		023(F) 296 456 467 576(F) 590(M)	0.017 0.493 0.032 0.024	0.055 0.068 0.363 0.028 0.013	For years prior to 1967 categories 445-447 should be bracketed together	
447	Other diseases of arteries and urterioles		453(M) 454(M) 456	0.010 0.015 0.191	0.135		
448	Diseases of capillaries		467	0.037	0.153		
450	Pulmonary embolism and infarction		454 465 467(M) 545 792(M)	0.015 0.980 0.019 0.014 0.022	0.010 0.984 0.020		
451	Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis	464(M)	216(F) 460(F) 463 464(F)	0.957	0.015 0.013 0.953 0.968		
452	Portal vein thrombosis		466(M) 582(F) 583	0.010	0.071 0.026		
453	Other venous embolism and thrombosis		096(F) 250(M) 454 455(F) 460(F) 463 464(F) 466 467 583(M) 603	0.250 0.015 0.032 0.972 0.019 0.016 0.021	0.029 0.071 0.020 0.025 0.041 0.032 0.978 0.014 0.018	For years prior to 1967 these > categories should be bracketed together	
454	Varicose veins of lower extremities		460 463(M)	0.980	0.911		
455	Haemorrhoids	461(F)	461(M)	0.857			
456	Varicose veins of other sites	462(F)	460 462(M) 539(M)	0.020 0.960 0.010	0.032		
457	Non-infective disease of lymphatic channels		468	0.333	0.429		
458	Other diseases of circulatory system		453(F) 467	0.685	0.015 0.611		
460	Acute nasopharyngitis (common cold)		470	0,600	0.857		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th F	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Proportion		Notes
1402.		Nos.	Nos.	· м	F	
461	Acute sinusitis	471*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
462	Acute pharyngitis	472(M)	472(F)		0.818	
463	Acute tonsillitis	473				
464	Acute laryngitis and tracheitis	474(M)	096(F)		0.029	
			474(F)		0.958	
465	Acute upper respiratory infection of multiple or unspecified sites		474(F) 475 924(M)	0.867	0.042	
466	Acute bronchitis and		325(F)	0 000	0.017	
	bronchiolitis		470(M) 491	0.200	0.010	
			500 501(M)	0.987	0.980	
			763 774(M)	0.037	0.056	
470	Influenza, unqualified		480(F)		0.010	
			481 483(F)	0.529	0.637	
471	Influenza with pneumonia		480 481(M)	0.963	0.968	
472	Influenza with other respiratory manifestations		480 481 482(F)	0.037	0.016 0.352 0.167	
473	Influenza with digestive manifestations	482(M)	482(F)		0.833	
474	Influenza with nervous manifestations		483(F)		0.500	
480	Viral pneumonia		096(F) 492 763	0.546	0.059 0.597 0.030	
481	Pneumococcal pneumonia		053(M) 453(M) 490 492(F) 493 519(M) 551(F) 763	0.021 0.010 0.972 0.031 0.024	0.972 0.032 0.012 0.029 0.030	
482	Other bacterial pneumonia		491 492(F) 763	0.004	0.002 0.011 0.013	
483	Pneumonia due to other specified organism		492	0.019		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie		
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Proportion		Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
484	Acute interstitial		475(M)	0.067		
	pneumonia		492	0.329	0.263	
			519(M)	0.024	0.062	
			525 763	0.048	0.002	
485	Bronchopneumonia,		300(F)	0.050	0.063	
	unspecified		309(M) 325	0.059	0.033	
			385(F)	0.010	0.091	
			455(F)		0.020	
			470(F) 475(F)		0.143	
			491	0.969	0.003	
			518(F)		0.036	
			519 521	0.024	0.054	
			545(M)	0.127	0.030	
			698(M)	0.200		
			710(F)		0.020	
			731(F) 733(M)	0.021	0.011	
			763	0.556	0.543	
			788(F)		0.143	
			792(F)		0.028	
486	Pneumonia, unspecified		057(M)	0.024		
			286(F) 325(M)	0.018	0.012	
			490	0.017	0.018	
			492	0.088	0.075	
			493 519(M)	0.954	0.969	
			521(F)	0.021	0.030	
			763	0.269	0.269	
			768(F) 771(M)	0.010	0.043	
490	Bronchitis, unqualified		501	0.949	0.936	
491	Chronic bronchitis		501	0.036	0.045	
			502	0.995	0.992	
			526 552(M)	0.272	0.149	
			601(M)	0.017		
			784(M)	0.150		
			785(M) 792(M)	0.333		· ·
			965(M)	0.044		
492	Emphysema		241	0.096	0.037	
			518(M) 527	0.024 0.847	0.657	
			780(M)	0.143	0.037	
493	Asthma		241	0.891	0.953	
500	Hypertrophy of tonsils and adenoids	510(M)	510(F)		0.667	

Table C96 - (continued)

Cause of death	Whole	T			
Cours of doubt			Part		
ICD Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
	Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
Peritonsillar abscess	511	472(F)		0.091	
Chronic pharyngitis and nasopharyngitis	512*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
Chronic sinusitis	513				
Deflected nasal septum	514*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
Nasal polyp	515				
Chronic laryngitis	516				
Hay fever	240*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
Other diseases of upper		475(M)	0.067		
respiratory tract	517(F)	517(M)	0.967		
Empyema		518 519(M)	0.927 0.024	0.964	
Diameter.			0.054		
	500	519	0,854	0.838	
	520				
Abscess of lung		521 774(M)	0.855	0.939	
Pulmonary congestion and hypostasis		431(M) 522 705(F)	0.012	0.968 0.032	
Pneumoconiosis due to silica and silicates	523(F)	523(M) 524(M)	0.976 0.571		
Other pneumoconiosis and related diseases	524(F)	245(M)	0.286		
Other chronic interstitial pneumonia		524(M) 525	0.429	0.925	
Bronchiectasis		134(M) 289(F) 526	0.045	0.011	
Other diseases of the respiratory system		053(M) 096 194(M) 289(F) 492(F) 525(F)	0.021 0.053 0.011	0.059 0.011 0.011 0.012 0.292	
	Chronic pharyngitis and nasopharyngitis Chronic sinusitis Deflected nasal septum Nasal polyp Chronic laryngitis Hay fever Other diseases of upper respiratory tract Empyema Pleurisy Spontaneous pneumothorax Abscess of lung Pulmonary congestion and hypostasis Pneumoconiosis due to silica and silicates Other pneumoconiosis and related diseases Other chronic interstitial pneumonia Bronchiectasis	Chronic pharyngitis and nasopharyngitis Chronic sinusitis Deflected nasal septum S14* Nasal polyp Chronic laryngitis Hay fever Other diseases of upper respiratory tract Empyema Pleurisy Spontaneous pneumothorax Abscess of lung Pulmonary congestion and hypostasis Pneumoconiosis due to silica and silicates Other pneumoconiosis and related diseases Other chronic interstitial pneumonia Bronchiectasis	Chronic pharyngitis and nasopharyngitis Chronic sinusitis Chronic sinusitis Deflected nasal septum S14* Nasal polyp S15 Chronic laryngitis S16 Hay fever Other diseases of upper respiratory tract S17(F) Pleurisy Spontaneous pneumothorax Abscess of lung Pulmonary congestion and hypostasis S20 Abscess of lung Final March 1998 S21 T74(M) S22 T05(F) Pneumoconiosis due to silica and silicates S23(F) S23(M) S24(M) Other pneumoconiosis and related diseases Other diseases of the respiratory system S11 S12* S12* A75(M) 517 S17(M) S18 S19(M) S21 T74(M) 431(M) 522 T05(F) S23(M) S24(M) S24(M) S25 Other diseases of the respiratory system Other chronic interstitial pneumonia Bronchiectasis Other diseases of the respiratory system S12 S13 S24(F) S23(M) S24(F) S24(M) S25 Other diseases of the respiratory system	S11	Sili

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th 1	Revision C	Categorie	S	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1105.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
520	Disorders of tooth development and eruption	N.A.				
521	Diseases of hard tissues of teeth		535(M)	0.200		
522	Diseases of pulp and periapical tissues		561(M)	0.003		
523	Periodontal diseases	532				
524	Dento-facial anomalies including malocclusion		758	0.067	0.063	Factors should not be used for years prior to 1967 except to
525	Other diseases and condi- tions of the teeth and supporting structures	535(F)	535(M)	0.800		compile totals for the group 520-529
526	Diseases of the jaws	N.A.				
527	Diseases of the salivary glands		537	0.667	0.906	
528	Diseases of the oral soft tissues, excluding gingiva and tongue	536(F)	538(F)		0.750	
529	Diseases of the tongue and other oral conditions		538(F)		0.250	
530	Diseases of oseophagus		539 545(M)	0.971	0.959	
531	Ulcer of stomach		540 542(M) 545(M) 576(F) 774(M) 782(M)	0.849 0.037 0.014 0.050 0.018	0.855	
532	Ulcer of duodenum		541	0.990	0.987	
533	Peptic ulcer, site unspecified		539(F) 540 545(F)	0.143	0.010 0.133 0.020	
534	Gastrojejunal ulcer	542(F)	542(M) 578(M)	0.963 0.010		•
535	Gastritis and duodenitis	543	539(M) 545(F)	0.010	0.040	
536	Disorders of function of stomach	544(M)	291(M)	0.011		
	,		544(F) 784	0.050	0.867 0.059	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th R	Revision C	ategorie	5	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
11031		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
537	Other diseases of stomach and duodenum		545 578(M)	0.946 0.010	0.900	
540	Acute appendicitis		550 551 552(M)	0.962 0.077 0.500	0.974 0.057	
541	Appendicitis, unqualified		550(M) 551	0.011 0.897	0.886	
542	Other appendicitis		552(M)	0.500		
543	Other diseases of appendix	553*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
550	Inguinal hernia without mention of obstruction		560 561(M)	0.205 0.012	0.010	
551	Other hernia of abdominal cavity without mention of obstruction		539(F) 544(F) 560 561(F) 774(F) 782(F)	0.590	0.021 0.067 0.883 0.023 0.125 0.017	
552	Inguinal hernia with obstruction		560(M) 561	0.043 0.621	0.124	
553	Other hernia of abdominal cavity with obstruction		560 561	0.030	0.041	
560	Intestinal obstruction without mention of hernia		551(M) 570 573(F) 577 578(M) 756(M) 768 774(M) 782(F)	0.026 0.628 0.200 0.036 0.025 0.031 0.050	0.570 0.077 0.071 0.043 0.017	
561	Gastro-enteritis and colitis, except ulcera-tive of non-infectious origin		571	0.032	0.037	
562	Diverticula of intestine		539(M) 545(F) 572 606(F) 756(F)	0.010	0.020 0.709 0.037 0.012	
563	Chronic enteritis and ulcerative colitis		571(F) 572 573(M)	0.362	0.017	
564	Functional disorders of intestines		573	0.800	0.846	
565	Anal fissure and fistula	574				

Table C96 - (continued)

8th Revision		7th 1	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		27.4
ICD Cause of	Cause of death	ICD Nos.	ICD Propo		rtion	Notes
			Nos.	M	F	
566	Abscess of anal and rectal regions	575				
567	Peritonitis	576(M)	576(F) 578(M)	0.015	0.947	
			586(F) 692	0.027	0.018 0.018	
568	Peritoneal adhesions		551(F) 577	0.800	0.029 0.929	
569	Other diseases of intestine and peritoneum		576(F) 578 626(F) 774(F)	0.883	0.026 0.935 0.056 0.125	
570	Acute and subacute necrosis of liver		580 583(M)	0.917 0.016	0.925	
571	Cirrhosis of liver		289(M) 298 322(F)	0.011 0.294	0.520 0.053	
			462(M) 580(M) 581	0.040 0.056 0.991	0.990	
			583	0.991		
572	Suppurative hepatitis and liver abscess	582(M)	582(F) 774(M)	0.050	0.929	
573	Other diseases of liver		580 583 594(M)	0.028 0.871 0.077	0.030	
574	Cholelithiasis		584 585(F)	0.980	0.988 0.014	
575	Cholecystitis and cholangitis, without mention of calculi		585 606(M)	0.979 0.0 1 5	0.968	
576	Other diseases of gall bladder and biliary ducts	586(M)	586(F)		0.956	
577	Diseases of pancreas		587	0.790	0.805	•
580	Acute nephritis		590 591(F) 593 774(M) 792(M)	0.952 0.053 0.050 0.022	0.903 0.014 0.098	Comparability between 1967 an 1968 may have been affected changes in coding practice
581	Nephrotic syndrome		590(F) 591 692(M)	0.990 0.027	0.032 0.878	

Table C96 - (continued)

8th Revision		7th	Revision C	ategorie	S		
		Whole		Part			
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes	
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F		
582	Chronic nephritis		286(M) 442(M) 590(F) 591(F) 592 593 606	0.014 0.034 0.972 0.354 0.015	0.032 0.041 0.979 0.363 0.037		
583	Nephritis, unqualified		590(F) 591 593 594(F)	0.010 0.082	0.032 0.014 0.074 0.200		
584	Renal sclerosis, unqualified		594	0.538	0.800		
590	Infections of kidney		590(M) 600 602(F) 603(F)	0.024 0.986	0.989 0.017 0.018	Comparability between 1967 and 1968 may have been affected by changes in coding practice	
591	Hydronephrosis		601 603(M)	0.967 0.021	0.983		
592	Calculus of kidney and ureter		601(F) 602 603(F) 604(F)	0.974	0.017 0.975 0.018 0.083		
593	Other diseases of kidney and ureter		578 580(F) 583 591(F) 593 594(M) 603 606(F) 608(M) 609(F) 612(M) 768(M) 784(M)	0.010 0.032 0.305 0.077 0.894 0.027 0.059 0.031 0.050	0.012 0.015 0.018 0.027 0.260 0.873 0.037		
594	Calculus of other parts of urinary system		602(M) 604	0.013 0.941	0.917		
595	Cystitis		604(M) 605 608(M)	0.059 0.981 0.027	0.992		
596	Other diseases of bladder		138(F) 606	0.940	0.023		
597	Urethritis (non-venereal)		603(F)		0.018		
598	Stricture of urethra		608(M) 609(M)	0.973 0.019			

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1,03.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
599	Other diseases of urinary tract		603 605(M) 606(M) 609 768(M) 782(F) 792(F)	0.043 0.019 0.015 0.904 0.031		Comparability between 1967 and 1968 may have been affected by changes in coding practice
600	Hyperplasia of prostate		385(M) 601(M) 609(M) 610(M) 612(M)	0.250 0.017 0.019 0.996 0.176		
601	Prostatitis	611				
602	Other diseases of prostate		612(M)	0.765		
603	Hydrocele	613				
604	Orchitis and epididymitis	614				
605	Redundant prepuce and phimosis	615				
606	Sterility, male	616*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
607	Other diseases of male genital organs	617				
610	Chronic cystic disease of breast	620*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
611	Other diseases of breast	621*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
612	Acute salpingitis and oophoritis	622*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
613	Chronic salpingitis and oophoritis	623				
614	Salpingitis and oophoritis unqualified	624				
615	Other diseases of ovary and fallopian tube	625	216(F)		0.015	
616	Diseases of parametrium and pelvic peritoneum (female)		626(F)		0.833	
620	Infective diseases of cervix uteri		630(F)		0.286	
621	Other diseases of cervix		633(F)		0.097	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th 1	Revision C	Categorie	s	
		Whole		Part		Nets
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	ortion	Notes
1,001		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
622	Infective diseases of uterus (except cervix), vagina and vulva		630(F) 633(F)		0.714	
623	Uterovaginal prolapse	631(F)	633(F) 637(F)		0.032 0.142	
624	Malposition of uterus	632*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
625	Other diseases of uterus		215(F) 633(F) 634(F)		0.200 0.645 0.125	
626	Disorders of menstruation		634(F)		0.625	
627	Menopausal symptoms	635*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
628	Sterility, female					No deaths assigned
629	Other diseases of female genital organs	637	626(F) 633(F) 634(F)		0.111 0.065 0.125	
630	Infections of genital tract during pregnancy	N.A.				
631	Ectopic pregnancy	645				
632	Haemorrhage of pregnancy		670(F)		0.429	
633	Anaemia of pregnancy		648(F)		0.056	
634	Other complications of pregnancy		633(F) 648(F)		0.097	
635	Urinary infections arising during pregnancy and the puerperium	640				
636	Renal disease arising during pregnancy and the puerperium		642(F)		0.047	
637	Pre-eclampsia, eclampsia and toxaemia, unspecified	686	642(F)		0.814	
638	Hyperemsis gravidarum	N.A.				
639	Other toxaemias of pregnancy and the puerperium		642(F)		0.116	,

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	es	
		Whole		Part		1
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Prop		ortion	Notes
1403.		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
640	Abortion induced for medical indications		650(F)		0.059	For years prior to 1967 these two categories together should
641	Abortion induced for other legal indications	N.A.				be regarded as equivalent to ICD(7th) 650.1, 651.1 and 652.1
642	Abortion induced for other reasons		650(F) 651(F) 652(F)		0.471 0.533 0.500	
643	Spontaneous abortion		650 651 652		0.059 0.133 0.500	For years prior to 1967 these two categories together should be regarded as equivalent to
644	Abortion not specified as induced or spontaneous		650 651		0.353	ICD(7th) 650.0, 651.0 and 652
645	Other abortion		650		0.059	
650	Delivery: • Without mention of complication	660				
651	Complicated by placenta praevia or antepartum haemorrhage		670		0.571	
652	Complicated by retained placenta	671	675		0.200	
653	Complicated by other post partum haemorrhage		672		0.750	
654	Complicated by abnormality of bony pelvis	673				
655	Complicated by foetopelvic disproportion	674*				*Comparability assumed - see
656	Complicated by mal- presentation of foetus					explanatory notes
657	Complicated by prolonged labour of other origin		675		0.400	
658	With laceration of perineum without mention of other laceration	676*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
659	With rupture of uterus		675		0.200	For years prior to 1967 these
660	With other obstetrical trauma	N.A.				two categories should be regarded as equivalent to ICD(7th) 677
661	With other complications		678		0.462	
662	Anaesthetic death in / uncomplicated delivery	N.A.				

Table C96 - (continued)

	(00110111000)					
	8th Revision	7th F	Revision Ca	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		Notes
I.CD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1103		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
670	Sepsis of childbirth and the puerperium	681				
671	Puerperal phlebitis and thrombosis	682	648		0.111	
672	Pyrexia of unknown origin during the puerperium	683*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
673	Puerperal pulmonary embolism	684	678		0.538	
674	Cerebral haemorrhage in the puerperium	687				
675	Puerperal blood dyscrasias		672		0.250	
676	Anaemia of puerperium	N.A.				For years prior to 1967 these
677	Other and unspecified complications of the puerperium		688		0.500	categories should be bracketed together
678	Mastitis and other disorders of lactation	689				
680	Boil and carbuncle	690				
681	Cellulitis of finger and toe	691				
682	Other cellulitis and abscess	693(F) 790(F)	692	0.919	0.982	
683	Acute lymphadenitis	694*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
684	Impetigo	695*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
685	Pilonidal cyst	221*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
686	Other local infections of skin and subcutaneous tissue		698	0.600	0.778	
690	Seborrhoeic dermatitis	700				
691	Infantile eczema and related conditions		701	0.500	0.333	For years prior to 1967 these
692	Other eczema and dermatitis	703	245 701	0.429	0.300	categories should be bracketed together
693	Dermatitis herpetiformis		704	0.125	0.056	
694	Pemphigus		704	0.875	0.944	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	S	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD Nos.	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1105.			Nos.	M	F	
695	Erythematous conditions	766(F)	245(F) 468(F) 705	0.800	0.100 0.143 0.806	
696	Psoriasis and similar disorders	706(F)	706(M)	0.875		
697	Lichen	707*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
698	Pruritus and related conditions	708*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
700	Corns and callosities	709*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes
701	Other hypertrophic and atrophic conditions of skin	N.A.				
702	Other dermatoses	N.A.	l			
703	Diseases of nail	712				
704	Diseases of hair and hair follicles	713*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
705	Diseases of sweatglands	N.A.				
706	Diseases of sebaceous glands	N.A.				
707	Chronic ulcer of skin	715(M)	715(F) 795(F)		0.906	
708	Urticaria	242				
709	Other diseases of skin	716(F)	716(M)	0.667		
710	Acute arthritis due to pyogenic organisms		720	0.750	0.900	
711	Acute non*pyogenic arthritis	721*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
712	Rheumatoid arthritis and allied conditions		122(F) 706(M) 722 724(M) 784(F)	0.125 0.991 0.500	0.500 0.985 0.059	
713	Osteo-arthritis and allied conditions		357(F) 544(F) 723 731(F)	0.934	0.024 0.067 0.967 0.011	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
Nos.		ICD Nos.	Nos.	. M	F	
714	Other specified forms of arthritis	724(F)	724(M)	0.500		
715	Arthritis, unspecified	725	720 723(M)	0.250	0.100	
716	Polymyositis and dermatomyositis		710 726	0.522 0.571	0.200	
717	Other non-articular rheumatism		726	0.429	0.375	
718	Rheumatism, unspecified	727				
720	Osteomyelitis and periostitis	730(M)	730(F)		0.962	
721	Osteitis deformans	731(M)	731(F)		0.967	
722	Osteochondrosis	732*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
723	Other diseases of bone		733	0.958	0.967	
724	Internal derangement of joint	734(F)				See category 728
725	Displacement of inter- vertebral disc	735				
726	Affection of sacro-iliac joint	736*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
727	Ankylosis of joint	737(M)	738(F)		0.100	
728	Vertebrogenic pain syndromes		357	0.057	0.024	Factors for categories 724 and 728 should not be used for years prior to 1967 except to compile totals for the group 720-729
729	Other diseases of joint	738(M)	738(F)		0.800	
730	Bunion	740				
731	Synovitis, bursitis and tenosynovitis	741				
732	Infective myositis and other inflammatory diseases of tendon and fascia		730(F)		0.038	
733	Other diseases of muscle, tendon, and fascia		744	0.136	0.370	
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Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		Notes
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	ortion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
734	Diffuse diseases of connective tissue		289 456 537 705 710	0.090 0.182 0.333 0.133 0.304	0.146 0.413 0.063 0.161 0.740	
735	Curvature of spine		745	0.810	0.850	
736	Flatfoot	N.A.				
737	Hallux valgus and varus	N.A.				
738	Other deformities	740/10	744(F)		0.014	
		749(M)	749(F)		0.667	
740	Anencephalus		750	0.946	0.966	
741	Spina bifida		751 752 753	0.872 0.022 0.086	0.849 0.022 0.197	
742	Congenital hydrocephalus		344(M) 751 752 753	0.042 0.012 0.922 0.017	0.019 0.957 0.013	
743	Other congenital anomalies of nervous system		223 351 751 752 753 758(M) 774(F)	0.055 0.020 0.095 0.022 0.828 0.033	0.019 0.022 0.126 0.022 0.697	
744	Congenital anomalies of eye		753(F)		0.013	Factors should not be used for
745	Congenital anomalies of ear, face and neck		753(M)	0.017		years prior to 1967 except to compile totals for the group 740-759
746	Congenital anomalies of heart		289(M) 754 764(M) 769(M)	0.011 0.838 0.031 0.011	0.824	For years prior to 1967 these
747	Other congenital anomalies of circulatory system		752(M) 753(F) 754 759(F) 769	0.011 0.146 0.011	0.013 0.162 0.017 0.012	categories should be bracketed together. ICD(7th) 754 can be regarded as comparable
748	Congenital anomalies of respiratory system		517(M) 738(F) 749(F) 759	0.033	0.100 0.333 0.291	
749	Cleft palate and cleft þip	755(M)	755(F)		0.875	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
750	Other congenital anomalies. of upper alimentary tract		539(F) 756 768(M) 774(M)	0.303 0.031 0.050	0.010 0.316	For years prior to 1967 these categories should be bracketed
751	Other congenital anomalies of digestive system		756 757(F) 759(M)	0.639	0.643	together. ICD(7th) 756 can be regarded as comparable
752	Congenital anomalies of genital organs		757	0.008	0.005	
753	Congenital anomalies of urinary system		591 606(M) 757 774(M)	0.010 0.015 0.962 0.050	0.014	These categories should be bracketed together for years prior to 1967
754	Clubfoot (congenital)	748				
755	Other congenital anomalies of limbs		758 759(F)	0.200	0.063	
756	Other congenital anomalies of musculoskeletal system		560 745 755(F) 758 759	0.115 0.095 0.500 0.096	0.125 0.781	
757	Congenital anomalies of skin, hair and nails	220(M)	710 711(F) 759	0.087	0.020 0.500 0.012	These factors should not be used for years prior to 1967 except to compile totals for
758	Other and unspecified congenital anomalies		759	0.081	0.052	the group 740-759
759	Congenital syndromes affecting multiple systems		223(F) 289(F) 325 750 753 757(M) 758 759 768(F) 774(M)	0.527 0.054 0.052 0.004 0.167 0.426	0.012 0.011 0.533 0.117 0.039 0.094 0.448 0.043	
760	Chronic circulatory and genito-urinary diseases in mother		769(F)		0.024	
761	Other maternal conditions unrelated to pregnancy		768(M) 769 773(F)	0.031	0.188	
762	Toxaemia of pregnancy		642(F) 769 773(M)	0.659	0.023	
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Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	S	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD Nos.	ICD	Proportion		Notes
Nos.			Nos.	M	F	
763	Maternal ante- and intrapartum infection		768 769	0.031	0.043	
764	Difficult labour with abnormality of bones, organs or tissues of pelvis		769(M)	0.011		
765	Difficult labour with disproportion but no mention of abnormality of pelvis	N.A.				
766	Difficult labour with malposition of foetus		351(F) 760 761	0.051 0.133	0.022 0.058 0.167	
767	Difficult labour with abnormality of forces of labour		715(F) 760 761	0.021 0.031	0.016 0.020 0.033	•
768	Difficult labour with other and unspecified complications		760(M) 761	0.016 0.031	0.056	
769	Other complications of pregnancy and childbirth		759(F) 761 762 769(F) 770(M) 773 776	0.273 0.057 0.013 0.067 0.147	0.012 0.239 0.054 0.012 0.107 0.099	
770	Conditions of placenta		761 762(F) 769(F) 771(F) 773	0.273	0.250 0.010 0.012 0.013 0.045	
771	Conditions of umbilical cord	767(M) 961(M)	761 773(F)	0.152	0.122	
772	Birth injury without mention of cause		753(F) 760 761 762 771(M) 960(F)	0.825 0.066 0.013 0.031	0.026 0.830 0.078 0.010 0.167	
773	Termination of pregnancy		773 776(F)	0.005	0.011	
774	Haemolytic disease of newborn with kernicterus		770	0.083	0.070	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
775	Haemolytic disease of newborn without mention of kernicterus		325(M) 770 771 773(F) 774(M)	0.018 0.840 0.010 0.050	0.887 0.013 0.011	
776	Anoxic and hypoxic condi- tions not elsewhere classified		325(F) 752(M) 760 761 762 763(M) 768(F) 771 773 774(M)	0.011 0.031 0.016 0.897 0.013 0.052 0.401 0.050	0.017 0.036 0.028 0.900 0.043 0.027 0.427	
777	Immaturity, unqualified		773 774(F) 776	0.014	0.017 0.250 0.786	
778	Other conditions of foetus or newborn		245(M) 583(M) 587(M) 761 763(M) 769(F) 770 771	0.071 0.016 0.011 0.012 0.013 0.045 0.885 0.379	0.017 0.012 0.028 0.947 0.309	
779	Foetal death of unknown cause	N.A.			:	
780	Certain symptoms referable to nervous system and special senses		780	0.857	0.833	
781	Other symptoms referable to nervous system and special senses	781*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
782	Symptoms referable to cardiovascular and lymphatic system		782	0.930	0.862	Comparability between 1967 and later years affected by change in medical enquiry practice (Note 2)
783	Symptoms referable to respiratory system	783				
784	Symptoms referable to upper gastro-intestinal tract		784 795(F)	0.550	0.824	
785	Symptoms referable to abdomen and lower gastro- intestinal tract		785	0.667	0.667	
786	Symptoms referable to genito-urinary system	786(F)	786(M)	0.600		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Proporti		rtion	- Notes
1103.		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	-
787	Symptoms referable to limbs and joints	N.A.				
788	Other general symptoms		299(M) 774(F) 785(F) 788	0.026	0.125 0.333 0.857	
789	Abnormal urinary constituents of unspecified cause	N.A.				
790	Nervousness and debility	N.A.				
791	Headache	N.A.				
792	Uraemia		792	0.667	0.833	Comparability between 1967 and earlier and later years is uncertain, and the factors should be used with caution
793	Observation, without need for further medical care	793				
794	Senility without mention of psychosis		731(F) 782(F) 792 794	0.067 0.985	0.011 0.017 0.056 0.987	
795	Sudden death (cause unknown)	N.A.				
796	Other ill-defined and unknown causes of morbidity and mortality		773(F) 795	0.911	0.011	
E800- E999	EX VII. ACCIDENTS, POISONINGS AND VIOLENCE (EXTERNAL CAUSE)					
E800- E807	Railway accidents:-					
E800	Railway accident involving collision with rolling stock		800(M) 801	0.047 0.145	0.146	
E801	Railway accident involving collision with other object		801(F)		0.021	Factors should not be used for
E802	Railway accident involving derailment without antecedent collision		801	0.400	0.688	years prior to 1967 except to compile totals for the group E800-E807
E803	Railway accident involving explosion, fire, burning	N.A.				
E804	Fall in, on, or from train		800(M) 801	0.016	0.083	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th F	Revision C	ategorie		
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD Nos.	ICD Nos.	Propo M	rtion F	Notes
E805	Hit by rolling stock		800(M) 801 802 911(M) 912(F)	0.766 0.091 0.897 0.028	0.062 0.786 0.333	Factors should not be used for years prior to 1967 except to
E806	Other specified railway accident		800(M) 801(M)	0.031 0.073		compile totals for the group E800-E807
E807	Railway accident of unspecified nature		800(M) 801(M) 802	0.094 0.036 0.017	0.071	
E810- E819	Motor vehicle traffic accident:-					
E810	involving collision with train	810	800(M)	0.016		
E811	involving collision with street car	811				
E812	involving collision with another motor vehicle		813 815 816 821(M) 823(F) 825 833(M) 960	0.012 0.975 0.988 0.010 0.015 0.667 0.059	0.017 0.962 0.989 0.021 0.061 0.167	
E813	involving collision with other vehicle	818(F)	813 814(M) 960(F)	0.968 0.120	0.883	
E814	involving collision with pedestrian		812 813 814(M) 815 821(M) 824(M) 825(M) 830 911(M) 960 979(M)	0.987 0.015 0.240 0.012 0.014 0.024 0.015 0.226 0.028 0.118 0.017	0.994 0.083 0.019 0.250 0.167	
E815	Other accident involving collision	818(M) 819(F)	814(M) 819(M) 821(M) 824(F)	0.520 0.769 0.010	0.038	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	S	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
E816	Non-collision accident due to loss of control	000/E)	814(M) 815(F) 819(M) 821	0.080 0.231 0.585	0.019	
		822(F)	822(M) 823 824 830(M) 960(M)	0.989 0.989 0.119 0.032 0.059	0.957	
E817	Non-collision accident while boarding or alighting		820 824(M) 834(F)	0.625	0.889	
E818	Other non-collision accident		814(M) 820 821 824 825(M) 843(M)	0.040 0.375 0.348 0.714 0.015 0.051	0.111 0.412 0.923	
E819	of unspecified nature		821(M) 824(M) 825	0.029 0.024 0.939	0.879	
E820- E823	Motor vehicle non-traffic accident					
E820	involving collision with moving object		830 832(M) 833(M) 911(M)	0.613 0.077 0.333 0.014	0.625	
E821	involving collision with stationary object	832(F)	830(M) 832(M) 835(M)	0.032 0.077 0.250		
E822	while boarding or alighting		834(F)		0.667	
E823	of other and unspecified nature	835(F)	824(M) 830(F) 832(M)	0.095	0.125	
		633(1)	835(M) 912(M)	0.562		
E825	Street car accident		914(M)	0.010		
E826	Pedal cycle accident	842	813(F)		0.017	
E827	Other non-motor road	843(F) 845	843(M)	0.949		
2021	vehicle accident	043				

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	s		
		Whole		Part			
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes	
11001		Nos.	Nos.	. M	F		
E830	Accident to watercraft decausing submersion	850(F) 858(M)	850(M) 851(M)	0.617 0.160			
E831	Accident to watercraft causing other injury	N.A.					
E832	Other accidental submersion or drowning in water transport	851(F)	850(M) 851(M) 852(M)	0.284 0.760 0.250			
E833	Fall on stairs or ladders in water transport		852(M) 853(M) 901(M)	0.250 0.222 0.014			
E834	Other fall from one level to another in water transport		852(M) 853(M)	0.250 0.556			
E835	Other and unspecified fall in water transport	854(M)	853(M)	0.111			
E836	Machinery accident in water transport		856(M)	0.333			
E837	Explosion, fire, burning, in water transport	857(F)	857(M)	0.538			
E838	Other and unspecified water transport accident		850(M) 856(M) 857(M)	0.025 0.333 0.462			
E840	Accident to powered air- craft at take off or landing	N.A.					
E841	Accident to powered airocraft, other and unspecified	861	860(M) 863(M)	0.933			
E842	Accident to unpowered aircraft		863(M) 866(M)	0.417			
E843	Fall in, on or from, aircraft		866(F)		0.500		
E844	Other specified air transport accidents	864	860(M) 866	0.067	0.500		
E845	Accident involving spacecraft	N.A.					

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Propo		rtion	Notes
11031		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
E850- E859	Accidental poisoning by drugs and medicaments					
E850	antibiotics and other anti•infectives	N.A.				Factors should not be used fo
E851	hormones and synthetic substitutes		812(F) 815(M) 890(F) 972(F)	0.002	0.001	years prior to 1967 except t compile totals for the group E850-E859
E852	primarily systemic and haematologic agents		878 888(M)	0.038	0.050	
E853	analgesics and antipyretics		870 872 874 953(M)	0.500 0.571 0.030 0.143	0.500 0.417 0.048	
E854	other sedatives and hypnotics		871 874 878 953(F)	0.412 0.061 0.077	0.505 0.071 0.100 0.077	
E855	autonomic nervous system and psychotherapeutic drugs		874 878	0.303	0.238	
E856	other central nervous system depressants and stimulants		874 878 953(F)	0.061	0.048 0.050 0.077	
E857	cardiovascular drugs		878(F)		0.050	
E858	gastro-intestinal drugs	N.A.				Factors should not be used fo
E859	other and unspecified drugs and medicaments		872(M) 874(F) 878 883(F) 888(M)	0.071 0.308 0.100	0.048 0.325 0.333	years prior to 1967 except to compile totals for the group E850-E859
E860- E869	Accidental poisoning by other solid and liquid substances					
E860	alcohol		880	0.857	0.600	
E861	cleansing and polishing agents	N.A.				
E862	disinfectants		883	0.167	0.333	
E863	paints and varnishes		885(F)		0.250	
E864	petroleum products and other solvents	882(F)	882(M) 894(M)	0.667		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1103.		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
E865	pesticides, fertilizers or plant foods		888(M)	0.100		
E866	heavy metals and their fumes	884(M) 885(M)	005(E)		0.750	
			885(F) 894(M)	0.077	0.750	
E867	corrosives and caustics not elsewhere classified		883 888(M)	0.167 0.100	0.333	
E868	noxious foodstuffs and poisonous plants	N.A.				
E869	other and unspecified solid and liquid substances		883(M) 888(M)	0.167		
E870+ E877	Accidental poisoning by gases and vapours					
E870	gas distributed by pipe- line		890 891(M) 892	0.727 0.091 0.037	0.818	
E871	liquefied petroleum gas distributed in mobile containers		894(M)	0.154		
E872	other utility gas	N.A.				
E873	motor vehicle exhaust gas		891 892(M)	0.545	0.500	
E874	carbon monoxide from incomplete combustion of domestic fuels		890 892	0.015	0.021 0.655	
E875	other carbon monoxide		892	0.185	0.069	
E876	other gases and vapours	895(F)	883(M) 894(M)	0.167 0.462		
		093(F)	895(M)	0.333		
E877	unspecified gases and vapours		894(M) 895(M)	0.077		
E880- E899	Accidental falls					
E880	Fall on or from stairs or steps		900 901(M) 902(F) 962 983(M)	0.968 0.056 0.020 0.011	0.941 0.015 0.091	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	Categorie	s-	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Proportion		Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
E881	Fall on or from ladders or scaffolding	901(F)	852(M) 901(M)	0.250 0.915		
		301(1)	902(M)	0.069		
E882	Fall from or out of building or other structure		902 962(M) 978(F)	0.398	0.143	
E883	Fall into hole or other opening in surface		853(M) 902(M) 978(M)	0.111 0.083 0.014		These categories should be bracketed together for years
E884	Other fall from one level to another		825(M) 902 903 912(M) 913(M)	0.015 0.363 0.025 0.021 0.050	0.724	prior to 1967
E885	Fall on same level from slipping, tripping or stumbling		903	0.074	0.068	Possible change of coding practice may have transferred deaths into E885 from E887 in 1968
E886	Fall on same level from collision, pushing or shoving by or with other person		936	0.020	0.018	
E887	Other and unspecified fall		782(F) 800(M) 900 902 903 904 925(M) 936(F) 962	0.016 0.010 0.024 0.897 0.912 0.012	0.017 0.043 0.046 0.889 0.967 0.027 0.182	See note E885
E890- E899	Accidents caused by fires and flames					
E890	conflagration in private dwelling		916 98 3 (F)	0.271	0.164	
E891	conflagration in other building or structure		916	0.036	0.023	
E892	conflagration not in building or structure		916(M)	0.007		E890-E899:
E893	ignition of clothing		916 917(F)	0.124	0.414	Comparability between 1967 and 1968 may have been affected by changes in coding practice
E894	ignition of highly inflammable material		916 917(F)	0.075	0.013	
E895	controlled fire in private dwelling		892(M) 916 917	0.037 0.121 0.133	0.143	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	741	Paulain	200		T	
	8th Revision	7th Revision Categories			S		
		Whole		Part		Notes	
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion		
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F		
E896	controlled fire in other building or structure		892(F)		0.034		
E897	controlled fire not in building or structure		916(M)	0.003		E890-E899: Comparability between 1967 and	
E898	other specified fires or flames		916	0.196	0.143	1968 may have been affected by changes in coding practice	
E899	unspecified fire		892(M) 916 917(F)	0.037	0.074		
E900- E909	Accidents due to natural and environmental factors						
E900	Excessive heat	931*				*Comparability assumed • see explanatory notes	
E901	Excessive cold		926(F) 932 933	0.393	0.048 0.448 0.067		
E902	High and low air pressure	930					
E903	Effects of travel and motion	N.A.					
E904	Hunger, thirst, exposure and neglect		926 932 933	0.958 0.607 0.966	0.952 0.517 0.933		
E905	Bites and stings of venomous animals and insects	927					
E906	Other accidents caused by animals	928(M)	928(F)		0.800		
E907	Lightning	935(M)					
E908	Cataclysm	934					
E909	Accident due to natural and environmental factors	N.A.					
E910- E929	Other accidents						
E910	Accidental drowning and submersion		850(M) 851(M) 929 965(M)	0.074 0.080 0.632 0.048	0.515		
E911	Inhalation and ingestion of food causing obstruction or suffocation		245(M) 774(M) 921 923 925(F)	0.143 0.050 0.962 0.267	0.995 0.235 0.016		

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th I	Revision C	Categorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
E912	Inhalation and ingestion of other object causing obstruction or suffocation	922(F)	922(M) 923 925(M)	0.842 0.067 0.012	0.176	
E913	Accidental mechanical suffocation		882(M) 910(M) 911(M) 924 925 936 962(M)	0.333 0.053 0.028 0.975 0.928 0.276 0.020	0.986 0.873 0.159	
E914	Foreign body accidentally entering eye and adnexa	920*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes
E915	Foreign body accidentally entering other orifice		922(M) 923	0.158 0.533	0.588	
E916	Struck accidentally by falling object		835(M) 910 911(M) 912(M) 925(M)	0.063 0.794 0.111 0.093 0.024	0.974	
E917	Striking against or struck accidentally by objects		835(M) 910 911(M) 912 913 936	0.063 0.114 0.111 0.073 0.100 0.060		Comparability between 1967 and 1968 may have been affected by changes in coding practice. For years prior to 1967 factors should be used with caution
E918	Caught accidentally in or between objects		830(M) 856(M) 910(M) 911(M) 912(M) 925(F)	0.032 0.333 0.026 0.278 0.259	0.032	
E919	Over exertion and strenuous movements	N.A.				
E920	Accident caused by cutting or piercing instruments		912(M) 913	0.016	0.750	
E921	Accident caused by explosion of pressure vessel	915(F)	915(M)	0.875		1
E922	Accident caused by firearm missiles		919 962(M)	0.636	0.875	
E923	Accident caused by explosive material	954(M)	915(M) 916(M) 919(M)	0.125 0.056 0.109		
E924	Accident caused by hot substance, corrosive liquid and steam /		917	0.822	0.714	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th R	devision C	ategories	8			
		Whole		Part		Notes		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD Nos.	Propos		Notes		
		Nos.	Nos.	M	F			
E925	Accident caused by electric current		914 917(M)	0.971	0.944			
E926	Accident caused by radiation	918*				*Comparability assumed - see explanatory notes		
E927	Vehicle accidents not elsewhere classifiable		830(M) 911(M) 912(M)	0.065 0.208 0.016				
E928	Machinery accidents not elsewhere classifiable		835(M) 911(M) 912 914(M)	0.063 0.042 0.029 0.010	0.333			
E929	Other and unspecified accidents		801(M) 904(M) 936 962	0.018 0.014 0.286 0.020	0.301			
E930• E936	Surgical and medical complications and misadventures							
E930	in operative therapeutic procedures	950 952(F)	467(M) 634(F)	0.019	0.125			
E931	in other and unspecified therapeutic procedures	951(F) 952(M)	245(F) 872(F) 874(M) 946(F) 951(M)	0.030	0.400 0.042 0.333			
		952(M) 955(F)	953 955(M)	0.857	0.769	E930-E936: For years prior to 1967, figures from ICD(7th) E940-E946,		
E932	in diagnostic procedures		951(M) 955(M)	0.200		E950-E955 should be regarded as comparable		
E933	in prophylaxis with bacterial vaccines	944						
E934	in prophylaxis with other vaccines	940						
E935	in other prophylactic procedures		245(M) 946(F) 953(F)	0.071	0.333			
E936	in other non-therapeutic procedures	954(F)	245(F) 946(F)		0.100			

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
1105.		Nos.	Nos.	М	F	
E940- E949	Late effects of accidental injury					
E940	motor vehicle accident		960	0.706	0.500	
E941	other transport accident		962(M)	0.059		
E942	accidental poisoning	961				
E943	accidental fall		962	0.255	0.364	
E944	accident caused by fire	N.A.				For years prior to 1967 categories E941 and E943 to
E945	accident due to natural and environmental factors	N.A.				E946 should be bracketed together
E946	other accidents		960(M) 962	0.059	0.273	
E947	surgical operation	956				
E948	irradiation	958				
E949	other surgical and medical procedures	959				
E950- E959	Suicide and self-inflicted injury					
E950	poisoning by solid or liquid substances		874(M) 970 971 973(M) 979(F)	0.061 0.989 0.983 0.027	0.986 0.943 0.018	
E951	poisoning by gases in domestic use		971 972 973	0.017 0.988 0.114	0.029 0.990 0.462	
E952	poisoning by other gases		973	0.852	0.538	
E953	by hanging, strangulation and suffocation	974(F)	914(M) 925(M) 974(M)	0.010 0.012 0.986		
E954	by submersion (drowning)	975(F)	975(M)	0.980		
E955	by firearms and explosives		976 979	0.961 0.025	0.929	
E956	by cutting and piercing instruments	977(F)	977(M)	0.942		
E957	by jumping from high place		978 979(M)	0.929	0.921	
E958	by other and unspecified means /		977(M) 978 979	0.029 0.057 0.916	0.026	

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th F	Revision C	ategorie	s	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes
		Nos.	Nos.	. M	F	
E959	Late effects of self- inflicted injury		979(F)		0.018	
E960	Fight, brawl, rape	N.A.				
E961	Assault by corrosive or caustic substance, except poisoning	N.A.				
E962	Assault by poisoning	980(M)	980(F) 983(M)	0.011	0.938	
E963	Assault by hanging and strangulation		983	0.099	0.378	
E964	Assault by submersion (drowning)		983	0.055	0.051	
E965	Assault by firearms and explosives	981(F)	981(M) 983(M)	0.963 0.011		
E966	Assault by cutting and piercing instruments		913(M) 982 983	0.050 0.933 0.011	0.920 0.010	
E967	Assault by pushing from high place	N.A.				
E968	Assault by other and unspecified means		980(F) 982(F) 983	0.714	0.063 0.040 0.541	
E969	Late effects of injury purposely inflicted by other person	N.A.				
E970	Injury due to legal intervention by firearms		871 929(M)	0.004	0.005	
E971	Injury due to legal intervention by explosives	N.A.				
E972	Injury due to legal intervention by gas	N.A.				
E973	Injury due to legal inter- vention by blunt object	N.A.				
E974	Injury due to legal inter- vention by cutting and piercing instruments		929(M)	0.002		
E975	Injury due to legal intervention by other specified means	N.A.				
E976	Injury due to legal inter- vention by unspecified means	N.A.				

Table C96 - (continued)

	8th Revision	7th F	Revision C	ategorie	S	
		Whole		Part		
ICD Nos.	Cause of death	ICD ICD		Proportion		Notes
11020		Nos.	Nos.	M	F	
E977	Late effect of injuries due to legal intervention	N.A.				
E978	Legal execution	985				
E980 • E989	Injury undetermined whether accidentally or purposely inflicted					
E980	Poisoning by solid or liquid substances	875(F)	870 871 872 874	0.500 0.572 0.357 0.455	0.500 0.487 0.542 0.548	
		876(M) 886(M)	878 880 883(M) 888(M) 894(M) 946(F) 970(F)	0.462 0.071 0.167 0.400 0.077	0.375 0.400 0.167 0.011	
E981	Poisoning by gases in domestic use		890 892	0.233	0.150 0.103	
E982	Poisoning by other gases		883(M) 891 892 894(M)	0.167 0.364 0.077	0.500	Although factors are included here for these categories, their value for estimating numbers of deaths for years
E983	Hanging, strangulation and suffocation		924 925(F) 936	0.013	0.014 0.048 0.053	prior to 1967 is doubtful
E984	Submersion (drowning)		929 983(M)	0.353	0.479	,
E985	Injury by firearms and explosives		919 976 981(M)	0.036 0.039 0.037	0.125	
E986	Injury by cutting and piercing instruments		913 936(F) 977(M) 982	0.100 0.029 0.067	0.167 0.035 0.040	
E987	Falling from high place		901(M) 902	0.014	0.056	
	/					

Table C96 - (continued)

	Whole	le Part					
Cause of death	ICD	ICD	Propo	rtion	Notes		
	Nos.	Nos.	М	F			
Injury by other and unspecified means		692(M) 800(M) 801(M) 802 863(M) 904 912(M) 916(F) 917 923(M) 925 926(M) 928(F) 933(M) 936 983	0.027 0.016 0.036 0.086 0.083 0.053 0.010 0.010 0.022 0.067 0.012 0.042	0.143 0.016 0.056 0.013 0.029 0.032 0.200 0.150 0.010	Although factors are included here for these categories, their value for estimating numbers of deaths for years prior to 1967 is doubtful		
Late effect of injury		962(M)	0.020				
Injury resulting from operations of war							
by fires and conflagrations	N.A.						
by bullets and fragments	991(M)	919(M)	0.018				
by explosion of marine weapons	N.A.						
by other explosion	N.A.				Factors should not be used fo years prior to 1967 except t		
by destruction of aircraft	N.A.				compile totals for the group		
by other and unspecified forms of conventional warfare	N.A.						
by nuclear weapons	N.A.						
by other forms of unconventional warfare	N.A.						
occurring after cessation of hostilities	N.A.						
Late effect		965(M)	0.905				
	Injury by other and unspecified means Late effect of injury Injury resulting from operations of war by fires and conflagrations by bullets and fragments by explosion of marine weapons by other explosion by destruction of aircraft by other and unspecified forms of conventional warfare by nuclear weapons by other forms of unconventional warfare occurring after cessation of hostilities	Cause of death ICD Nos. Injury by other and unspecified means Late effect of injury Injury resulting from operations of war by fires and conflagrations by bullets and fragments by bullets and fragments 991(M) by explosion of marine weapons by other explosion by destruction of aircraft by other and unspecified forms of conventional warfare by nuclear weapons by other forms of unconventional warfare occurring after cessation of hostilities	Cause of death ICD Nos. Injury by other and unspecified means Late effect of injury Injury resulting from operations of war by fires and conflagrations by bullets and fragments by other explosion of marine weapons by other explosion by other and unspecified forms of conventional warfare by nuclear weapons N.A. by other forms of unconventional warfare occurring after cessation of hostilities	Cause of death ICD Nos. Proposition Nos. Nos.	Cause of death ICD Nos. Proportion		



Appendix B

Articles and papers by officers of the General Register Office published during 1967

Cohort mortality from carcinoma of the cervix.

Dr. Adelstein with

Dr. Hill	Lancet. vol. ii September, pp. 605-606.
Dr. Adelstein with Dr. J. Rimington	Smoking and pulmonary tuberculosis. An analysis based on a study of volunteers for mass miniature radiography <i>Tubercle</i> . September, vol. 48, no. 3. pp. 219-226.
Dr. Adelstein with	Epidemiological aspects of squint.

Dr. Scully British Medical Journal. August, vol. 3. pp. 334-338.

Index to Statistical Reviews, part III (Commentary Volumes), 1953 to 1967

Note: The index contains references to the principal subjects of comment and to the Tabulations in Parts I and II of the Reviews are not referred to here since to find.

ABORTION, DEATHS		1	1955	1956
		-	102	
ACCIDENTAL DEATHS (see also AIRCRAFT, MOTOR, RAILWAY, WATER)	4,198	4,165	4,161	3,156
Aberfan disaster	-	-	3	
burns (see also home)	203	-	-	-
coding	-	170	_	
drowning	-	_	_	
electricity	_	-	-	-
exposure to cold	-	-	-	-
fall	206	_	188	181
fall of window cleaners		-	-	-
firearms, explosives	-	_		-
gassing	-	_	_	_
home	-	167	175	170
injuries		_	_	-
lightning	-	_	_	-
places of recreation and sport	-	_	-	_
seasonal variation	_	170	-	-
trend	209	170	161	156
working places	-	-	-	-
ACCIDENTAL MECHANICAL SUFFOCATION	-	168	_	
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ACCIDENTAL POISONING	200	166	170	_
ACCIDENT - MOTOR AND OTHER ROAD VEHICLES	199	166	162	158
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ACREAGES	_	_	_	
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ADRENAL FAILURE	_	_	200	
ADVERSE REACTION TO DRUGS	-	-	-	4,230
AGE DISTRIBUTION, POPULATION	7	6,8	6,11	7
AGE-SPECIFIC DEATH RATES	'_		-	
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AGES OF MAN, MORTALITY OF		-		
AGRANULOCYTOSIS				
AIRCRAFT ACCIDENTS	200	166	169	
AIR REGISTER BOOK (BIRTHS AND DEATHS)	-	-	•	-
ALCOHOL AS A CONTRIBUTORY CAUSE OF DEATH				
ALLERGIC AND ENDOCRINE DISEASES	-	-	_	017
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ANAPHYLACTIC SHOCK AND OTHER ALLERGIC STATES				
NTI-CANCER DRUGS, ADVERSE REACTION (see THERAPEUTIC MISADVENTURE)	-	-	-	-

Appendix C

major tabulations contained in the Commentary Volumes for the years 1953-1967. they are almost entirely regular annual tabulations and are therefore not difficult

1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
•	101	107	130	136	106	112	_	185		
2,162	67		93	-	230	167,196	_	204	63	83
•		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	
-	-	-	-	-		167	-	_	-	66
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	240	197	-	-	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	239	-	-	-	-	_
-	-	•	-	-	-	167,198	-	-	-	~
178	158	161	180	186	158	160,196	_	-	-	_
-	~	-	-	-	-	198	-	-	-	-
-	••	-	-	-	-	200	-	•	-	-
180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205	-	_
172	154	156	175	181	152	155	-	-	64	~
-	-	-	-	-	-	198		-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	202	-	-	-	109
•	-	-	-	-	-	195	-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	153	156	-	-	•	-
162	147	149	168	174	145	149	155	-	-	-
-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	204	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	241	189	-	-	-	-
•	-	-	-	-	-	191-195	ee ee	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	241	190,191	-	-	-	-
164	67	4 50	-		235	167	-	112	-	-
164	148	150	170	103,175	146,233	150	-	-	63	-
-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	₩	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	- '	-	247	-	-
-	185	-	230	-	-	-	-	~	-	-
217	203	234	250	313	-	-	-	76,83	-	•
-	-	-	-	-	-	215	-	-	-	-
-	172	192	213	274	261,280	214	189	224,242	110	170, 186
7	5	7	9	9	-	-	11	13	•	-
•	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	160	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	67	-	-	-	-	105	-	-
	172	-	-	-	-	215	-	-	-	-
•	-	-	-	-	233	-	-	-	-	-
	-	•	253	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122
100	-	-	88	-	-	-	-	127	51	-
	1	190	211	272	253		181	-		164
	-	-	-	-		215	-	no .	-	•
-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-

	1953	1954	1955	1956
APLASTIC ANAEMIA (see also ADVERSE EFFECTS)		-		-
AREA COMPARABILITY FACTORS (ACF)	54	30,57	41,63	66
ARTERIOSCLEROTIC HEART DISEASE, INCLUDING CORONARY DISEASE	-	-	-	187
ARTICLES BY OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE	250	227	274	294
ASSOCIATED CAUSES OF DEATH, CHILDBEARING	-		-	(see 1958)
ASTHMA	-	-	-	-
BIRTHS	2,12	2,9	2,14	2,11
age and parity	-	79	214	246
air register book	-	-	-	-
annual fluctuations	-	-	-	-
estimated childbearing period	-	-	•	-
fertility trends	-	-	-	-
illegitimate	-	32	42	11
legitimate	-	•	-	-
age at marriage	-	-	-	-
age of mother	-	17	21	17
and fertility (see also FERTILITY)	20	17		
duration of marriage	-		-	•
intervals, marriage to last birth	-	-	_	_
period of parenthood	-	-	•	-
live	-	_	9,32	-
age, duration and parity	16	13	18	14
age, standardisation	13	10	-	
Area Comparability Factor	-	30	41	-
migration, effect of	-	-	-	-
multiple	30	28	39	33
age of mother, legitimacy	-	wine .	-	33
illegitimate	-	-	-	-
mono-zygotic and dizygotic twins	-	-	mb.	38
order (see also FAMILY SIZE)	-	-	-	24
parity distribution of legitimate multiple births	_	-	-	-
period of gestation	-		-	-
place of confinement	-	-	214	244
pre-marital conception	18	15	19	15
stillbirth rates in twins				
rates	-	-	-	-
geographical	31	29	40	288
geographical, fertility	-	20	42	15,290
illegitimate	33	32	14	11
per 1,000 women aged 15-44	229	208	221	255
United Kingdom	229	200	421	233
seasona1	27	26	35	28
sex ratio	29	27	38	32
tabulation basis	16	-	-	14
trend, increase since 1955	-	-	-	-

1057	1050	1050	1060	1061	10.00	1000	1051	40.44	1	1
1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
	172	-	-	-	-	215	-	•	-	-
56	-	70	-	100	-	-	-	144	-	-
- 299	65 222		90	102	7 2	165	•	153	52	-
	1	258	281	120	100	-	-	248	-	331
(see 1958)	109	111	93,132	138	108	114	-	185		-
•	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	1 27	51	-
1,9	27	41	5,41	4,57	33	64	51	16	20	F0
197	188	211	233	292	28 2	237	1	46	20	50
-	-	-	253	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_			_	-	-	-	-	47	_	-
_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	52	_	-
_	_	_	_	_	54	_	68	49	20	-
-	-	_	_	59	52	64	63	71	33	_
-	-	-	-	-	50	60	55	_	_	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	_	55	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
14	33	46	46	63	54	_	-	-	21	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	59	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	_
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	-
-	- •	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-
12	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	•	<i>z</i> .	-	-	63	-	-	-	-	-
29	48	58	60	86	-	-	-	-	36	-
•	-	-	•	88	-	-	-	-	36	-
•	-	-	•	93	-	-	-	-	-	-
•	-	-	-	90	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	40	54	57	76						
20				76	-	***	-	-	45	-
-	-	-	-	-	67	-	-	-		-
197	187	210	232	291	281	236		-	-	•
13	31	43	43	59	67	230	•	_	-	*
•		73	13		"	-	_	_	_	1
-	_	-	_			_	-	-	40	-
29	48	65	63	100	64			_	_	_
-	216	254	-	_	310	_		**	_	-
31	218	256	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
9	27		_		_	_	_	-		-
203	194	222	238	303	289	242	209	243	-	-
24	43	59	60	96	45	77	53	-	-	50
27	46	57	60	86	45,52	78	10,58	-	-	-
12	30	42	42	58	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	33,48	64	51	-		-
										2
							1			

	1953	1954	1955	1956
BITES, VENOMOUS ANIMALS	-	-	-	212
BRONCHITIS	174	-	-	189
BRUSSELS TREATY ORGANISATION	-	218	-	-
BUILDINGS IN WHICH MARRIAGES MAY BE SOLEMNIZED	-	-	-	-
BURNS (see ACCIDENTAL DEATHS)				
CANCER	4,138	4,129	124,195	3,126
bladder	-	-	-	-
bone	-	-	-	-
brain		-	-	-
breast	-	-	125,149	-
cervix uteri	-	-	149	**
corpus uteri	-	-	_	
density of population and urbanisation	138,146		-	•
digestive tract	-	145	-	-
female genital organs (see also UTERUS)	145	-	125	-
gallbladder		_		
geographical	138	132, 146	149	
histological type	158	152	124	_
intestines				
kidney	-	100	-	-
		145	142,149	_
larynx	-	143	-	
lip	-	-	-	
liver	-	133,145	134, 149	186
lung, bronchus (including pleura) geographical, urbanisation	139	133,143	145	-
trends	133	_		
trends				
lymphatic and haematopoietic malignancy	-	-	-	-
marital status	-	-	-	-
mouth, tonsil and upper respiratory passages	-	-	-	-
oesophagus '	-	-	-	-
ovary		-	-	-
pancreas	-	-	-	-
pharynx		-	-	-
pleura (see lung)				
prostate	-	-	-	-
rectum	-	-	-	-
regional variations (see geographical)				
registration		202	-	251
and statistical presentation (WHO sub-committee)				
conference	•	•	233	•
respiratory tract	-		-	-
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skin	-	-	-	-
Standardised Mortality Ratios	-	-	149	-
stomach	-	135	-	-
testis	-	-	-	-
thyroid glands	-	-	-	-
trends, secular		143	138	
urbanisation (see density of population)				

								Appendi	× 0 - (continued)
1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
	_	201	-	-	-	_		_		
	66,145	147	166,191	172	143	147,163	153	154,157	-	-
•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44	-	•	-	-	22	`-	-	-	-	17
110,127	63		87	102	72	79	82	102	50	72
140	138	140	159	165	135	140	146	152	50	-
140	134	136	156	162	132	136	142	-	_	
	133	135	155	161	131	135	141	-	-	_
115	137	139	159,200	165	135	139	145	151	50	-
•	137	139	159	165,210	135	139	145	152	-	-
•	137	139	159	165,210	135	139	145	152	-	-
140	131	133	153	159	129	133	139	•	-	-
115	135, 136	137,138	157 159	163 165,210	133	137	143	150	~	-
		103	203	103,210	133	139	145	152	40	-
-	-	•	_	-			-	_		
140	131	133	153	159	129	133	139	-		-
110	126	128	148	154	124	128	134			-
114	136	138	157	163	133	137	143	*	50	-
140	133	135	155	161	131	135	141	•	۰	-
140									*	
114	135	137	156	162	132	136	142	151	40	-
114	-	-	-	-	-	-		150	-	-
124	137	139	158	164	134, 164	138	144	-		1
138,140	131	133	153	159	129,168	133	139	-		-
-	133	139	158	164	134,164	138	-	-	-	-
•	-	-	-	-	-	- '		*	51	-
114	-	-	-	209	-	-	-	-	-	-
140	135	137	157	163	133	137	143	151	-	-
210	100	107	137	103	133	13/	143	131	•	-
115	138	140	159	165,216	135	139	145	-		-
140	137	139	158	164	134	138	144	-	-	-
114	135	137	157	163	133	137	143	-	-	-
115	120	140	150 001	167 001	105	100	145	150		
115	138	140	158,201	165,221	135	139	145	152	-	-
114	136	138	158	164	134	138	144			
-	-	216	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
•	•	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	- ,	-
139			•	•	-	-	•		50	-
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		174	-	-	174	-	-	-	-	-		
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204	194	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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67	77	82	106	112	82	90	-	-	-	-
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duration of marriage	_	_	_	_
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52	23	37	38	51	-	-	46	-	-	-
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210	197	227	241	307	_	-	_	_	_	_
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219	205	236	256	315	290	243	211	-	-	-
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56	83	88	111	117	87	94	100	-	-	-
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58	69	7 5	99	107	75	83	89		-	-
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-	70	76	100	106	76	84	90	-	-	-
178	158	161	180	186	158	126,160	166	_	-	-
-	214	49,240	50,264	32,67	37,58	68	-	-	20	-
14	33	46	46	63,338	33,308	248	-	59,70	21	-
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170	153	155	174	263	151	154	160	-	64	-
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•	-	184	206	267	243	206	-	-	•	
	66	-	198	_			_	-		_
	-	_	-	_	58	-			29]
202	193	220	236	300	287	242	209	243	-	-
209	195	224	239	305	-	-	-	-	-	-
211	-	-	-	307	-	-	-	-		-
209	195	224	239	305	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	195	-	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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-	-	-	95	-	-	-	-	-		123
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	_		_	-	_	_	83	-	-	*
215	201	232	247	309	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	243	-	-	-	-		-	-
202	193	220	236	300	287	242	209	243	127	187
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_
-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	229	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
-	83	88	111	117	87	94	100	-	-	_
45	25	39	39	55	32	63	50	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130
-	-	_	_	-	-	198		_	-	-
215	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_		-
212	200	227	242	307	-	-	-		-	-
212	197	227	242	307	-	-	_	-	-	_
213	199	228	245	308	-	-	-	-	_	-
212	199	228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
213	197	-	-	308	-	-	-	-	44	-
-	-	228	242	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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